

# The Los Angeles Times

XVII<sup>TH</sup> YEAR.

SINGLE PART—FOURTEEN PAGES | PRICE 3 CENTS  
AT THE OFFICE COUNTER.....

LOS ANGELES

SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 29, 1898.

ON STREETS AND TRAINS | 5 CENTS  
AT ALL NEWS AGENCIES

## THEATERS—

**LOS ANGELES THEATER—** C. M. WOOD, Lessee.  
One Night Only—WEDNESDAY Evening, Nov. 2—  
An Evening of Song with... **ANNA VIRGINIA METCALF,**  
(Late of London and New York) The Charming Queen of Ballad Singers,  
Assisted by HEER THILLO BECKER, MISS FUS:EL BROWN, Pianist,  
Presenting a carefully-selected programme, replete with Classical Gems from the  
Old Masters, entwined with Ballads and National Folk Songs, the songs that reach the  
heart. Under the patronage of many of our society people and music lovers.  
Seats now on sale. Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, \$1. Tel. Main 70.

**ORPHEUM—** Los Angeles Society Vaudeville Theater.  
Matinee today. Any seat 25c. Gallery 10c. Children 10c.  
MISS BEATTIE MORELAND, The Strongest Equine Act in the World.  
The Brilliant Young Comedienne, and Company, in Geo. Cohan's  
"A Game of Golf."  
JOHNSON and DEAN, The Laughing Hit of the Season.  
CATHORNE and FORRESTER, King and Queen of Dazzling Acrobatic.  
MR. LEW HAWKINS, A Terrific Hit of the Day. Popular Artist.  
MISS PEARL ANDREWS, Talented Mimic—Entire Change.  
MR. GEO. C. BONIFACE, Famous Comedian. In "A GAME OF LOBBY."  
SUNDAY AFTERNOON AND EVENING ONLY—Two Performances.

**Unique Pony Reception—FREE FOR SCHOOL CHILDREN.**  
Saturday and Sunday—From 1 to 2, Prof. Howard's wonderful Trick Ponies will  
receive in the Lobby of the Orpheum. Come and see the cutest little ponies in the  
world. It costs you nothing.  
PRICES NEVER CHANGING—Evening, Reserved Seats, 25c and 50c. Gallery 10c.  
Regular Matinees Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday. Tel. Main 1447.

**BURBANK—** Prices: 15c, 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00. C. A. SHAW, Lessee.  
Beginning Monday, Oct. 29, at 8:00 P.M. and the McKee  
24, one week only. **NANCE O'NEIL** Rankin Company.  
**MATINEE TODAY, "INGOMAR."**  
Tonight, "OLIVER TWIST." Sunday evening, farewell appearance of NANCE O'NEIL.  
Telephone Main 1270.

**BURBANK—** Prices: 15c, 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00. C. A. SHAW, Lessee.  
Week commencing Monday, Oct. 31,  
**The Jossey-Marvin Company** in the American  
War Drama,  
**THE SIGNAL OF LIBERTY.**

**SIMPSON AUDITORIUM—** Hope St., Bet. 7th and 8th.  
Mr. J. T. FITZGERALD ANNOUNCES  
**Mr. and Mrs. Max Heinrich and Miss Heinrich**  
In a series of three song recitals, Nov. 10, 11 and Matinee 12,  
The Heinrichs are of equal fame and artistic merit with the Henschels who were  
here last season. Advance sale of seats at Fitzgerald's, 113 S. Spring, commencing  
Nov. 3. Prices 50c, 75c, \$1.00.

## AMUSEMENTS AND ENTERTAINMENTS—

**AT LOS ANGELES—**  
MONDAY AND TUESDAY... OCT. 31, NOV. 1.  
THE GREAT  
**WALLACE CIRCUS**  
MUSEUM, MENAGERIE AND ROYAL ROMAN HIPPODROME—The Most  
Magnificent Amusement Institution of this Century! The Circus, Half-  
Mile Race Track, 1000 Features, 100 Phenomenal Acts, 25 Clowns, 20 Horses,  
Races, 4 Trains, 1500 Employees, 6 Bands, 50 Cages, A Drive of Camels, 15 Open  
Dens, A Herd of Elephants.

**\$4000 DAILY EXPENSES.**  
The greatest performers in the known world are with the Great Wallace Shows this  
season, including the Nine Nelsons, \$10,000 challenge act. The Angelenos, acrobats,  
The 7 Sticks, bicycle and skating experts. The 10 Dellamades, stouary artists,  
Mlle. Norda French, Mysterious Globe, 10 Principal Male and Female Equestrians,  
The 3 Petits aerial bar extraordinary. Leo and Singing Mule, "Tilly." The  
Sisters Vortex, triple revolving trapeze. Grand spectacular ballet, 19 Coryphees, led  
by Premier Danseuses.  
THE STREET PARADE  
The finest ever put on any  
street, will be made  
Performance Begins at 2 p.m. and 8 p.m. Doors open One Hour Earlier.

**FOR GAGE AND NEFF—**  
**Hon. Webster Davis**  
The Distinguished and eloquent orator from Missouri.  
HAZARD'S PAVILION, SATURDAY EVENING, OCT. 29.

**CHRYSANTHEMUM FLOWER SHOW—**  
All varieties—a beautiful sight. Visitors welcome. Chrysanthemums, Violets,  
Carnations, etc. Oct. Flowers or plants. Reasonable Prices. Tel. West 43.  
**Japanese Nursery, Co. Main and Jefferson.**

**STRICT FARM, SOUTH PASADENA—**  
**100 Gigantic Birds.** NOW is the most interesting time to visit the Farm,  
the birds being in FULL PLUMAGE. The best and  
cheapest place to buy good Feather Boas and Plumes.  
An immense stock to select from. EDWIN CRAWFORD & CO., Proprietors.

**SUPERB ROUTES OF TRAVEL—**  
**California Limited..**  
VIA SANTA FE ROUTE, leaves Monday,  
November 7, Leaving Los Angeles 1:30 P.M.  
MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, SATURDAYS.  
Arrives Kansas City 8:00 p.m. (54 hours).  
Arrives Chicago 8:15 a.m. (65 hours).  
Arrives New York 1:30 p.m. (93 hours).  
THE FASTEST REGULAR TRAIN EVER RUN  
ACROSS THE CONTINENT.

**EXCURSIONS MOUNT LOWE RAILWAY—**  
**\$1.70** Saturday and Sunday, October 29 and 31. From Los Angeles in-  
cluding all points on Mount Lowe Ry. and return. Enjoy the  
greatest trip on earth. To make the trip complete remain over night at Echo  
Mountain House rates \$2.50 and up per day. View the Heavens through the large  
telescope. 50c Rubio Canyon and return. Pasadena electric cars connecting large  
8, 9, 10 a.m., 3 p.m. (5 p.m. Saturday only). L. A. Terminal Ry. leaves 8:35 a.m.  
Tickets and full information office 214 S. Spring St. Tel. Main 950.

## TIMELY SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS—

**IF YOU LIKE—**  
... Good Strawberries  
That are ripe and fine flavored, we can please you. 400 TO 500 BOXES received fresh  
every morning, direct from the growers.  
**ALTHOUSE FRUIT CO.**  
Telephone Main 308 219-215 West Second Street.

**NORTHERN APPLES—Cheap Today—**  
All kinds, 85 cents and upwards.  
We ship everywhere. BROADWAY and  
TEMPLE  
**RIVERS PRAS.**

**AWARDED—**Another Gold Medal on Our Photographs, Chautauqua, N.Y.  
July 16.  
STUDIO 220 1/2 SOUTH SPRING,  
OPPOSITE HOLLENBECK.

**Her Long-Lost Brother.** SANTA CRUZ, Oct. 28.—Mrs. Fred  
Carr of this city is satisfied that the  
remains found near Hollister the other  
day were those of her brother, Tom  
Porter, who mysteriously disappeared  
from Fresno a year ago. Mrs. Carr  
will go to Hollister to identify the re-  
mains. Porter was a printer employed  
on the Fresno Republican.

**Shoshone Danger Past.** CARSON (Nev.), Oct. 28.—A special  
courier from Nye county, the scene of  
the recent Indian scare, reports that all  
danger of an uprising of the Shoshones  
is past. Fifty mounted policemen are  
still on duty and it is believed that  
these men can quell any disturbances  
that may arise, but hostilities are  
highly improbable.

## PEOPLE'S WILL

**Philippine Islands are to  
Be Retained.**

**This Country to Assume the  
Debt of Spaniards.**

**Spain in Return Must Give Us  
Quit-claim Title.**

**PRESIDENT'S MIND MADE UP.**

**He Has Been Studying the  
Popular Feeling.**

**The Expansion Sentiment Too  
Evident for Doubt.**

**Cabinet Talks Over the Matter  
and it is Settled.**

**ORDERS GO TO PARIS MONDAY.**

**Such is the Story from Washington  
via the Windy City—The Head of  
the Nation Decides on a Gen-  
erous Course Toward Spain.**

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]  
CHICAGO, Oct. 28.—[Exclusive Dis-  
patch.] A Washington special says  
President McKinley has decided to keep  
all of the Philippine Islands. The  
United States will assume the \$40,000,  
000 of the Philippine debt in considera-  
tion of a quit-claim by Spain. The  
American Peace Commissioners will be  
instructed to pay the President's de-  
cision before the Spanish commissioners  
at Paris Monday.

This statement of the administration  
program was made on the highest au-  
thority. It was given after today's  
Cabinet meeting, at which the Phil-  
ippine question was fully discussed. The  
President's decision had been fore-  
shadowed, but he had refrained care-  
fully from committing himself. An-  
xious to execute the will of the people,  
he has been studying the sentiment of  
the country for months. When he went  
west he found himself swept along by  
a full current of expansion sentiment.  
If the President had gone to Denver  
instead of stopping at Omaha, he might  
have found the expansionists demand-  
ing the Canaries.

The President has been informed that  
the Spanish commissioners will demand  
a cash indemnity if the United States  
decided to hold all of the Philippines.  
The Spanish contention is that this  
country is not entitled to keep anything  
but Manila. The Spaniards admit that  
they are helpless to prevent Uncle Sam  
from taking what he chooses, but they  
maintain that he should pay good  
American gold for anything he keeps  
outside of Manila.

In abandoning claims in connection  
with the so-called Cuban debt, the  
Spanish commissioners threw them-  
selves on the mercy of the Ameri-  
cans. The President has been moved  
to pity by their plea. He does not  
wish to have the United States appear  
before the world as the robber of a  
prostrate and helpless foe, but fully  
realizes that it would probably be  
hopeless to ask Congress for an ap-  
propriation to pay Spain for a quit  
claim. He has decided that the  
United States can afford to be generous  
with Spain in the settlement of the  
fate of the Philippines.

Instead of asking Congress for an ap-  
propriation to give the Spanish the  
cash for which they are crying, he has  
determined to assume the debt of about  
\$40,000,000 created in 1896. This con-  
sists of bonds bearing 5 per cent. No  
one knows much about them, why  
they were issued, how they were dis-  
posed of, or who holds them now. It  
is realized that they will go to par as  
soon as the guarantee of the United  
States becomes effective, but if Spain  
gets no benefit from that advance, this  
country is not to blame.

It is believed that the Senate will  
ratify the treaty, with the provision of  
assuming such a debt. In administra-  
tion circles it is thought the revenues  
of the Philippines will enable the gov-  
ernment to meet the interest and prin-  
cipal of the bonds without burdening  
the United States proper. One of the  
first things to be done may be the re-  
funding of these bonds in securities  
bearing a lower rate of interest. That  
may be one of the conditions which  
will offset an advance in value. The  
administration officials do not know the  
exact Philippine debt. Commissioners  
are making inquiries about it at Paris.  
It is declared in Washington, however,

that the United States will not assume  
anything but this issue of \$40,000,000.

**STANDING TOGETHER.**

**Americans Have Given the  
President Their Views.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]  
PARIS, Oct. 28.—[By Atlantic Cable.]  
Whether or not there be divergent  
views among the American commis-  
sioners, they will stand as a unit before  
the Spaniards. Whether differences of  
view may have existed or shall in fu-  
ture exist, the entire commission will  
array itself firmly behind and in sup-  
port of the preponderating opinion  
therein. This statement may at this  
hour be accepted in quelling any rumor  
that resignation might follow any mem-  
ber's variance of opinion from that of  
his American colleagues. Each member  
of the American commission has sepa-  
rately formulated his views regarding  
the Philippines in his own terms, and  
all have been forwarded to Washington.  
The transmission has been by mail  
and cable.

This individual expression of views  
on the Philippines has thus been for-  
warded in order that President McKin-  
ley might have the advantage not only  
of the conclusions of each commis-  
sioner, but the added advantage of each  
commissioner's dictation and personality  
in the determination of the ultimate  
instructions or advice to the commis-  
sion. The Americans are expected to  
present an expression of their expecta-  
tions as to the control, disposition  
and government of the Philippines at  
next Monday's joint session, and they  
will look for final counsel from Wash-  
ington tomorrow on the subject.

A report from Madrid, via New York  
newspapers, reached here tonight (Fri-  
day), to the effect that the Spanish  
Peace Commissioners will retire, pro-  
testing, from Paris because the Ameri-  
cans disregard the Spanish proposi-  
tions. The correspondent of the Asso-  
ciated Press submitted the report  
promptly to a member of the Spanish  
commission, who declared it "stuff"  
and authorized a denial.

**HEARD MANAU TALK.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]  
PARIS, Oct. 28.—Judge Day and Sen-  
ator Gray of the United States Peace  
Commission, visited the Court of Cas-  
sation today, while M. Manau, the  
procurator-general, was reviewing the  
Dreyfus case.

Provided with a letter from Gen.  
Horace Porter, the United States Am-  
bassador, the presiding judge, the sec-  
retary, and the second sec-  
retary, the Department of Jus-  
tice, and the Minister of Finan-  
ce, Gen. Porter, an order  
was issued from the presiding judge  
to admit the commissioners to the  
court. Upon their entrance into the  
court, the judge greeted them with a  
warm and friendly greeting  
without verbal welcome. The visitors  
were shown to seats on the bench, and  
witnessed the proceedings for an hour  
with deep interest. Mme. Dreyfus was  
present in the courtroom.

**CAMPOS CARRIES PAPERS.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]  
MADRID, Oct. 28.—Marshal Martinez  
Campos, after an audience with the  
Queen Regent and a prolonged confer-  
ence with the Minister of Finan-  
ce, Senor Pulgarin, left this evening for  
Paris with important papers for the  
Spanish Peace Commissioners.

## THE CABINET.

**It Receives Encouraging Re-  
ports from Paris.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]  
WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—The Presi-  
dent was enabled to lay before the  
Cabinet today very encouraging reports  
from Paris regarding the progress of  
the peace negotiations. The adminis-  
tration now fully believes that the ne-  
gotiations will be concluded much  
sooner than was expected, from the  
outlook a few days ago. It can be  
stated authoritatively that the commis-  
sioners have not yet actually begun  
the discussion of the Philippine ques-  
tion, and, further, that it will not be  
taken up until next week.

Since the Spaniards have found that  
the American commissioners mean ex-  
actly what they say and that their pre-  
sentation of the side of the United  
States is really an ultimatum, the use-  
fulness of prolonged debate, it is said,  
has become apparent to the Spaniards,  
and it is now believed the Phil-  
ippine discussion will be less protracted  
than reported some days ago. The re-  
cent action of the United States govern-  
ment in really attempting to evade the  
payment of such debts as repudiation  
and dishonest, and whatever govern-  
ment is established in Cuba will be ex-  
pected to see that these obligations are  
carried out in good faith. Moreover,  
some of the bonds are Cuban munici-  
palities, held by citizens of the United  
States, and the United States might in-  
sist that the investments of her citizens  
in such securities are made good. The  
State Department has no information  
as to the amount of these municipal  
liabilities.

**MR. GAGE'S VIEWS.**  
[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]  
WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—Atty.-Gen.  
(CONTINUED ON THIRD PAGE.)

## CIVIC PARADE.

**Fifty Thousand Men in  
the Column.**

**American Interests Represented  
by a Hundred Floats.**

**Philadelphia's Peace Jubilee Has  
a Fitting Wind-up.**

**Exercises Include Rededication of  
Old Independence Hall—Famous  
Building Now in Its Original  
Form—Mr. Hobart's Experience.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]  
PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 28.—Philadel-  
phians and their visitors again poured  
into the streets today to seek pelfions  
to witness the third and last of the  
great Peace Jubilee processions. To-  
day's procession was purely of a civic  
character, and was a most fitting wind-  
up of the week's jubilee, the emblem  
of peaceful industry following the dis-  
play of the nation's prowess in war.

The exercises of the day opened with  
the re-dedication of old Independence  
Hall, the historic building from which  
the Declaration of Independence was  
read by the people of the new republic  
on July 4, 1776. The buildings which  
have from time to time since that date  
been added for use as offices of the  
municipal authorities have all recently  
been removed, and the famous hall is  
now in its original form, as it was  
built 120 years ago when occupied by  
the United States Congress and the  
national government officials. The re-  
dedication exercises were presided over  
by Gov. Hastings, and were opened by  
prayer by Rev. Dr. Brownson. The  
anthem "My Country, 'Tis of Thee,"  
was sung by 3000 pupils of the public  
schools, accompanied with music by  
the First Regiment Band. The mem-  
orial poem, composed by Mrs. Florence  
Esie Coates, dedicated to the Peace  
Jubilee, was read by Daniel W. Hutch-  
inson, principal of one of the public  
schools. The anthem "Columbia"  
was sung by the scholars, and then fol-  
lowed the oration by Mayor Charles W.  
Fisher. The celebration of the occasion  
the great jubilee hurried to positions  
from which to see the parade. A stand  
in front of the historic hall, erected for  
occupancy during the parade by the  
3000 school children who had partici-  
pated in the dedication exercises.

The mammoth trades display, or  
what was known as the civic parade,  
started from Broad and Cumberland  
streets promptly at 11 o'clock, headed  
by Maj.-Gen. R. S. Snowden and staff  
of thirty mounted aides.  
The parade was one of the greatest  
in the history of the country. It was  
divided into ten divisions, and it is es-  
timated that there were 50,000 men in  
line, beside at least 150 floats represent-  
ing almost every manufacture and  
manufacturing interest. There were  
110 bands of music in line. The  
weather was most delightful.

**CONVICTED ON PERJURED TESTIMONY.**  
SAN MIGUEL, Oct. 28.—A petition  
signed by two hundred residents of this  
vicinity and by seven of the jury which  
convicted Francis M. Rhyme of criminal  
assault upon the person of Pearl  
Eubanks, a fourteen-year-old girl, last  
March, asking for his pardon, has been  
sent to Governor Budd. The principal  
evidence in the prosecution has been  
made valueless by the affidavit of Pearl  
Eubanks, who swears the outrage did  
not take place, and that she was influ-  
enced to make the charge by outside  
parties. Rhyme was sentenced to serve  
fifteen years in the penitentiary.

## Points of the News in Today's Times.

[THE BUDGET—This morning's fresh telegraphic budget, received since dark last  
night, includes the principal Associated Press (or night) report, many exclusive Times  
dispatches, including a New York budget from our special correspondent, making about  
18 columns. In addition is a day report, not so voluminous or fresh, of about 10 col-  
umns—the whole making a mass of wired news aggregating the large volume of 28 col-  
umns. A summary of both telegraphic and local news follows:]

**The City—Pages 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12.**  
Harry Clark testifies in his own de-  
fense. The case may go to the jury to-  
day. W. E. Smythe addresses the  
Chamber of Commerce on California  
colonization. Work on the San Pedro  
Harbor to begin soon. Members of the  
fire department die at Pueblo, Colo.  
Many street improvements ordered.  
The Macy-street school may yet be  
moved. Assistant Secretary of the  
Interior Davis to address the Republi-  
cans tonight. Birds for the parks to  
be brought from Central America.  
C. Wilson Porter's answer to Mrs. Ban-  
ning's suit. The Marion divorce case,  
Brakeman killed on the Santa Fe.  
Miles Long back from Alaska. Mrs.  
Charles Lloyd tries to asphyxiate her-  
self and almost succeeds. One  
month's continuance in the McKay  
larceny case. Los Angeles Iron and  
Steel Works ghost in court. Republi-  
can voters condemn the course of  
John Burns. Mrs. Kannon hurt in a  
street-car accident.

**By Cable—Pages 1, 2, 3.**  
Cuban trades union. Gen. Rios's  
scheme. Serious effort to discover the  
truth in the Dreyfus affair. Instruct-  
ing the court. Gen. Gomez's retort.  
Interest in Marchand's movements by  
the English. Emperor and Empress  
at Jaffa. The American commission  
draws up Philippine memorandum.  
John Bull's way. Tod Sloan wins for  
Prince of Wales. Capt Gorman in  
charge at Fashoda.  
**Financial and Commercial—Page 12.**  
Shares and money at New York.  
Dun's weekly report. Iron and steel.  
Oil transactions. Liverpool grain.  
Spanish 4's at London. At Paris. At  
Madrid. Treasury statement. Live  
stock at Chicago and Kansas City.  
Grain and produce at Chicago. Cali-  
fornia dried fruits.

## PALL ON PARIS

**Dread Lest Dreyfus Be  
Found Innocent.**

**Profound and Painful Impression  
Among Moderates.**

**Public Prosecutor Says the Guilty  
Must Be Punished.**

**Suggestion That Esterhazy Can Now  
Afford to Testify About the  
Bordereau—Gen. Gonze Protects  
Against Picquart's Accusation.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]  
LONDON, Oct. 28.—[By Atlantic Ca-  
ble.] In moderate circles, according to  
the Paris correspondent of the Times,  
where a serious effort is being made  
to discover the truth of the Dreyfus  
affair, the impression left by the re-  
port of M. Bard and the petition of  
M. Manau, the procurator-general, is  
profound, painful and discouraging.

The correspondent of the Times con-  
tinues: "The thought which weighs  
like a pall on the country seems to be  
a reluctance to believe in the complete  
innocence of Dreyfus, because such a  
belief would involve such terrible cen-  
sure of those responsible, knowingly  
or unknowingly, for his condemnation."

**INSTRUCTING THE COURT.**  
Counsel Says it Has a Great Duty to  
Fulfill.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]  
PARIS, Oct. 28.—[By Atlantic Cable.]  
At today's session of the Court of Cas-  
sation in the Palace of Justice, M.  
Bard, the reporter, concluded his re-  
port of the Dreyfus case, the first part  
of which was presented yesterday. The  
court was less crowded than yester-  
day, but the same stringent precau-  
tions were taken. There was no ex-  
citement outside the Palace of Justice.  
Only a few people assembled about the  
building, and the streets in the neigh-  
borhood presented their every-day ap-  
pearance.

Reporter Bard said this morning that  
the court should make every inquiry  
possible to discover the truth, and  
place the whole truth in evidence. He  
was for the court to decide what was  
to be done. The task was a  
delicate one, but that was no motive  
to avoid it. He concluded: "You have  
a great duty to fulfill. Do what your  
conscience dictates."

M. Monaud, counsel for Mme. Drey-  
fus, urged that an investigation be or-  
dered concerning the divergence of the  
testimony of the experts who exam-  
ined the bordereau in 1894 and in 1897,  
and also to ascertain whether secret  
documents were communicated to the  
members of the court-martial.

The prosecutor, M. Manau, followed  
M. Monaud. Discussing the case he  
said: "Nobody can now take the Drey-  
fus affair out of your hands, nor can  
you relinquish it without dereliction of  
duty. Your decision must constitute  
for everybody the expression of truth  
and justice. Revise the trial, then,  
gentlemen, or at least prepare the road  
for its revision."

M. Manau declared the court could  
not annul the sentence imposed upon  
Dreyfus without a retrial of the pris-  
oner. He added: "You must fix the  
responsibility. If Dreyfus is innocent,  
the culprit must not go unpunished."  
The public prosecutor, continuing,  
proceeded to argue on the same lines  
as M. Bard, the reporter of the case,  
urging a revision of the trial, and  
dwelling upon the fallibility of the  
writing experts. He also suggested that  
Maj. Esterhazy should testify on the  
subject of bordereau, saying: "He can  
admit its authorship with impunity,  
since a court-martial has acquitted  
him of being the author of it." But  
what a service he has rendered to the  
country in confessing that he is its  
author, and what a service he will  
render the unhappy Dreyfus.

M. Manau concluded with denounc-  
ing the "villainous attacks upon the  
partisans of revision," and made a  
strong plea that the court be not in-  
fluenced by outside pressure, but that  
it decide in favor of a revision of the  
case, and the immediate provisional  
liberation of Dreyfus.  
**GEN. GONZE'S RETORT.**  
[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]  
PARIS, Oct. 28.—M. Bard read a let-  
ter from Gen. Gonze to the President  
of the Court of Cassation, in which the  
general said: "I have just heard of a  
memorandum introduced in court yester-  
day in which Picquart accused me of  
a dishonorable action. I have never  
previously heard of this memorandum,  
and I wish to deny most formally Pic-  
quart's allegations. I think my word  
is of greater value than that of a man  
imprisoned on the suspicion of for-  
gery."  
The reading of the last statement  
called forth loud protests in court.  
The reporter added that, as Col. Pic-  
quart's memorandum was publicly  
read, it was only justice to read Gen.  
Gonze's denial. The president of the



court ordered that the general's letter be added to the documents in the case, and the court adjourned.

**NEWSPAPERS DIVIDED.**  
[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]  
PARIS, Oct. 28.—The newspapers here are sharply divided into two camps, one of them highly praising M. Bard's report to the Court of Cassation as clearly setting for the truth and proving the innocence of Dreyfus, and the other insisting that the report was merely a pleading in favor of the prisoner.

**DAY SUMMED UP.**  
[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]  
PARIS, Oct. 28.—In today's proceedings at the Court of Cassation, the only commotion caused, occurred during the reading of pathetic letters from Dreyfus. A significant point was the revelation of the fact that Gen. Bisdorff gave orders after the Dreyfus case was submitted to the court, for the dossier containing the dossier to be burned, and expressed surprise to find that his orders had not been executed. Thus far the Dreyfus case has not been represented and there is little hope of securing the dossier. M. Dupuy was Premier during the Dreyfus trial and his appointment delights the anti-Dreyfusites.

It is asserted that the father-in-law of Dreyfus has received a letter from the prisoner, his own name being mentioned only in copies of his letters were transmitted, and the new departure is regarded as a favorable sign.

**JOHN BULL'S WAY.**

**Summarized Result of the British Cabinet Meeting.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

LONDON, Oct. 28.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The Pall Mall Gazette this afternoon summarizes the result of the British Cabinet meeting yesterday as follows:

"First—Marchand must be withdrawn unconditionally, and no undertaking or promise can be given to discuss the questions raised by France in regard to access to the Nile and such like.

"Second—When Marchand is withdrawn it will be determined whether the question of the Nile will be discussed, and under what condition discussion can be proceeded with.

"Third—Every possible facility will be afforded for the withdrawal of the British mission from Fashoda, and withdrawal by whichever route selected.

"Fourth—If Marchand is not withdrawn, there will be no interference with his remaining at Fashoda until date fixed for his withdrawal. Necessary reinforcements will not be permitted to leave the Nile valley, and will be regarded in no other light.

"Fifth—Therefore it is left to France to adopt any measures to precipitate a conflict.

The Pall Mall Gazette adds that it has good reason to believe that while Russia has counseled France to tide over the difficulty and avoid war, she has promised to throw weight in the scale at no distant date for the purpose of bringing the whole Egyptian question and the British occupation of Egypt to the front for settlement.

**GORMAN IN CHARGE.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

CAIRO, Oct. 28.—Capt. Gorman was left in charge of the French mission at Fashoda.

**NO PROTECTORATE PLANS.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

LONDON, Oct. 28.—There does not seem to be the slightest ground for the report of yesterday that the British Cabinet had decided to declare a protectorate of Great Britain over Egypt. It was based solely on a London dispatch to the Paris Mail. The papers do not contain a word of the statement made, and the St. James Gazette alludes to the subject, urging the government to adopt such a course.

**BOAT FROM FASHODA.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

CAIRO (Egypt), Oct. 28.—A boat recently dispatched to Fashoda has reached Khartoum on its return journey, and it is asserted that Maj. Marchand is on board of her.

**MARCHAND AT KHARTOUM.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

PARIS, Oct. 28.—The French Foreign Office has received a dispatch from its diplomatic agency at Cairo confirming the reported arrival of Maj. Marchand at Khartoum.

**MARCHAND'S MOVEMENTS.**

English interested for They Think France is Yielding.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, Oct. 28.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The morning newspaper editors regard Maj. Marchand's movements from Fashoda to Khartoum as indicative of a yielding on the specific question in controversy, although the position is officially unaltered. It is assumed that he will push on to Cairo in order to be in direct communication with the French government, and that on reaching there he will represent to Paris the impossibility of remaining at Fashoda under existing conditions, and will be authorized to withdraw his entire force.

The Times says: "The desire ascribed to France to raise a general discussion of the Nile valley is in itself sufficient answer to the ridiculous rumor circulated in ill-informed quarters yesterday (Friday) that we intended to play into her hands by declaring a protectorate over Egypt. Nothing could be more unlikely at the present moment." The Daily News takes it for granted that Maj. Marchand will come to Paris.

The first Cabinet Minister to speak publicly since the Cabinet council on Thursday in Rosebery's government, Mr. Balfour, secretary for Scotland, who, when addressing a meeting last evening at Glasgow, Scotland, declared that it was the settled policy of the government that the valley of the Nile must be Egyptian territory.

Mr. Spencer, First Lord of the Admiralty in Rosebery's government, in a strong speech last night at Greenock, endorsed Lord Salisbury's attitude toward the Egyptian question, and referred with regret to the government to "a prospect of an Anglo-Saxon entente."

Baron de Courcel, French Ambassador, had another interview with the Foreign Office yesterday afternoon with Sir Thomas Sanderson, permanent Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and there is no doubt that important matters were under discussion.

The rumor was circulated on the Paris boulevards yesterday that Maj. Marchand would be recalled from Fashoda, but on neither side of the channel—certainly not on this side—is any serious attention paid to the rumor that England will declare a protectorate over Egypt.

The Paris correspondent of the Standard says: "I have excellent authority for the assertion that Maj. Marchand left Fashoda on his own initiative, but that he will demand permission to withdraw the mission, since his men are dying of hunger and disease." The special correspondent of the Daily News at Omdurman telegraphs: "I have reason to believe that Maj. Marchand is waiting for instructions to withdraw the French mission from Fashoda."

**LEAVE IT WIDE OPEN.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, Oct. 28.—The Paris correspondent of the Times says: "If France directs Maj. Marchand to retire from

## THE SAN PEDRO HOME SQUADRON.

**Supt. Aunsen Completing Arrangements for Boats to Assist in Improving the Harbor. The Contract for Rock Dumping.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.—J. C. Aunsen, general superintendent for Heldermaier & Neu, the Chicago contractors who will build the government breakwater at San Pedro, is in town to let some shipbuilding contracts and arrange for the beginning in a short time of the actual work on the harbor improvement. He has almost completed arrangements here for the building of two 100-foot towboats and six self-dumping barges, each capable of carrying 600 tons of rock.

The contract requires that 2400 tons of rock be dumped each day in the week, except Sunday. This rock will be brought in the six lighters, towed by the three tugs, from San Clemente Island, a government reservation 52 miles due west from San Pedro.

Flashoda, she will refuse to enter any ulterior negotiations, preferring to leave the question quite open and await a more favorable opportunity to reopen it.

**ROYALLY WELCOMED.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, Oct. 28.—It is said that a letter of welcome and congratulation from the Queen in Her Majesty's handwriting was handed to Gen. Kitchener on his arrival at Dover. Twice today he visited the Prince of Wales at Marlborough House. At the latter interview he had a long talk with the Prince.

**MARCHAND TRAVELING.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

CAIRO, Oct. 28.—Maj. Marchand left Fashoda Sunday, and arrived at Khartoum this morning. He will start for Cairo tomorrow. As the other Frenchmen remain at Fashoda, Maj. Marchand's departure from there is not regarded as a settlement of the question of the possession of that place, which is in dispute between Great Britain and France.

**KITCHENER'S TITLE.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, Oct. 28.—Gen. Kitchener, whose elevation to the peerage was announced September 25, takes the title of Lord Kitchener of Khartoum and Aspell in the county of Suffolk.

**CAUSE FOR THANKS.**

**FEW YEARS HAVE FURNISHED MORE THAN HAS THIS ONE.**

**Abundant Harvests—Wonderful Increase of Trade and Commerce. The People More Closely United and a Warmer Humanity Successfully Waged.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—The President, after the Cabinet meeting today, issued the following Thanksgiving proclamation:

"By the President of the United States. A proclamation:

"The approaching November brings to my mind the countless of our ancestors, hallowed by time and rooted in our most sacred traditions of giving thanks to Almighty God for all the blessings he has vouchsafed to us during the past year.

"Few years in our history have afforded such cause for thanksgiving as this. We have been blessed by abundant harvests, our trade and commerce have been wonderfully increased, our public credits have been improved and strengthened, all sections of our common country have been brought together and knitted into a closer bond of national purpose and unity.

"The skies have been for a time darkened by the clouds of war, but we were compelled to take up the sword in the cause of humanity, we are permitted to rejoice that the conflict has been of brief duration; and the losses we have had to mourn, though grievous and important, have been so few, considering the great results accomplished, as to inspire us with gratitude and praise to the Lord of Hosts. We may laud and magnify His holy name that the cessation of hostilities came so soon as to spare both sides the countless sorrows and disasters that attend protracted war.

"We therefore, invite all my fellow-citizens, those at home as well as those who may be at sea or sojourning in foreign lands, to set apart and observe Thursday, the 24th day of November, as a day of national thanksgiving, to come together in their several places of worship for a service of praise and thanks to Almighty God for all blessings of the year; for the mildness of the seasons and the fruitfulness of the soil; for the continued prosperity of the people; for the devotion and valor of our countrymen; for the glory of our victory and the hope of a righteous peace and to pray that the divine guidance which has brought heretofore safety and honor, may be graciously continued in the years to come.

"In witness whereof, etc.  
[Signed] "WILLIAM MCKINLEY.  
By the President, "JOHN HAY,  
Secretary of State."

**ENDLESS LITIGATION.**

**Failure of Lisbon National Bank Complicates Business There.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

LISBON (O.), Oct. 28.—Litigation over the affairs of the recently failed First National Bank of this place has already begun. E. P. Burnett, who holds a note against Childs, the missing cashier, has caused executions to issue against all the latter's property in this city. Further investigation proves that it will be weeks before anything definite will be disclosed regarding the condition of the bank. More business failures are hourly expected, and litigation growing out of the failure promises to be endless.

At Charleston, S. C., the cruiser Montgomery arrived from Nassau yesterday, with President Herreux of Santa Domingo and Smith Wood, the New York Spanner, aboard.

## CUBAN TRADES UNION

**SCHEME WHICH GEN. RIOS IS TRYING TO WORK.**

**Offers to Supply Sugar Plantations With His Soldiers, but the Planters Refuse Them.**

**LUCIEN YOUNG AGAIN A HERO.**

**MANZANILLO TURNS OUT TO GREET THE PLUCKY LIEUTENANT.**

**Death Report from Porto Rico—Our Squadron in Asiatle Waters.**

**Agoncillo on Negotiations. Cuba's "Fanciful Hall."**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

MANZANILLO, Oct. 28.—[By West Indian Cable.] The United States gunboat Hist arrived here tonight with Gen. Leonard Wood, commander of the military department of Santiago, accompanied by Lieut. Matthew Hain. On landing, Gen. Wood was closeted with Col. Pettit and his adjutant, and he was subsequently received by Col. Pettit's entire regiment. Gen. Wood then visited the town, where he learned while in Paris, will be reflected and carried out by the American commissioners of peace.

The chief of these was that the American impression and understanding of the Philippine Islands and their people was a large error, and that the United States must be more informed while in Paris, will be reflected and carried out by the American commissioners of peace.

Col. Pettit reports that the Cuban general, Rios, is apparently making every effort to prevent the disbanding of his troops. The Cuban commander wishes all the sugar estates in the neighborhood to sell him arms, and he will guarantee to supply all required. The planters unanimously refuse to fall in with such an arrangement, considering that it would be a trades union of the worst possible kind, and would also tend to keep the Cuban military organization, which in the interest of the island the planters are very anxious to break up. In their opinion, it would be better to have no commerce than to have the possession of that place.

There is no sickness in Col. Pettit's regiment, and yellow fever has been unknown here for several years.

The Cuban general, Rios, the commander of the Hist, created more excitement on landing than even Gen. Wood himself. Crowds gathered at the wharf to see the young commander, who, with Lieuts. Holm and Jungen of the Hornet and Wampatuck, defeated a whole flotilla of Spanish gunboats at Manzanillo, July 1 last.

Manzanillo considered Lieut. Young a hero and a terror, and think he ought to be an admiral. Although the Spanish battery in that memorable engagement continued to bombard the American gunboats, it is generally admitted here that it was the shooting of the Hist that caused the people to flee to the mountains.

Lieut. Victor Blue, who has been inspecting the wrecks of the Spanish gunboats, considers it quite impracticable to raise them, but he believes that the Spanish steamer Purissima, which was the Spanish flagship, is in the hope of saving her cargo, when pursued by an American warship, can be raised, as she appears to be in good condition. A local merchant, however, claims to have purchased the hull and its contents from the Spanish authorities.

The Cuban general, Jesus Rabi, paid a visit to Manzanillo yesterday, and was enthusiastically received by the citizens.

According to the reports, at the Cuban assembly at Santa Cruz del Sur, Gen. Garcia has been chosen permanent chairman of the organization. Gen. Gomez is expected there tomorrow or next day, and it appears that the Céspedes faction believes it can count on the help of Gen. Gomez to break the authority of Garcia.

The Céspedes faction expects Gen. Gomez to appoint a military-martial to try Gen. Garcia for offenses committed during the revolution, and to try Gen. Gomez for everything from murder to petty larceny. The probability is that Gen. Gomez, recognizing Garcia's ascendancy in the assembly, will not force the issue.

**"CIRCULO MILITAR"**

**Bought for Use as an American-Cuban Clubhouse.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—A dispatch to the Herald from Havana says the American consular building, which was in the rear of the war vessel, which will be fitted up as a hostel, where any persons in ill health in the future may receive proper care.

With the sale of the "Circulo Militar," almost the last link of Spanish military and social life in Havana snapped. For fifteen years it was the home of officers, and was presided over by each succeeding captain-general. Blanco being its last honorary president. It is worthy of remark, in noting the change in the situation, that the purchaser was an American, a member of the Circulo Militar Americano, who, filled with the soldiers and officers whose uniforms give Havana a kaleidoscopic appearance.

Work upon the pier at Mariano, where the first of the United States gunboats are to be landed, begins on Monday. Work on the piers and warehouses at Mariano will begin soon, unless it is decided that the wreck of the Alfonso XIII at the mouth of the harbor is found to make the entrance unpassable. The wreck of the Alfonso XIII is found to make the entrance unpassable. The wreck of the Alfonso XIII is found to make the entrance unpassable.

A freeman suffering from yellow fever was taken off the ward liner, City of Washington, by Dr. Bruns, chief of American health officer, and the ship proceeded to New York, where she will probably be held for disinfection.

**CUBAN PANTRY HALT.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—A dispatch to the Herald from Santiago de Cuba says the cradle of Cuban independence is the desolate fishing village of Santa Cruz, a place with only 400 inhabitants, on the shores of the warm bay of Matanzas. It is the scene of the old store is the Faneuil Hall of a new republic. There the Cuban assembly was called together for the first time, and the first of the six corners of the first business that will occupy the assembly will be the appointment of a commission to consult with President McKinley in regard to the state of affairs in Cuba. The members of the commission will probably be Gen. Carlos Garcia, chairman; Gonzales de Quesada, Cuban Charge d'Affaires in Washington; Carlos Parggo, Secretary Partido Revolucionario Cubano, in New York; Gen. Rios, and another.

The commission will go to Washington to see what can be done about disbanding the army. One thing is certain, the organization of the army will remain as it is until the commission makes its report. The commission will endeavor to make some arrangement by which the army will receive some pay before its disbanding, in order to avoid brigandage. Food and water are scarce in Santa Cruz, and the assembly will probably adjourn in about a week to meet in Mariano, a suburb of Havana, where provisions and water are more plentiful. The assembly will remain in session at one place or another until a new government is formed by a general election.

## AGONCILLO'S VIEWS.

**Tells What He Thinks of the Peace Commission.**

[A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—Sefor Agoncillo, the personal representative and avowed leader, the Philippine insurgent leader, who was recently here to secure a representation on the Peace Commission, has written a lengthy explanation of the situation in Manila with respect to the Philippine peace commission, and the membership of the board of construction order have been given to Commander Clover, appointing him a member of the organization.

Capt. A. S. Crowninshield, acting Secretary of the Navy, has given instructions to Commander West, commanding the gunboat Princeton, directing him to proceed with his vessel to San Juan, Porto Rico, and take station there until relieved. The cruiser Newark will remain at San Juan until the arrival of the Solace with Commander A. S. Snow, and when Commander Snow assumes duty as commandant of the station, Rear-Admiral Schley will board the Newark and sail for home.

**MID-OCEAN VOTE.**

**Kansas Regiment Carries Ballots to Cast for State Officers.**

[A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.]

TOPEKA (Kan.), Oct. 28.—The members of the First Battalion of the Twenty-second Kansas Regiment, which has sailed from San Francisco for Manila, are to vote on the mid-ocean vote on the Kansas election.

These 600 men live in Western Kansas, where members of the Legislature have been elected by less than twenty-five majority. Both State committees are to vote on the mid-ocean vote on the Kansas election.

As the possibility of a delay in receiving the return here until February 1, one month after the Legislature meets. With a very close vote on State officers, as is now predicted, still greater complications confront them.

**THOSE IMMOVABLES.**  
[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—Information has been received by the government that the Spanish officers have ceased to break up and carry away things that are regarded as immovable property. Such things that have been taken are giving no concern to the American authorities.

An effort has been made to create some interest in a supposed refusal of the American government to send warships to Havana, as asked for by the commission. The facts are that the Spanish officers have ceased to break up and carry away things that are regarded as immovable property. Such things that have been taken are giving no concern to the American authorities.

Admiral Sampson suggested that it might be well to have one or more ships in Havana, and that a light cruiser might be needed to proceed from Havana to other places where it might be necessary to send officers of the commission. The government did not comply with the suggestion, and it is believed that nothing has been done about it, and no further request has been made for ships.

**OUR ASIATIC SQUADRON.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—Admiral Dewey has called the Navy Department to the attention of the fact that the Asiatic Squadron is in danger, and that no further troubles are anticipated, and that American interests in China are not in danger. The Asiatic Squadron is in danger, and that no further troubles are anticipated, and that American interests in China are not in danger.

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## NEWS SINCE MIDNIGHT.

[Under this heading are printed the very latest exclusive dispatches, being the cream of the news in the New York morning newspapers of today, which is wired from that city by the Times' special New York correspondent about 5 a.m. reaching Los Angeles about 2 a.m.]

### FAT LUMP OF DOUGH.

**TO GET IT IS SPAIN'S LITTLE GAME WITH THE UNITED STATES.**

**She Will Concede Any Old Territory to Raise Cash—Only by Averting Her Financial Ruin Can the Present Dynasty Be Saved.**

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] There is no confirmation of this morning's press report that the Spanish Peace Commissioners at Paris have determined to withdraw from the conference, return home, and give Sagasta an opportunity to appeal his policy to the Cortes to stand or fall by their decision on his policy regarding the Cuban and Porto Rican clauses of the protocol. Still it is intimated that some such course may be adopted if things do not shape themselves as the Spanish representatives so urgently insist.

The best authorities in Paris, who have been closely following the trend of events, state it is easy to explain the attitude of Spain in the negotiations. The plea made by the Spanish commissioners Wednesday, that the United States take cognizance of her desperate financial straits, was more than a confession of bankruptcy. It meant that Spain was willing to concede any territorial demands the United States might make, provided some such thing was done to avert her financial ruin, and thus render possible the salvation of the present dynasty. It is almost a foregone conclusion that if Spain is compelled to repudiate her obligations, nothing will avail to prevent a successful revolution.

The Spanish government does not care in this desperate situation, what form its financial relief will take. Therefore, when it found the United States unyielding in regard to the Cuban debt, it abandoned that phase of the subject, as by wire to the Times Thursday, in order to press for pecuniary compensation in connection with the Philippines, where it is well understood the Americans will make larger demands than were originally contemplated.

Spain is prepared to grant all America desires in the Philippines, if she receives a substantial sum in cash for the concession; in other words, a fat lump sum. Otherwise, the Spanish commissioners will probably withdraw from the agreement anent Cuba and Porto Rico, and break off negotiations. This may seem to



## AWARDS OF HONORS.

## BOARD OF OFFICERS TO MEET IN WASHINGTON.

Will Make Recommendations for Brevet Promotions, Medals and Certificates of Merit.

## THE DETAIL IS MADE UP.

## HEROES OF THE SPANISH WAR TO BE REMEMBERED.

War Commission at Camp Thomas. Georgians to Remain in Service. Rosser Pleads Innocence. Col. Bryan Improved.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—The following order had been issued by the War Department:

"By direction of the Secretary of War, a board of officers will assemble at Washington, D. C., November 9, 1898, or as soon thereafter as practicable, for the purpose of making recommendations for brevet promotions, medals, the award of medals of honor and certificates of merit for the officers and enlisted men who participated in the campaigns of Santiago, the Philippines and Porto Rico.

The following is the detail of the board: Brig.-Gen. Theodor Schwan, U.S.V. (colonel), assistant adjutant-general, U.S.A.; Brig.-Gen. H. V. Boynton, U.S.V.; Lieut.-Col. W. H. Carter, assistant adjutant-general, U.S.A.

The adjutant-general will furnish the board with all the records necessary for its action. The awards will be made principally upon the recommendation of superior officers. It is necessary, however, to have the board take the numerous recommendations which have been made and classify them in such a manner which will enable the President to award the medals according to the merits of the different officers and men."

## CAMP THOMAS.

The War Commission Visits the Chickamauga Park Site.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] CHICKAMAUGA PARK (Ga.) Oct. 28.—The War Commission special train ran down here today, and the commission immediately began the inspection of the site at Camp Thomas, which is now practically abandoned as a military camp.

The commissioners were called upon by Gen. H. V. Boynton, who was in command of the camp. He explained by the use of maps and other devices the location of the various commands, giving much general information concerning the situation from first to last. They arrived at the Park Station, Gen. Boynton having vehicles in waiting for the party, and a inspection tour was well under way by 1:30 o'clock. It is now understood that the principal work here will consist of a careful survey of the camp site.

Before the commission left Huntsville last night, Gen. Dodge sent the following telegram to the secretary of the Society of Friends of the Tennessee, at Toledo, O.:

"We are here with the Fourth Corps of the Cuban army, with troops camped all around this city, and it takes me back to the winter of 1863 and 1864 when the Army of the Tennessee occupied this ground, and reminds me that my army is doing its best to fight for the Union. It is hardly possible to realize the changes that thirty years have brought in, especially when you consider that this corps is commanded today by Gen. Joseph Wheeler, a Confederate general, who occupied the country south of the Tennessee river. We were holding it in 1862, and now we are holding it in 1898."

## BACILLI ON FLIES FEET.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] CHATTANOOGA (Tenn.) Oct. 28.—The War Investigating Commission spent the entire day inspecting the site of Camp Thomas in Chickamauga Park under the guidance of Gen. Boynton. The inspection began at the entrance and covered all points of interest in the park and near its borders, which have been in any way involved in the controversy concerning the sanitation of the camp, including Sternberg and Letter hospitals; the various springs from which water was secured by the troops, including the famous Crawfish Springs and the point on Chickamauga Creek at which the water of the pipe line supply was taken out. Special attention was given to the latter place, because of criticisms which have been made upon this source of the camp's water supply.

They found the in-take pipe submerged about twenty feet above the mouth of a tributary creek, locally known as Cave Spring Creek, which drains the camp. The charge had been made that the water from the tributary stream contaminated the water, being carried back into it by means of eddies and in one case by overflow after a freshet. Gen. Boynton and Mr. Betts, who had both been concerned in the location of the pipe line, admitted that there had been one occasion when Cave Spring Creek had overflowed, thus throwing its water in the main stream. The freshet had occurred at night when the pumps were shut down, and no water was being taken in. They called attention to the depth of the stream and urged the impossibility of infection from this stream.

There were many expressions of commendation from the methods followed at Sternberg Hospital, and Gen. Dodge was heard to remark that it was a pity to have to leave any situation so well equipped. Maj. Griffin, in command of the hospitals, said it would soon be abandoned. The committee also gave attention to the proximity of the various camps to one another, the depth and localities of the sinks. The conclusion seemed quite general that many camps were too close together.

After concluding the inspection of the camp, Maj. Griffin, who had been before the commission before, was asked to make a statement concerning some criticisms of the hospitals made in a Vermont newspaper by Frank A. Bailey, who had spent six weeks in the hospital nursing his brother. When he returned home, he wrote an article saying, among other things, that he had heard physicians tell patients to give their attention to patients who had a chance to recover, and not to nurse those who were sure to die, in the presence of those designated as of the latter class, and that he had heard other physicians instruct their helpers to give ice cold baths with the view of finishing their patients. Dr. Griffin pronounced as false all this statement.

Dr. Charles F. Craig, bacteriologist of the Sternberg Hospital, was also examined. He was questioned especially with reference to the water supply of the camp, and he expressed the opinion that the water taken from the Chickamauga River through the pipe system was purer than that in the wells and springs of the ground. He said he had

found some sewer bacilli in one or two of the wells, though no typhoid germs. He had also found impurities in water taken from some of the springs. He had made two analyses of the water from the river, one before the July freshet, and the other after it, and had found it to be entirely wholesome from a bacteriological standpoint. It was muddy, and he thought it should be filtered. He had also made tests which convinced him that there was no danger of eddies carrying the water of the Cave Spring Creek into the pipes.

Dr. Craig expressed the opinion that common house flies are capable of projecting a decided source of disease infection, and he detailed bacteriological tests showing that they carried typhoid germs upon their feet. He said that he had made a number of flies which had been placed on sugar impregnated with the germ, and had procured from them a pure bacillus culture.

## GEORGIA VOLUNTEERS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—Senator Bacon of Georgia today obtained the consent of the President to the Second Georgia Volunteer Regiment remaining today of the service. The First and Second Georgia regiments were ordered mustered out some time ago, but a large number of the men in both regiments preferred to remain in the service. The order of the President will allow the men of both regiments who want to go out to do so, while those who wish to remain can go into the Second.

## ROSSER PLEADS INNOCENCE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.—Private Walter Rosser of the Tennessee Regiment, was arraigned before Judge Wallace today for the murder of Henry Hildebrand. He pleaded not guilty, and his trial was set for November 21.

## CAPT. BLAINE DISCHARGED.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—By direction of the President, the following named officers of the volunteer army are hereby discharged from the service of the United States, to take effect December 31, their services being no longer required: Capt. James C. Blaine, assistant adjutant-general, and Capt. E. Murray, second assistant adjutant-general.

## CHICAGO RACING ASSOCIATION.

Receiver Appointed—Bill to Wind Up Its Affairs.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] CHICAGO, Oct. 28.—Edward Backey was appointed receiver today of the Chicago Racing Association, upon the petition of Dewitt H. Curtis, one of the stockholders, and George H. Kuhl, a creditor, who filed a bill in the Circuit Court today to wind up the affairs of the concern. Edward Corrigan, John Brenneke and James G. Burke were made codefendants in the action against the association.

The bill of complaint sets out that the business of the association was conducted at a loss during the recent racing at Hawthorne, and that by reason of the litigation in which the corporation was involved, it became necessary for the association to cease doing business. The Chicago Racing Association was incorporated in 1891, with a capital stock of \$500,000.

## NAVAL CONSTRUCTION.

Interesting Report by Chief Constructor Hichborn.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—A large part of the burden of equipping the United States navy for the war with Spain fell upon the Construction Bureau of the navy, and in his annual report, Chief Constructor Hichborn, the chief of the bureau, furnishes many interesting details as to the extent of this work, involving the transformation of more than 100 merchant craft into auxiliary naval vessels at short notice.

Looking to the importance of properly equipping and maintaining the plants at the minor naval stations along the coast already established, and he submits estimates for the purpose, averaging about \$25,000 in each case. He says that had the consequences of the recent naval engagements in the West Indies been nearly so serious as there was reason to expect they might be, the southern stations would have been necessary for repairs to ships too badly injured to be sent to northern yards. To keep the nucleus of the force of men at these stations, small works should be constantly under way, and proper storehouses should be erected to keep sufficient quantities of material on hand. It is suggested that while the new dock at Algiers, La., is building, a suitable repair plant and storehouses should be erected.

The report recommended a change in the system of purchasing supplies for navy-yard work, declaring that repairs have been delayed through the failure to procure material. Besides the long list of vessels purchased by the government for use as auxiliary cruisers, the report says that ten vessels were accepted by the government from builders during the last fiscal year. These were the Newark, Helena, Nashville, Wilmington, Annapolis, Marietta, Newport, Vicksburg, and Wheeling. Progress made on the vessels in course of construction has been very satisfactory. The work on the battleships has been held back by the great degree by the impossibility of securing armor when needed. The progress on some of the torpedo boats has been fully met the requirements of the contract, owing largely to inexperienced builders and delay in securing material. Therefore it is suggested that in awarding contracts, the government should limit builders unfamiliar with torpedo-boat or naval work to a single vessel, in order that they may not, on apparent saving of a few thousand dollars, obtain the experience at a heavy expense in delay and annoyance to the government.

The chief constructor declares that the naval engagements of the past few months have thoroughly justified his course in making fire-proof the wood-work placed in our warships. He produces figures to show that serious inconvenience was experienced owing to the lack of dry docks during the past year, and says the necessity for hastening the construction of the new docks is strongly evident.

An allusion is made to the steady decrease in the number of apprentices in the several navy yards, which the chief constructor thinks is a matter of regret. He says that the best way to approach the best workmen, and therefore he urges that the system be put on a new basis; that the apprentices be carefully selected for apprenticeship physically, examined and then carried through the proper courses of construction at the navy yards.

The behavior of the various naval vessels throughout the war conditions of the war is set down as a source of gratification to the Construction Bureau, where the greater part of the work was designed. The behavior of all, both in action and general service on the blockade, appears to have been such as to thoroughly demonstrate their integrity, and their suitability for the service for which they were designed.

the liberal policy it has followed in assigning officers to the corps.

## WHOLLY FOR MANILA.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.—The United States transport steamer Ohio, conveying two battalions of the First Washington Volunteers to Manila, sailed shortly before midnight. The troops are commanded by Col. John D. Wholly.

## RECRUITS AND SUPPLIES.

[A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.] NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—It is stated at the navy yard that the cruiser Brooklyn will sail for Manila by way of the Suez Canal on Monday or Tuesday with recruits, ammunition and supplies for Admiral Dewey's fleet. On her way she will coal at Newport, and will proceed on the cruiser Chicago is advancing rapidly and it is believed that she will be ready next week to go into commission.

## MAJ. BILLINGS DEAD.

[A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.] LONDON, Oct. 28.—Maj. A. W. Billings of Brooklyn died in London yesterday. Maj. Billings went West as a boy, and at the outbreak of the war into a private in the army from Iowa, rising to the rank of major and acting provost marshal of the western division.

## BRYAN IS IMPROVED.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] SAVANNAH (Ga.) Oct. 28.—Col. W. J. Bryan, who has been ill at his home since his arrival here, is much improved, and received a number of callers today. The corps surgeon says that he had a slight form of typhoid fever, but that he is now well enough to require his wife to make the journey here from Nebraska.

## HOSPITAL SHIP SPOKEN.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] CHATHAM (Mass.) Oct. 28.—The hospital ship Bay State, bound from Porto Rico for Boston with the sick men of the Sixth Massachusetts Regiment, was sighted off here this morning. It is thought she will reach Boston late this afternoon, and will be under the guns of the city.

## VERY SICK MEN.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] BOSTON, Oct. 28.—The hospital ship Bay State, with 113 sick and convalescent soldiers of the Sixth Massachusetts Volunteers from Porto Rico, arrived here today. Beside the boys of the Sixth, two of the First Regiment of Volunteers were on the ship. Two of the Sixth died on the passage from Arrecibo. They were Sergt. William F. Walter, Co. E, Framingham, and Frank T. French, Co. C, Milford. Some very sick men were on the Bay State, and the Sixth Regiment were carried from the ship on stretchers and sent to hospitals.

## HIS CHIEF ENJOYMENT.

PRESIDENT ZELAYA RELAXES BY GRANTING CANAL FRANCHISES.

Officials at Washington Question the Nicaraguan Executive's Right to Deal in Options—The Concession Was Dead Easy.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A cablegram from Nicaragua, published in this morning's papers, relates that the President of Nicaragua has granted a concession to Edwin F. Cragin of Chicago and two New York men to build the Nicaragua Canal. This concession, so the dispatch says, is to take effect upon the expiration of the concession previously granted by the Maritime Canal Company.

Apparently President Zelaya of Nicaragua can have more fun granting canal concessions than in doing anything else on earth. But officials here say that this latest grant can have no effect upon the plans of the United States for building the canal, as it will not go into effect in time. They do, however, see some little difficulty that may arise out of it; in fact, there is a dispute about the exact time when the Maritime Canal Company's concession will expire.

There is a disposition in Nicaragua to date the concession from the time it was drawn, whereas the company claims it should be dated from the time of ratification by the Congress of Nicaragua. In the latter event the concession will expire in a year from now, unless the work shall be begun before then.

No one here supposed that Mr. Cragin went to Nicaragua for the purpose of securing a concession. It was announced that he went to figure on the cost of the work, so that his Chicago company could bid for the contract when this government decides to build. Probably that was his intention, but when found concessions easy to obtain he took one.

## "RESIDUARY LEGATEES."

Grace & Co. and a Nicaragua Canal Concession.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] CHICAGO, Oct. 28.—Lynman E. Cooley is authority for the statement that the capitalists behind Edward F. Cragin and Frank S. Washburn in their effort to secure an option on a concession from the Nicaraguan government to construct an interoceanic canal are not from Chicago, but from New York. According to the best information Mr. Cooley has on the subject, W. R. Grace & Son and Charles Flint of New York are behind the scheme with Mr. Cragin.

Mr. Cooley says that if the United States government takes action this winter, the option will have no effect, but in case Congress fails to act, Grace and his associates will come in as residuary legatees next October, if satisfactory arrangements can be made with the old company.

## PILLAGERS' PETITION.

Ask Permission to Cut Dead-and-down Timber.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—A petition signed by 277 Leech Lake Indians, asking for continuance of authority for cutting dead-and-down timber, was received by Secretary Bliss today.

Dated Leech Lake, October 22, and is interesting in view of the part timber-cutting methods had in the recent Chippewa outbreak. It follows: "We, the undersigned, Pillager Indians, residents of the Leech Lake Reservation, do hereby petition the honorable Secretary of the Interior and the honorable Commissioner of Indian Affairs, as follows:

"That we be allowed to continue the cutting of dead-and-down timber, as such cutting is our sole means of making a livelihood, and if deprived of the labor incident to such cutting, we will be unable to provide for our women and children the coming winter, and they will suffer greatly for the necessities of life. And further, we do not wish the white men to cut the timber of the exclusion of the Indians, and we do not wish them to log in the names of the Leech Lake Indians. The signatures, made by mark, are headed by fifteen of the chiefs.

## PEOPLE'S WILL

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

Griggs and Secretaries Gage and Long, on account of their absence from the city, were not present at today's Cabinet meeting.

Secretary Gage said that the Cuban question had not, as he understood, been finally decided by the Paris commission, but a complete settlement, it was expected, would be reached by the end of the present week. The Philippine question, he thought, would be taken up by the joint commission early in the coming week. Although the members of the Cabinet are extremely reticent on the subject of the acquisition of the Philippines, there is little or no doubt that the accession of the entire group will be asked by the commission.

## BEEFING ABOUT BLANCO.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—Secretary Wilson brought up at the Cabinet session the fact that Blanco is still charging \$10 a hundred for beef cattle going into Cuban ports controlled by the Spaniards, while the United States is admitting beef cattle free of duty to ports controlled by American officials. The Cabinet concluded that it has not the authority to change the acquisition of affairs, and that Blanco must bear the responsibility. As soon as the United States takes possession of various islands, which would be possible if changed. Some of the ports near Havana will be opened to the free entry of beef cattle and other things that will result in benefit to Havana.

## DISCUSSING THE PHILIPPINES.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] PARIS, Oct. 28.—La Volente, discussing the Philippine question today, says: "The Americans could well make concessions to compensate for their rigor in the Cuban question." Quoting the Philippine article of the protocol, the paper says: "The wording is vague, and forecasts the Spanish contention late this afternoon, of the words 'control' and 'disposition'.

Spain, La Volente concludes, is minus money and a fleet to reestablish order, and it would be more prudent to allow the Americans to do so, Spain claiming a money indemnity in exchange for her sovereignty over the archipelago, which would be difficult for the Americans to refuse. The Gauls takes the view that the Cuban question was not settled by itself, and that by counter-concessions on the Philippine question an arrangement mutually satisfactory will be reached. But in the meanwhile, the Twenty-fourth decision is possible before the elections, which is according to the desire of the American commission.

## PHILIPPINES MEMORANDUM.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] PARIS, Oct. 28.—The American Peace Commissioners at their sessions today will draw up a memorandum on the subject of the Philippines, which it is expected they will place before the Spanish commissioners at the conference, which is to take place Monday next.

## HAVANA CONFEREES.

Evacuation Commissioners Unable to Reach Conclusions.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] HAVANA, Oct. 28.—[By Atlantic Cable.] At this morning's joint session of the evacuation commissioners of the United States and Spain, no conclusions were arrived at except as to matters of detail and of little importance. Thus far all matters of importance have been referred to Paris for decision by the joint peace conference.

November 15 the quarantine against yellow fever will cease, so that steamers between Havana and Tampa can carry cargoes without immunity certificates. About that time Admiral Sampson will arrive at Havana, and the States to attend the wedding of his daughter, and it is the intention of Maj.-Gen. Butler to go to Washington before the latter part of next month. Señor Colomo, one of the most prominent and wealthy Havanaes, has placed at Gen. Butler's disposal, for the remainder of his stay here, a handsome carriage and pair, with coachman and footman.

Col. Lees and Lieut. Livermore of the United States special commission on camp sites, returned this afternoon from the province of Pinar del Rio, where they have selected three sites from among which the army will choose one. This evening a matter of landing place is under consideration.

## COMMERCIAL AGREEMENT.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] MANILA (P. I.) Oct. 28.—Col. Morales, representing Gen. Rios, the Spanish commander, concluded a commercial agreement with Gen. Otis yesterday. The Manila customs authorities are authorized to clear Spanish or American ships for Iloilo, Cebu or Zamboanga. For Cebu, Tacloban, Catbalogan, Mambisa and Surigao they will require Spanish captains and a guarantee of legitimate commerce. For Zamboanga, Catbalogan and Cebu they will require the sanction of Gen. Rios. Calling at Vizcaya ports is forbidden. Gen. Rios reserves the right of search in all cases, and he can prohibit crews from landing.

## DEATH REPORT.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—The following dispatch from Maj.-Gen. Brooke has been received at the War Department:

"SAN JUAN, Oct. 28.—Died, October 7, Private Peter Nolan, Co. L, Third Wisconsin, typhoid; Private Homer H. Bailey, Kentucky, typhoid; Private Talmadge, who died on the 20th, belongs to Co. G, not H, Nineteenth Infantry."

## THE GREAT SCALCHI

Prima Donna Contralto, says: "R. M. H. cured me of severe La Grippe in two days. It is wonderful." Thousands of others, Drags and poisons fail. R. M. H. never fails. Bottle B. Gallon B. Freight paid to points without agent. Call or write.

## RADAN'S MICROBE KILLER

Also Cures Heart D's. and Liver.

212 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal.

## Doctors Recommend

Horstford's Acid Phosphate

For Nervousness, Dyspepsia and Overwork.

Placant to take. Hold only in bottles.

C. F. Heinzeman, Druggist and Chemist.

222 North Main St., Los Angeles.

Prescriptions carefully compounded, day or night.

## Sacrificed to Blood Poison.

Those who have never had Blood Poison can not know what a desperate condition it can produce. This terrible disease which the doctors are totally unable to cure, is communicated from one generation to another, inflicting its taint upon countless innocent ones.

Some years ago I was inoculated with poison by a nurse who infected my babe with blood taint. The little one was unequal to the struggle, and his life was yielded up to the fearful poison. For six long years I suffered untold misery. I was covered with sores and ulcers from head to foot, and no language can express my feelings of woe during those long years. I had the best medical treatment. Several physicians successively treated me, but all to no purpose. The mercury and potash seemed to add fuel to the awful flame which was devouring me. I was advised by friends who had seen wonderful cures made by it, to try Swift's Specific. We got two bottles, and I felt hope again revive in my breast—hope for health and happiness again. I improved from the start, and a complete and perfect cure was the result. S. S. S. is the only blood remedy which reaches desperate cases.

Of the many blood remedies, S. S. S. is the only one which can reach deep-seated, violent cases. It never fails to cure perfectly and permanently the most desperate cases which are beyond the reach of other remedies.

## S.S.S. For The Blood

is PURELY VEGETABLE, and is the only blood remedy guaranteed to contain no mercury, potash, or other mineral. Valuable books mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Georgia.

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## GETTING THEIR GUNS

**SETTLERS SAY THEY CAN TAKE CARE OF INDIANS.**

They are Only Awaiting Arrival of Arms and Ammunition from Baker City.

**REDS NOW READY FOR PEACE.**

DELEGATION SAYS THERE WILL BE NO MORE BLOODSHED.

Mrs. Botkin Indicted by Grand Jury. William Edes Leaves a Million. President Ripley on Valley Stock.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] BAKER CITY (Or.), Oct. 28.—A telephone message from Canon City states that "Columbia Joe" and nine warriors came into Prairie City today, and informed the citizens that there would be no further bloodshed. Great excitement prevailed, and the settlers fear further trouble, as the number of Indians is increasing, and they are well armed. Settlers today telephoned to Baker City for a large number of rifles and ammunition. They say they are able to take care of themselves, and will easily subdue the Indians upon the arrival of the firearms. Cutting was buried at Canon City this afternoon.

Dr. Ashford of Canon City responded to a summons from Cummings Creek, the scene of yesterday's battle between whites and Indians, in which George Cutting was killed. Three of the wounded white men, making a total of seven killed since the trouble began.

Late advices show that a party of Indians, supposed to be Columbias, camped on the right fork of the John Day River, near Ize, lost two of their horses. They accused a rancher of stealing them, and demanded that he give them up. On his denial of any knowledge of the horses, the Indians proceeded to enter his barn to see if the horses were there. The rancher opened fire on the Indians, but failed to hit them. They at once left and returned to their camp.

Last Tuesday, John Hyde, while riding on the range was shot at by the Indians. Wednesday a posse of citizens numbering about twenty started out to find the Indians, and came on them about five miles from Ize, which is about fifty miles from Canon City. A fight took place, in which one Indian and a white man, George Cutting, were killed. The fight became too warm for the Indians, and they struck into the mountains. Part of the posse followed them, and yesterday had a fight with them, in which five Indians were killed.

**CARL MARTENS'S PLAINT.**

Says Kate Krieg is not His Wife, but His Nemesis.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Carl Martens, who has been in this city for the past three months endeavoring to get up an opera company for a tour of the West Indies, is unemployed and out of money. His haunts are downtown music halls. He said tonight that the woman, Carl Martens Grand and Com. Opera Company, which essayed to perform at a Los Angeles opera house last summer. Put out of the theater, and by Manager Wyatt forbidden to return, she did what she could to alienate from him the members of his company, and to drive patrons from the stage door, according to his statement. He said: "I have tried to rid myself of her several times. I left Los Angeles quietly nearly five weeks ago to avoid her, and to keep her from learning of my plans, which she would do her best to defeat. The couple lived for a while at the Langham Hotel, where some of their effects are still held as security for the payment of a board bill. The hotel people say that the woman was constantly nagging at her husband, and their bickering was heard in the street. In their opinion he was the injured party."

**VETERANS FOR GAGE.**

They Hold the Most Successful Meeting of the Campaign.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The veterans of the civil war filled Metropolitan Hall tonight and cheered every reference to the administration and Republican candidates, and made the first rally of the Army and Navy Republican League of California the greatest success of the campaign so far.

Capt. W. H. Seamans of Los Angeles, commander-in-chief of the league, acted as chairman. Capt. Seamans said the veterans of the State would cast 20,000 votes, and as they held the balance of power, they would elect the nominee of the Republican party, Henry T. Gage. He said the attempt to disfranchise the occupants of the Veterans' Home at Santa Monica had opened the eyes of the soldiers, and they would vote against the Democratic party, which had tried this mean device. He called upon his old comrades to vote as they fought, in the interest of good government, for the Republican nominees.

**VALLEY ROAD STOCK.**

Talk With President Ripley of the Santa Fe About It.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.—E. P. Ripley, president of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe, said today, in answer to a question as to how the Valley road stockholders who have placed their stock in escrow, will be paid:

"They will be paid on or before January 1 in cash. Those who have not already come in, representing about 24,000 shares, will be allowed a reasonable length of time in which to deposit their shares, but the offer will not be held open indefinitely. We are compelled by positive agreement to pay all stockholders who come in before January 1 full par value for their stock."

**EXAMINED THE TERMINAL.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.—The officials of the Santa Fe Railway now in the city, accompanied by Vice-President Robert Watt, Capt. A. H. Payson and Engineer Storey of the Valley road, visited Point Richmond in the

ture Reliance today. The members of President Ripley's party were shown over the entire site of the proposed valley-road terminal, and the method of transferring passengers from train to boat and from boat to train, as provided by the present plans of the company, were explained in detail by the valley road officials.

**WENT DOWN THE LINE.**

Mexican Drill Sergeant Kills Three Men With One Bullet.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] SAN DIEGO, Oct. 28.—A shocking accident occurred at Ensenada yesterday morning, by which three men were shot with one bullet, and one of them is already dead.

The drill sergeant having in charge the training of the Mexican soldiers stationed at Ensenada, was yesterday morning engaged in instructing a squad of soldiers in the use of their muskets, in loading and firing. He was standing nearly in line with the men. His own musket, unknown to him, was loaded, and as he raised it suddenly, the trigger caught in his clothes and the gun was discharged, the ball going through three privates in the ranks, one of whom has since died.

**CLARA THORPP'S REAPPEARANCE.**

It Will Be in Company With a Big Policeman.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SACRAMENTO, Oct. 28.—Clara Thorpp, the actress, was arrested here late tonight on a telegram from Chief Lees of San Francisco. She is charged by Manager Ellinghouse of the New Comedy Theater with felony embezzlement. She is accompanied here by a Mr. Folsom, who says he is her husband.

Miss Thorpp says she left Leavitt's Theater because she could get no money for a week's appearance there. She declares she has nothing in her possession belonging to Leavitt or his manager, Ellinghouse, and that the theatrical books in her possession belong to her. The company, she says, is her brother's, and she declared she had no contract with Leavitt. She will go to San Francisco in the morning in company with Officers Maley and Folsom.

**MRS. BOTKIN INDICTED.**

Judge Belcher Assigns Her Case and Refuses Bail.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.—Mrs. Cordelia Botkin was indicted this evening by the grand jury of the city and county of San Francisco for the murder of Mrs. John P. Dunning in Dover, August 12 last. Presiding Judge Belcher of the Superior Court, to whom the indictment was presented, declared from the bench that, according to the facts and evidence presented, the crime charged was murder in the first degree, and he thereupon instructed the clerk of the court to indorse the indictment with the statement that bail would not be accepted.

The case was then assigned for trial to the criminal department of the court, which is presided over by Judge Augustus Hand. The case was set for trial on November 1, and the prisoner remains in the custody of Chief of Police Lees.

**THE YELLOW FLAG.**

French Bark Brings Significant Emblem to San Francisco.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.—The French bark Duquesne Anne arrived in port from Hongkong today flying the yellow flag. Both the Federal and State quarantine launches put out to the vessel, and soon the news came back to port that there had been two deaths on board from the bubonic plague.

Capt. Cervary, master of the ship, was the first to succumb to the dread disease. He was sick only a few days, and died on August 20. Nearly a month afterward a sailor named Menier was stricken with the plague, and on September 19 he died and was buried at sea. The bark was ordered into quarantine.

**WILLIAM EDES'S WILL.**

It Has to Do With Only Half of His Property.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.—William Edes's will, which has been filed for probate, bequeaths his estate to his wife, Catherine Edes, and his children, William and Clara Louise Edes, share and share alike. The estate is estimated to be worth over \$1,000,000. The petition for the probate of the will sets forth that \$550,000 worth of decedent's property will not be subject to administration; for the reason that it comes to the estate which he had bequeathed to the beneficiaries under the will before his death. The will is dated December 22, 1884, and was written entirely by the testator.

**BUSINESS FOR A CANAL.**

California Dried Fruits Go by Rail and Vast to Germany.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

SUISUN, Oct. 28.—Large demands have been received here from Germany for dried fruits. Suisun has been made the headquarters of an influential firm that two years ago commenced shipping dried fruits to Hamburg. The commencement of the season opened with the shipment of dried apricots, peaches and pears. The demand at present is for prunes, and during the past week six carloads have been shipped to Hamburg. A large quantity remains for consignment.

**DIED AT THE HOSPITAL.**

Two Old Ladies Have a Scrap With Fatal Ending.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.—Last Saturday night Miss Mary Daugherty, aged 86 years, engaged in a fight with her sister, Mrs. Grace McLaughlin, aged 63 years. Three days later Miss Daugherty went to the County Hospital to have her injuries attended. This morning she died. During her stay at the hospital she had frequent convulsions. Whether death resulted from the blows received in battle with her aged sister, or whether epilepsy, assisted by careless living, effected the fatal consequence must be determined by an autopsy.

**BROKE HIS LONG SILENCE.**

Herman Roikala Discloses That a Missing Man Was Murdered.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

ASTORIA (Or.), Oct. 28.—According to the confession of Herman Roikala, the mysterious death of Herman Johnson in this city, about twelve years ago, turns out to have been cold-blooded murder. Roikala, now in custody of the Sheriff, tells the following story:

"On Christmas eve, twelve years ago, Herman Johnson, Elias Kasola and myself got into a row in a saloon. After the trouble Johnson and I started home together and while proceeding up the roadway in West Astoria, near the bay, Kasola, who was secreted in the dark, waylaid us, and in the dark struck

Johnson on the head with a club and killed him. Kasola then turned his attention to me, and I agreed to say nothing about the murder if he let me go. The dead man was then thrown over the bank into the bay, and his body subsequently found. It was determined by Dr. Doerner's study of the body that Johnson was accidentally drowned. Kasola is supposed to be in Finland.

**GAGE AT SANTA ROSA.**

Republicans from as Far North as Ukiah Attended.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] SANTA ROSA, Oct. 28.—A big Republican meeting was held here this evening to greet the first appearance here of Henry T. Gage, Republican nominee for Governor. An excursion train brought in a number of enthusiastic Republicans from as far north as Ukiah. Besides Mr. Gage, the meeting was also addressed by John A. Barham and George A. Knight.

**HAD FURNISHED MISSING LINKS.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.—The cross-examination of A. H. Dean, or Frank Beaver, was held here this evening against Becker and Creagan, took up this morning's session in Judge Wallace's court, when the second trial of the Nevada Bank forgery was resumed. Peter F. Dunne, the defendant's counsel, endeavored to break down Dean's testimony by showing that since the first trial he had amplified and rounded out his narrative, so that any missing links in the chain had now been supplied.

**Wolf and Money Missing.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.—The vault in the First National Bank used by John Wolf of the Western Company, who suddenly disappeared about two months ago, was opened today. It was found to be empty, and money and securities amounting to \$10,000 belonging to the Sarah M. Pearson estate, of which Wolf was executor, are now missing. Wolf was supposed to have met with four play in Oregon, but later on was seen in Chicago.

**Murderously Assaulted a Nurse.**

OAKLAND, Oct. 28.—Merlin Flora, an aged inmate of the County Infirmary, murderously assaulted George Cook, one of the nurses of that institution, this afternoon. The latter is lying at the point of death with an ugly wound in the left breast directed toward the heart. While Flora was locked up in a cell at the County Jail, Cook was engaged in moving the luggage of Flora, against the latter's will. Flora is 78 years of age.

**Torn by Train Wheels.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.—While stealing a ride on the Monterey express, which arrived here this afternoon at 4 o'clock, James Sheedy, aged 16 years, fell under the wheels at the Twenty-sixth-street crossing and was instantly killed. The body was dragged under the train for thirty yards. Both arms and legs were torn from the trunk, and the body was otherwise mangled almost beyond recognition.

**Letting the Klondikers Go.**

SEATTLE, Oct. 28.—D. B. Davidson, the wealthy Klondiker who was arrested in this city several weeks ago on the charge of embezzling from the Sprague, Colo., was discharged today. James P. Light, vice-president of the Seattle-Yukon Steamship Company, was also acquitted of the charge of embezzling \$13,000 from the company.

**Hanged With Her Sheet.**

STOCKTON, Oct. 28.—Mrs. Pearl Strickland, aged 38, an inmate of the State Hospital for the Insane, committed suicide this morning by hanging herself out of her window with her sheet. Her trouble, which was melancholia, she was sent to the asylum from Oakland August 16, this year. She had a husband in Idaho and a sister and two children in Oakland. She will be buried at Oakland.

**A Live-wire Case.**

OAKLAND, Oct. 28.—For the death of his wife, Edith M. Davoust, who was killed by a live wire in Alameda, September 28, Michael Davoust, was commenced suit against the city of Alameda and the Sunset Telephone Company for \$50,000. Mrs. Davoust, it will be remembered, was crossing a vacant lot, stepped on a coil of wire and became entangled, and was roasted to death.

**Santa Fe-Pacific's Report.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.—The report of the Santa Fe Pacific Railroad for the twelve months ending June 30 has been filed with the Railroad Commissioners. It shows gross earnings of \$1,129,013, and operating expenses of \$1,319,909, making a deficit of \$190,896. Other charges increased the deficit to \$220,703.

**Goetz Has Gone.**

ALAMEDA, Oct. 28.—Every effort made thus far by the friends, the Stanford faculty and the police to determine the whereabouts of Adolph P. Goetz, the student who disappeared in a strange manner from the home of Mrs. H. Clark last Saturday night, have been fruitless.

**Death of Mrs. Charles F. Curry.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.—Mrs. Charles F. Curry, wife of the County Clerk and nominee of the Republican party for Secretary of State, died today at her residence in this city, after a lingering illness, from which, however, no fatal result was anticipated.

**Given to the Mother.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.—Judge Sumner of the Superior Court has dismissed the habeas corpus proceedings in the case of Cecilia Church, and has directed that she be permitted to remain in the custody of her mother.

**Overhaul the Wheeling.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.—The United States gunboat Wheeling went to Mare Island yard today for an overhauling on the drydock. The cruiser Philadelphia will follow her Monday.

**FOUL PLAY APPARENT.**

Young Man's Body Found in a Mud Puddle Near Peoria.

[A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.]

PEORIA (Ill.), Oct. 28.—The body of a young man has been found lying partly in a puddle of mud on a lonely road, seven miles from this city. He was well dressed. There was no mud on the shoes, showing the body had been carried to the spot and thrown out of a vehicle. There are two bullet holes in the head, both entering from behind and every bit of writing had been scraped off the clothing. Where the body was found a small fire was smoldering. The clothes were of texture and tailor-made. The feet and hands indicate that the man had been accustomed to labor. There is nothing whatever on the body which might lead to its identification.

The failure is announced at London of H. S. Nichols, the well-known publisher of rare and curious works. His liabilities are estimated at \$250,000.

**CHAMBERLAIN'S**

Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. This is the best medicine in the world for bowel complaints. It acts quickly and can always be depended upon. When reduced with water it is pleasant to take. Many families have never without this remedy and always find it prompt and effectual.—Adv.

## Are You Ever Depressed?

And is it not due to nervous exhaustion? How can you have courage when suffering with headache, nervous prostration, and great physical weakness? Would you like to be rid of this depression of spirits? How? By removing the cause. By taking

## Ager's Sarsaparilla

It removes the cause of your suffering, because it removes all impurities from your blood. \$1.00. All druggists. To keep in good health you must have perfect action of the bowels. Ager's Sarsaparilla cures constipation and biliousness. 25c. a box. Write to our Doctors. Write us freely all the particulars in regard to our medicine. Address, Dr. J. C. Ager, Lowell, Mass.

(SPORTING RECORD.)

## ON ARDLEY'S LINKS.

LAST DAY BUT ONE OF THE GOLF TOURNAMENT.

Eight Players Eligible When the Play Began Yesterday, and They Were Equally Divided.

**HARVARD AND YALE PAIRED.**

REID CARRIED OFF HONORS IN THE SEMI-FINAL.

Sloan Wins for the Prince of Wales. Harrow Out of the Maiden Class. Foul Allowed at Aqueduct.

Litigation at Chicago.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—The intercollegiate golf tournament which was begun last Wednesday on the links at Ardley on the Hudson will be brought to a close tomorrow. When play was resumed this morning, there were eight players eligible, and they were equally divided, Harvard, Yale, Princeton and Columbia each being represented by two players.

In the draw for pairs the Harvard and Yale men were pitted against each other in the following order: Cutting, Harvard, vs. Murphy, Princeton; Reid, Yale, vs. Stuart, Princeton; Smith, Yale, vs. Fellows, Columbia; Choate, Harvard, vs. Dickson, Columbia.

The Harvard and Yale men beat their opponents in the first round. Reid beat Stuart, Cutting beat Murphy, Smith beat Fellows, Choate won from Dixon. After luncheon, the semi-final round was played. Reid carried off the honors by beating Choate, Smith outplayed his opponent, Cutting, making the round in 84 strokes to Cutting's 92.

**WINTER RACING.**

Season Begins Today at California Jockey Club Track.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.—The season of winter racing begins tomorrow at the California Jockey Club's track at Oakland. The weather promises to be perfect, and, with a good card to be decided, the attendance is expected to prove a record-breaker for that popular track. The card as announced tonight comprises five races, among them the opening handicap for all ages, one mile, with \$1250 added purse. The probable starters in this event are: Satsuma, Gray, Buckwa, Morrellito, Recreation, Judge Denny, Col. Wheeler, Wheel of Fortune, Morinel, Marplot, Hohenloren, Highland Ball, Richmond, Hurley Burley and Rubicon.

Among this large field of good horses, Satsuma is the most likely candidate for first place. Although he carries top weight, 122 pounds, he is said to have recovered his form of a year ago, when he won the Burns handicap and established a record for the distance. However, there are several other entries that are likely to beat the old horse with top weight.

The other events to be run off are as follows: Five and one-half furlongs, purse \$400; six furlongs, selling, \$350 purse; seven furlongs, for three-year-olds, \$400, and a mile and a sixteenth for three-year-olds and upward.

The number of horses quartered at the Oakland and Ingleside tracks at this time does not equal by one-half the number at the same date last season, but large numbers are expected to reach here from this time on the eastern tracks, where the season has just closed.

**BASEBALL PERCENTAGES.**

Outfielder Freeman Has a Clear Record of a Thousand.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—President Young of the National Baseball League tonight made public the fielding records of all players who have played in fifteen or more games. La Chance of Brooklyn leads the first basemen, with a percentage of .989. Dady of Brooklyn heads the second basemen, with a percentage of .985. Nash of Philadelphia leads the third basemen with a percentage of .956.

Of the shortstops, Jennings of Baltimore is first, with this percentage, .944. Freeman of Washington carries off the honors in the outfield with a clear record of 1000 percentage. "Fier" of New York leads with a percentage of .985. Zimmer of Cleveland is in the front rank of catchers, with a percentage of .971.

**TOD AND ALBERT.**

Little Jockey Wins With the Prince of Wales' Nonesuch.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

LONDON, Oct. 28.—[By Atlantic Cable.] J. H. Musker's bay filly School Girl, ridden by Sloan, won the free handicap at Newmarket today. The betting was 2 to 1 against School Girl. The Prince of Wales' four-year-old bay filly, Nonesuch, ridden by Sloan, won the old Maybridgeshire handicap of 500 sovereigns.

Golden Bridge won the second Kilmestakes. Prince Soltykoff, a cold Lelore, ridden by Sloan, finished second. James R. Keene's filly was third.

# THE MOST FOR THE LEAST THE BIG STORE

## JACOBY BROS.

128 to 138 North Spring Street.

## SATURDAY'S SPECIALS

AT THE BIG STORE.

A day of rare money-saving chances. We're sacrificing profits in order to make quick sales, and judging by the mighty effort we've made, and the extraordinary values offered, these stores will be crowded. It'll be wise to come early. You know why.

## Saturday Selling of Men's Suits

(And Overcoats.)

A choice gathering of Men's Fall Suits; worth \$12.50 and \$15.00. Will go today for..... **\$9.87**

Those famous Stein-Block and Pickwick \$17.50 and \$20.00 Suits are cut today to..... **\$12.87**

**E. & W. White Shirts, 75c.**

Worth \$1.00—A 2100 linen bosom, either sort or long and reinforced.

Men's Fleece Underwear. Merino Half Hose. That is jersey ribbed, with tailor made seams, in blue, gray or cream. A garment for 45c. In natural color and camel's hair, full finished and seamless. Today's price..... **12c**

200 Doz. Garments of Australian Wool Underwear. That excels anything ever offered in Los Angeles, and for today's selling they are under priced: instead of \$1.00, a garment for..... **75c**

## Shoes Saturday Only.

Here's prices that ought to make every one hurry up.

Ladies' welt shoes of dongola, in button or lace, coin toe, cut from \$3.00 for Saturday's selling to..... **\$2.16**

Boys' hook or lace shoes, in solid, substantial calf, with the extension soles and coin toes. Instead of \$3.00, Saturday's price..... **\$1.36**

Men's shoes of calf, in congress or lace, coin or square toes. Instead of \$1.00, today for..... **\$1.96**

Misses' school shoes of pebble goat, with rawhide tips; cut from \$1.50, for Saturday's selling, to..... **98c**

Boys' Yacht or Golf Caps. In assorted patterns, Cassimeres, chevrons, worsteds, 50 doz. cut from 75c. for today's selling to..... **19c**

Boys' Wool Underwear. That comes in winter weight, well shaped and nicely finished. 50c. for..... **50c**

## Three Dollars..

Will buy wonderful Shoe value of us just now. Here is one plum: Tan Willow Calf, Welt Sole, whole foxed, new Lennox Toe, all sizes, all widths, a Natty, Nobby New Fall Shoe, worth \$4, for **\$3.00.**

Here is another:

A nice fine Vici Kid, Lace Welt Sole Shoe, kid tip, coin toe, a soft, flexible, dressey Fall Shoe, good extension soles, sold every place for \$4; our price just now, **\$3.**

See the Nine Shoes in the first two rows of our Ladies' Window—all \$3.00.

## HAMILTON & BAKER,

239 South Spring Street.

The betting was 7 to 2 against Leisure Hour.

SLOAN WAS PLACED.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, Oct. 28.—The Houghton stakes were won by R. A. Oswald's h.c. Scintillant; Sir R. W. Griffiths's Land Rail, ridden by Sloan, was second. The betting was 2 to 1 against Land Rail.

A selling welter, all-aged stake, was won by E. McNeill, Cranelli, the property of Lord Harewood, and ridden by Sloan, finished second, and E. Hoffer's b.f. Rose Shoot, was third. Ten started. The betting was 5 to 1 against Cranelli.

The Criterion Nursery Handicap was won by E. Alexander's Solenis, J. H. Musker's b.f. School Girl, ridden by Sloan, was second, and the Duke of Portland's Manners was third. There were fifteen starters. The betting was 2 to 1 against School Girl.

**Claim of Foul Allowed.**

NEW



## THE TRAFFIC DECISION.

UNDER IT OPEN COMPETITION CAN SECURE REASONABLE RATES.

Solicitor General Richards Says Its Ultimate Result Is Impossible to Say—Cases Establishing Important Principles Affect not Only Courts but Legislatures.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—Solicitor General John C. Richards, who had charge of the government's side of the Joint Traffic Association case before the Supreme Court of the United States and whose brilliant argument, occupying two days and hours, has been subject of much favorable comment by members of the Supreme Court bench and bar, was questioned today, after he had an opportunity to read its full text, as to the effect of last Monday's decision on the railroad interests of the country. Mr. Richards said:

"The Sherman Anti-trust Act declares illegal every contract, combination in the form of trust or otherwise, or conspiracy in restraint of trade or commerce among the several States." The joint traffic case clinches the decision in the Transmissouri case, holding that the law applies to railroads, and prohibits all agreements in restraint of interstate trade and commerce, whether the restraint be reasonable; in addition, it holds explicitly that the law is constitutional when thus applied, even to reasonable agreements in restraint of trade.

The constitutionality of the act was not raised in the Transmissouri case, but in the joint traffic case. Mr. Phelps directed his entire argument to this point, urging that Congress could not declare illegal and prohibit reasonable contracts. The freedom of contract guaranteed by the Constitution forbids it, he insisted. The answer of the court to this was that, as railroads enjoy public franchise, they perform public service, and when engaged in interstate commerce are subject to the regulations of Congress.

"What the ultimate result of the decision will be it is impossible to say. Cases which establish important principles usually affect, not simply courts, but Legislatures in a way one cannot foresee. It is gratifying to believe that the wisdom of the people against injurious monopolies can find legitimate expression through laws passed by their representatives as enforced by the courts. I know it has been and is insisted that competition destroys rates and railroads, too, but nevertheless there is a settled sentiment among the people against railroad monopolies and in favor of unrestrained competition. Most of the States, some in their constitutions, some in their laws, have prohibited the consolidation of competing lines. Congress's interstate act prohibits pooling, which is simply one mode of preventing competition to keep up rates. There are men of thought who insist that regulations should supplant competition, but the people do not think so yet. In fact, competition is the recognized underlying basis of social and industrial and political life in this country. Competition goes along with freedom, with independent action. The country was founded on the principles of liberty and equality. Its people sought to secure to every citizen an equal chance under the law—a fair showing in the race of life.

"Under the decision, it is left to open competition to secure reasonable rates. It is true that the common law requires that rates shall be reasonable. It does the interstate commerce law. But this is a mere declaration, and there is no adequate remedy to enforce the right. Congress has not given the Interstate Commerce Commission power over rates. It has relied upon competition to keep them down. Whether competition will see fit to take the railroads out of the operation of the natural law of trade, and for independent competition substitute government regulations, remains to be seen."

## HIS SERVICE ENDED.

Walter Brown Holt a Soldier and Claimant, Too.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—Walter Brown Holt, aged 52, an ex-soldier of the United States army, and a claimant to the immense Holt estate in England, is dead at his home in this city of bronchial pneumonia. For ten years he had served in the Fourth United States Cavalry and for the four succeeding years in the Sixth United States Infantry. Most of this time he had spent in western posts, in California and around the Yellowstone. He was a member of the relief party to reinforce Gen. Custer at the battle of the Custer massacre, and he also saw service against Sitting Bull in the Black Hills. He was honorably discharged from the army in 1882. He was a grandson of Stephen B. Holt, who constructed the United States Hotel, this city, and was one of the claimants to the Holt estate. He has been in chancery for about two hundred years and is estimated by some to approach \$50,000,000 in value.

## BIG RUBBER DEAL.

Goodyear People Resign to Organize Opposition Company.

[A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Waterbury, Ct., says George A. Lewis of Naugatuck, president of the Goodyear Rubber Company, has tendered his resignation. This is the consummation of the biggest deal in the history of the rubber business in this country. Levi T. Warner, general superintendent of the company, has also resigned, and he takes with him his brother, Abner, who was the shipping agent for the company, and John D. Rodenbach, who was general manager. The avowed intention of all concerned in this deal is to organize an opposition to the United States Rubber Company, and with the millions of money behind the Lewis family, the Whittemores and the Warners, there will be an interesting contest.

It has been suggested that the Naugatuck rubber magnates, for a long time have been quietly backing Joseph Bannigan of Providence in his fight. It is now thoroughly understood why J. G. Whittemore sold out his stock in the Goodyear and other companies. The move of his son is also understood. The buying of the immense plant of the Tinguo Woolen and Plush Company at Beacon Falls, which has lain idle for several years. It is understood that John D. Rodenbach will be the secretary and president of the new company.

## "WINNIE" DAVIS'S WILL.

In Holographic Form and Bequeathes All to Her Mother.

[A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.]

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 28.—The will of Miss Winnie Davis has been filed in the civil district court. The document is in holographic form, and is very brief. It reads as follows:

"I, Varina Annie Davis, being of sound mind on this, the 11th of February, 1898, and about to sail for Egypt, write this, my last will and testament. I give and bequeath to my beloved mother, Varina Howell Jefferson Davis, everything I have, both real and personal property, and any returns that may come from my literary work,

stocks, bonds or moneys of which I do possess. I beg her to give a remembrance out of my jewelry to my dear cousin, Anna Smith, and to my dear, dear old nurse, Mary Ahearn. My dear mother is to judge what she would like to give to my sister Margaret Hayes and her children, to remember me by. I know she will know what I wish done. I sign this in the Gerard Hotel, No. 123 West Fourth street, New York, N. Y., February 11, 1898. [Signed] VARINA ANNIE DAVIS."

## THE COURT AROSE.

Judge Dellenbaugh Calls Two Legal Lights Liar.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

CLEVELAND, Oct. 28.—As a result of a story which has been circulated in the past two or three days to the effect that Judge F. A. Dellenbaugh of the Common Pleas Court had received a fee of an attorney's fee in a big divorce case, tried before him, the judge today made a sensational statement from the bench. At the opening of the court, the judge arose and said: "I wish to beg the pardon of the court and the litigants for being a little tardy this morning. I have been delayed by reason of certain stories—lies—which have been circulated against me. Attorney Vernon Burke is the instigator of these stories, and Judge Lamson of this court has been the conduit through which they have been given publicity. I will only say now that a bar meeting will determine which of these men, Burke or Lamson, is the most malicious liar." Burke is a State Senator and a well-known attorney. He was the leader in the opposition to the election of Judge Lamson to the United States Senate in the Legislature last winter. Judge Lamson is one of the Common Pleas judges. Judge Dellenbaugh is a very intimate friend of Senator Hanna.

## LIVELY WARD MEETINGS.

Waters and Harris Speak in the Eighth and Ninth.

Russell J. Waters and Will A. Harris had a busy evening of last night. At 8 o'clock they addressed the Ninth Ward Republican Club at Korbel's Hall in Boyle Heights. J. M. Meredith and Senator C. M. Simpson also were present and addressed the voters of Boyle Heights.

Hon. R. H. F. Varrel acted as chairman of the meeting, and presented the speakers in a most felicitous manner. Mr. Waters, as usual, made a most agreeable and favorable impression. So did Mr. Meredith and Senator Simpson. Mr. Harris stirred up the people beyond the river as they have not been encouraged before with his eloquent address, showing the necessity of electing a Congressman who would support the policy and administration of President McKinley.

From here the party went hastily to Painter's Hall in the Eighth Ward, where they found a most enthusiastic audience in waiting, which had been entertained by Prof. Strine, candidate for County School Superintendent, old man eloquent Emerson and the local candidates for school director and councilman.

The same spirit of enthusiasm and confidence in Republican success prevailed here as across the river. The party wound up a spirited evening's campaign by appearing at the Columbia Club, where the Third Ward was holding a meeting especially in the interest of N. P. Conroy for the Assembly, and Mr. Field for County Supervisor.

## McLachlan at Arroyo Grande.

ARROYO GRANDE, Oct. 28.—[Special Dispatch.] The best meeting so far held in Arroyo Grande, San Luis Obispo county, was held this evening. Prior to the meeting there was a torchlight parade with fireworks to wind up with. When J. F. Beckett, as chairman, called the meeting to order Columbian Hall was filled to overflowing, and an open-air meeting for the satisfaction of those who were unable to gain admittance to the hall. Ex-Congressman McLachlan, the speaker of the evening for more than two hours held the undivided attention, and woke up all of the pent up enthusiasm of the fruit and dairy farmers of the Arroyo Grande district. Mr. McLachlan's speech, which dealt with the value of a protective tariff, the record of "Business Opportunities" Barlow, the American administration of President McKinley, and the Maguire issue of single tax, was listened to attentively, enthusiastically applauded, and made many converts to the cause of protective tariff and legitimate taxation, which divides the burden equitably between the capitalist and the man of moderate means.

Mr. McLachlan reports that a complete canvass of San Luis Obispo county shows that the Republican party will carry the county by a good majority of not less than 125, which means a reversal of more than 600 votes as compared with the vote of 1896. Barlow's record, single tax, and the confidence of the taxpayers and voters in the McKinley administration is the keynote of the campaign in San Luis Obispo county.

## Mrs. Kannon Slightly Injured.

While driving south on Grand avenue last evening, Mrs. Kannon, wife of Dr. M. M. Kannon, met with a slight accident. At the corner of Sixteenth street and Grand avenue she met the 8:45 o'clock Santa Monica car, which had stopped at the crossing. She endeavored to cross in front of the car, but it had already started, and neither the car nor the buggy could be stopped in time to avoid a collision. She was thrown from the ground and at first it was thought she had been seriously injured, but after having been removed to her home it was ascertained that her injuries consisted of only a few bruises and scratches.

## Elks' Open Session.

The Elks had an open social session last night in their hall, No. 253 1/2 South Main street. The occasion was the auctioning of the boxes and logs in the Orpheum Theater for their benefit performance to take place on Sunday, November 6. George J. Common acted as auctioneer, and so well did he fill the bill that \$257.50 was realized from the sale. John Brink, L. J. Christopher, Dr. Kennedy, J. R. Luddy, Dan Johnson, N. K. Tichen, Carson and Winkler and Ben Gordon bought the boxes, at prices ranging from \$15 up to \$68 each. The logs sold from \$10 to \$15 each. After the auction refreshments were served, and Manager Rosenthal, Miss Pearl Andrews, Mr. and Mrs. Cawthorne and Mr. Sea of the Orpheum company entertained the audience.

## Strike at Litchfield, Ill.

SPRINGFIELD (Ill.), Oct. 28.—The miners in the Litchfield Coal Company's mine at Litchfield, operated by Capt. Davis, Co. K, Fourth Illinois Infantry Volunteers, have struck because nine fellow-workmen were discharged. The men in question had been discharged before the war with Spain began, but while Capt. Davis was away with his regiment, they were reinstated. When he returned he promptly discharged them, and the strike resulted.

A Houghton (Mich.) dispatch says boiler No. 8 of the Calumet and Hecla stamp mill exploded yesterday, instantly killing John Gillies and Joseph Boiere, employees of the mill, and H. M. Nelson of Bruce Mines. One of the men who was visiting Gillies, Dan L. Frendier was also fatally injured.

## MANIAC AND RAZOR.

CUTS THE THROAT OF ONE MAN AND WOUNDS TWO OTHERS.

Farmer of Auburn, Ga., Asks the Governor's Protection Because He Was Going Insane. Then Boards a Street Car and Commits His Terrible Crime.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

ATLANTA (Ga.), Oct. 28.—William Shockley, an insane farmer of Auburn, cut the throat of J. D. Bishop and wounded Police Captain John Thompson on a street car here today. Robert McCoy, an ex-policeman, in effecting the capture of the demented murderer, was seriously but not fatally stabbed. Bishop died instantly. Shockley called at the Police Station during the morning and asked to be locked up, as he was going insane, but he was thrown out of the station. He then called on Gov. Atkinson and asked for protection, and while the Governor was telephoning the police the insane man departed. Shockley was sitting next to Bishop in the car, and without a word drew a razor, reached around and nearly severed the head from the body.

## MORGAN'S SPEECH.

It is for Expansion and the Nicaragua Canal.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

BIRMINGHAM (Ala.), Oct. 28.—Senator John T. Morgan, who is taking part in the Congress campaign in this State, spoke tonight to a large audience. He dwelt chiefly with the subject of trade and territorial expansion, especially as relates to the South. With regard to the Nicaragua Canal, he said he thought the time had arrived when a public sentiment should practically force the present Congress to act favorably upon it.

As to Cuba's future, Senator Morgan said the United States would not send the island by the ear and pull it into the Union, but would hold it until the people there awake to the realization that their greatest security and prosperity lies in annexation to this country as a State, which, it is thought, they will seek.

As to the Philippines, the great distance rendered the situation with them different from that of Cuba and Porto Rico, but he did not think there was a man in this country who favored the United States turning its back on these people, who need the enlightenment and liberty we can give them.

## THE PORNO'S HARD TRIP.

A Seaman Lost Overboard in a Violent Squall.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—The large German ship Porno arrived today from Bordeaux after a terrible experience at sea. On September 19, in lat. 41.27, long. 45.5, the ship encountered a hurricane from the south-southwest. The vessel was light, and the small amount of ballast shifted when the Porno was struck by an unusually violent squall. The crew cleared away the top hamper. The storm lasted twenty-four hours, and when the wind went down, the crew was obliged to stow the ballast. During the storm Fred Kland, a seaman, was lost overboard, and the ship's carpenter was badly injured.

## SCHOONER LOST.

TOLEDO (O.), Oct. 28.—The three-masted schooner, The St. Petersburg, a Toledo boat, foundered yesterday three miles west of Sandusky, Lake Ontario, in twenty fathoms of water. She had 700 tons of hard coal for Toledo. Capt. John Griffin is her owner. His wife and the crew of seven were drowned, but Griffin himself was saved. Later particulars say six lives were lost, as follows:

MRS. J. J. GRIFFITH, wife of the captain.

JOHN MCGRATE of Kingston.

SEAMAN BOSWORTH.

Three Swedes names unknown.

The captain says that the storm was the worst he had ever seen, and he has sailed the lakes since 1857.

## SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

Night Dispatches Condensed.

The Tonkin River Boiler and Engine Works in Cebu, P. I., were destroyed by fire early yesterday. The loss was \$100,000. Otto Snyder, the night watchman, perished in the building. There is a general movement of Chinese troops toward the coast of the Gulf of Peshawar. It is understood to be due to an apprehension of an attempt by foreign powers to seize the railway. W. A. Palmer, fusion candidate for Governor of Nebraska, has notified the Secretary of the State that his name must not appear on the ballot for the prohibition party ticket for Governor. After the fusion convention had nominated Painter, the Liberty party substituted his name for that of a candidate already nominated by them.

## COCOANUT MILK.

Used in Place of Coffee for a Time.

Some years ago I was one of a colony located in Costa Rica, a coffee-growing country, and was finally made so ill by continued use of the berry that I took to coconut milk, and thereafter noticed that I suffered considerably less than the others from fever, chills, etc.



O. S. BILLINGS, Hico, Tex.

Since returning I have been using Postum. We have abandoned the use of coffee and tea altogether, and never except to use them again as long as we can have the Postum Food Coffee. We know how to make it into a delicious beverage, and the difference in our health is so marked that we shall never return to the old way. We have been compelled to send up to Waco or Cleburne for Postum, as it has not been kept here, but while the extra expense is something, we do not consider it sufficient to keep us from having our "cup that cheers." By the way, the Rev. C. H. Rogers of Elgin, Ill., has been so greatly helped by the use of Postum, to my knowledge, that his praises for it will do you a world of good. Our whole family is in love with Postum.

—DON'T WORRY

Broadway Department Store

—Saturday Morning, 29 Oct., '98.

## From the "Mill End" Sale.

We're distributing these days the grandest aggregation of Bargains ever attempted by one concern before. The crowds and throngs of the past three days demonstrate how the public appreciates what we are doing.

Today Will Be Gala Day for Bargain Hunters—A Few Hints Only.

Bleached Muslin.....33¢c  
36-in wide, fine, firm.

5c Crash.....27¢c  
twilled, soft, absorbent.

Canton Flannel.....27¢c  
full wide, nappy.

Ladies' Linen Collars.....5c

Men's Linen Collars.....5c

Men's Linen Cuffs, pair.....5c

Ladies' Fleece Vests.....11c

Ribbed, shaped.

Doz. Clothes Pins.....1/2c

Cake Sapollo for.....4 1/2c

Buttermilk Soap.....1c

Men's Boys' Caps.....9c



"Never touched me!"

Accidents will happen: but all the world knows that

Battle-Ax  
PLUG

is no accident. All that the most intelligent and longest experience, skill, and special knowledge in growing, curing, and manufacturing tobacco, can contribute to the making of a perfect chewing tobacco, is to be found in the 10-cent piece of Battle Ax. Try it to-day. Don't delay.

Remember the name  
when you buy again.

New Book, 245 pages, invaluable to invalids. By the FOO & WING HERB CO., 903 South Main St., Los Angeles, Cal.



Dr. Foo Yuen, Dr. La Wing, Diagnosis and Examination Free.

THE NEW  
"Crystal Palace"  
IS NOW OPEN.  
MEYBERG BROS.,  
142-144 South Spring Street.

MORPHINE.  
And all other drug habits cured in 1 to 5 days. Home treatment sent to those who cannot come to office. Write for particulars. No experiments necessary. We guarantee a cure or no pay. DR. PEPPER & LAWRENCE, 119 1/2 S. Spring St.

CORDAN  
THE TAILOR  
100 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal.

New Fall Shoes  
HAMILTON & BAKER

Official Surgery.  
Cures chronic diseases when all others fail.  
Private Hospital.  
DR. PRITCHARD,  
165 N. Spring St.,  
Office Tel. Green 261. Res. Tel. White 3075.

Men's Suits  
Cleaned \$1.25  
Dress Skirts  
Cleaned 50c  
Expert work.  
BERLIN  
CLEANING AND  
DYING WORKS,  
242 S. Broadway,  
Tel. M. 674.

Conclusion of the  
Crespi Diary.

Life in Foreign  
Universities.

The  
Sunday  
Times

FOR  
OCTOBER 30  
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Clever and Breezy Stories.  
Interesting Special Articles.  
Unusually Large Magazine.

## SPECIAL ARTICLES:

FATHER CRESPI'S DIARY. *Finis.*

A record of the first journey made by Europeans through California; translated by Frank de Thoma.

STUDENT LIFE ABROAD.

Bewildering chaos of work and play in German universities; by J. Bond Francisco.

A DYING TYRANNY.

Last days of Spanish misery in tax-burdened Cuba; by Gilson Willets.

THE CAPITAL OF THE MAGELLANS.

How people live and do business in the lowest city of the globe; by Frank G. Carpenter.

THE WOOING OF HEAVENLY JEWEL.

A story of life in the Chinese quarter of San Francisco; by Isabel M. Austin.

WHAT HAPPENED TO ELEANOR.

Her family finally found out, and also discovered that she was unhurt; by Florence Finch Kelly.

PETER AND PAUL.

Oom Paul and Peter Gillingham, Irishman, Boss of the Transvaal; by Allen Sangree.

MAKING RAILWAYS SAFE.

The Dudley track inspection car that made possible the fast express; by Theodore Waters.

CANTLE IS ARRESTED.

His sad experience in the city jail and Police Court; by Benjamin Cantle.

LOOKING FORWARD.

The map of Asia in the Twentieth century; by I. L. N.

THE MODERN CRUSOE.

Truth of Louis de Rougemont's strange story is hotly assailed; by A. L. C.

THE NIGHT BEFORE EL CANEY.

An incident that took place in the Cuban bush; by Francis Kimball.

COSTLY FURS.

Elaborate process of curing which gives them their great worth; by Helen Hazeltine.

THE LITERARY OUTLOOK.

"Cyrano de Bergerac's" American boom as a book and a play; by E. C. Martin.

CONCERNING "THE CHRISTIAN."

Hall Caine's play and the controversy it has excited; by M. I.

ROCK OF AGES.

The cleft in Burrington Coombe that inspired the hymn; by Thomas Wild.

OUR MORNING SERMON.

The question of marriage and divorce; by Rev. Frank J. Mallett.

WOMAN AND HOME.

Victorian Pelegrines—Shawl styles prevail in all new winter wraps—The latest colors are vivid; by Mary Dean. My Lady's Table—All fashionable decorations must be white this year; by Fajina Enders. On the Links—Smart golf styles freshly imported from Scotland; by Millicent Arrowpoint. Dainty dishes for luncheons and teas; by Emily Ford.

OUR BOYS AND GIRLS.

The Conquering Hero—He comes and is welcomed by the children; by P. Y. Black. Fine Lungs and Legs—How boys can fit themselves to fight for Uncle Sam; by Orrin A. Marrin.

MUSIC AND MUSICIANS.

IN THE THEATRICAL WORLD.  
LITERATURE AND BOOK REVIEWS.

ALL THE NEWS OF THE DAY.  
THE CREAM OF SUNDAY STORIES.  
Only a Nickel.







## Reliable Business Houses Of Los Angeles.

### NITA BICYCLES \$35.

Milwaukee Bicycles \$25. Every wheel fully guaranteed. Honest wheels at cut rates.  
A. K. MAINES, 439 South Spring St.

### SNAP.

WE HAVE A FEW CARS of good old hay that were bought right and while it lasts will go for \$10.50 per ton.  
Phone Main 572.  
C. E. PRICE & CO., 609 South Olive street.

### GOOD CLEAN FEEDING HAY.

\$15 per ton. First class Hay, Grain, Coal and Wood always at bottom prices.  
1227 Figueroa street. Tel. West 211.  
SHATTUCK & DESMOND.

### HAY THERE!!!

If you are in the market for Hay in car lots call or write us. We can save you money. ARIZONA HAY AND GRAIN CO., 277 S. Los Angeles St.

### STEEL SIGNS

In any quantity, 1 to a million. Made of armor-plate steel. Indestructible, attractive. Cheaper than tin.  
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For the genuine Pennsylvania article. If you've ever used it you know it's the best coal on the market. W. E. CLARK, Phone West 60, 129 South Pearl St.

Advertisements in this column.

Terms and information can be had.

J. C. NEWITT, 424 S. Spring St.

## Sale of Millinery Models.

THEY all said that our Model Hats were the prettiest in town.

We only had a few for the benefit of our customers.

We don't do a Trimmed Hat business—just sell the untrimmed materials at cut rates. Now that we are through with the Model Hats we offer them at very advantageous (to you) prices. Anything we sell them for will be just that much profit to us. See them today.

Montgomery Bros.

120-122 H. Spring St.

New New Walkers

Latest style in Walking Hats that bear the stamp of exclusiveness.

Tam O'Shanter Shapes in new shades of bright green and cardinal.

Fedoras with chenille-dotted velvet band and quills.

Sailors trimmed with Bayadere stripes.

Children's Tam O'Shanter.

Children's Sailors with plaid sashes.

MARVEL CUT RATE.

MILLINERY CO.

241-243 S. Broadway.

We Move Monday.

Our new address will be 235 South Spring St.

We would be pleased to have you call and inspect our new quarters.

The store will be fitted up into the best appointed optical establishment on the Pacific Coast.

BOSTON OPTICAL CO., 225 W. SECOND ST. Kyte & Granicher.

DR. SOMERS

Treats successfully all Female Diseases and irregularities; also Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma and other pulmonary troubles by the latest improved methods. Twenty-five years experience. Consultation free.

Rooms 215-217 Carver Block, 212 W. Third St.

Guaranteed "Vim" Tires \$7.50 Pair.

We are So. California agents for these tires.

AVERY CYCLOERY, 410 S. Broadway. Wholesale—Phone Brown 1012.

Up-to-date Dentistry.

Painless filling and extracting. Best set of teeth \$10.00. Work done on all parts of mouth. Crowns and bridge work. Not to be surpassed.

DR. C. STEVENS, 107 N. Spring. Tel. Brown 1801.

ASTHMA

Bronchitis, Catarrh, Wasting, Nervous Diseases Cured!

Our Treatment Cures these Diseases where all else fails.

DR. GORDIN, Rooms 54-55 Bryson Block, 227 S. Spring, Los Angeles. Hours: 11 a.m. to 5 p.m. Sundays.

FREE Consultation and Examination

Geneva Watch & Optical Co., 353 South Spring St.

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Keep informed of what is going on; read the papers and magazines; save time from housework for rest and reading by using

Washing Powder

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THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

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THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

## BEN-BEY.

### SERIOUS! STARTLING! TERRIBLE!

Are some of the symptoms of Nervous Debility. If you fear some impending danger which does not exist; if you stagger without cause; if you are tired in the morning after being in bed all night; if there is a coated tongue; if there is a bad breath; with irregular and ever-shifting pains and aches, then you know that there is something wrong—very much wrong. What to do is the question.

No living physicians are so capable, so competent or so earnestly desirous of helping this class of sufferers as the BEN-BEY PHYSICIANS. They restore nervous harmony; they build up; they make strong; they develop weak organs; they stop prematurely; they stop all drains and losses; they restore the proper function to the weak.

Offer Extraordinary.

Free Consultation.

Any man afflicted with a seminal disorder who will bring or send us this coupon will be entitled to one month's free treatment.

BEN-BEY COMPANY, Mystic Physicians,

211-215 (inclusive) Nolan & Smith Block, Second and Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

WE offer a wide choice in Wedding Gifts including

Silver Articles, Cut Glass, Doulton China and Rookwood Ware.

Owing to our intended removal we have made very material reductions in price on the above lines. An inspection is cordially invited.

Montgomery Bros.

120-122 H. Spring St.

TO COLONIZE THE WEST.

William Smythe Speaks on the Problem of Colonizing California.

William E. Smythe of New York, a member of the National Irrigation Congress, addressed a fair-sized audience in the assembly room of the chamber of commerce yesterday afternoon on "The Problem of California Colonization." Mr. Smythe's main hobby, aside from his hope of colonizing the West with New Englanders, is the administration of towns and mercantile enterprises on a cooperative basis.

He says that as 73 per cent. of the people in the United States live in cities, and only 23 per cent. in the country, it stands to reason that the cities are overcrowded. Every one is proud of a growing city, he says, but no one is bolder to move to a city of a greater population than its industrial system will readily absorb and decently maintain. The surplus man in the city is an object of pity and a danger to society.

Then Mr. Smythe points out the necessity of this surplus humanity drifting back to the place from whence it came, the country. The speaker makes a business of colonization. He says he recently started a town in the northern part of California, and he is now in Idaho. He thinks his business is the salvation of the thousands who are out of work in the cities, but yet have several hundred dollars in capital. The best thing they can do with this money, in his opinion, if they are people from the far East of this country, is to come out to the West, where there is land that will bring them a good yearly income. In order to get people more thoroughly interested in his idea, Mr. Smythe endeavors to form a colonial club in each town that he visits. He says he started a club in Boston three years ago, of which Dr. Edward Everett Hale is a member.

California, the speaker said, offers more favorable opportunities to colonists than any other State in the West. Wherefore it is surprising to learn that, according to so good an authority as C. P. Huntington, the Sacramento Valley is reported to have less population today than it had twenty-five years ago. But this, he thinks, is owing to the irrigation developments about Merced, Fresno and Bakersfield. In the San Bernardino Valley only about 2 per cent. of the arable land is under cultivation, and little more can be said for the San Joaquin Valley. What these fertile regions need is population. There are vast amounts of surplus land, labor and capital in this country. Independently, nothing can be accomplished by any of these necessities to human progress, but unitedly they can do everything.

The trouble is, in the speaker's opinion,

that the man who needs to move hasn't the necessary capital, and the man who has the capital doesn't need to move. Therefore, the man of limited cash, who has saved from small earnings what he has, is idle in a New England manufacturing city and looking for a suitable investment, while the vast capital of the man of wealth is lying idle for want of investment.

The colonization idea is the only one, Mr. Smythe thinks, that finds a way for the two parties to come together. He pointed to prosperous Anaheim and Riverside as examples of towns founded by colonists.

The speaker also dwelt at length on the irrigation problem as it confronts the West, and went deeply into statistics and book lore concerning colonization schemes in this country and in England.

NOTICE OF APPEAL.

Local Stockholders of an Alien Corporation Shirk Liability.

Some of the bleached bones of the Los Angeles Iron and Steel Company were in evidence in Justice Owens' court yesterday, in the suit of William Kennedy vs. R. H. Herron and others.

There are thirteen defendants in this suit, all of whom were local stockholders in the Los Angeles Iron and Steel Company, a corporation organized under the laws of Colorado, but doing business in Los Angeles.

The company went into insolvency about a year ago, with a number of debts outstanding for wages, materials furnished, etc. William Kennedy, one of the small creditors, brought suit against some of the resident stockholders for the amount of his claim, approximately \$200. He was awarded judgment against twelve of the defendants, September 28, pro rata according to the amount of stock held by each. The thirteenth defendant, Stanton Duncan, escaped the fate of the others by showing that the stock in his hands was simply hypothecated to him as security for a loan of \$1000.

As this suit is but the forerunner of a number of others liable to be brought against the unfortunate stockholders, seven of the twelve against whom judgment has been rendered, have determined to contest the constitutionality of the proceedings, on the ground that the company being an alien corporation the stockholders in this State cannot be held individually responsible for its liabilities.

Defendants' attorneys in an appeal from the judgment of the Justice Court were accordingly filed yesterday in behalf of R. H. Herron, F. I. Herron, W. C. Patterson, C. F. Finney, L. L. Finney, F. E. Little and Thomas Brooks.

The judgments against these defendants individually range from \$1.65 to \$4.44. The cost of the appeal in most instances amounts to more than the judgment, but the defendants are bent on staving off execution of the judgments as long as possible.

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## LAUDANUM AND GAS.

### MRS. LLOYD'S DESPERATE EFFORT TO END HER LIFE.

She First Took Laudanum, Then Fastened One End of a Fountain Syringe to a Gas Jet, Putting the Other End in Her Mouth.

Mrs. Charles Lloyd, a young married woman, came to the conclusion some time Thursday night, yesterday morning that life is a hollow mockery, full of vexation of spirit and not worth the living anyhow, so she decided to put her troubles behind her, gently go to sleep and awake no more to a realization of earthly cares and sorrows.

With that end in view she sought the aid of laudanum and gas, but up to 10 o'clock last night she was still alive, with fair prospects of recovering.

Mrs. Lloyd is the wife of Charles Lloyd, a Wells-Fargo express messenger running on the Santa Fe. He is on the road four days, then has four days at home. He and his wife have not sailed the matrimonial sea in a canoe of roses, and a few days ago they agreed to separate. They have two children, aged 4 and 6 years, and each agreed to take one child and live separately. This plan was put into execution, but was evidently unsatisfactory, as, two days ago, before the husband left on his last trip, he took the child in his care to his wife and they made up their differences.

They agreed to let bygones be bygones, and start anew. Previously Mrs. Lloyd had returned to her father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. B. Jarvis of Pasadena. When she and her husband made up, however, the residence at No. 738 South Flower street was rented, and on Thursday Harry Lloyd, a brother of Charles Lloyd, removed one load of furniture from Pasadena to the house on Flower street, and Mrs. Lloyd staid there that night.

Yesterday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock Harry Lloyd arrived with another load of goods, and when he entered the house he found his sister-in-law in bed unconscious. He immediately rushed to Monckton's drug store, on the corner of Figueroa and Seventh streets, and telephoned for Dr. Trueworthy. After the doctor had worked for two and a half hours over the woman, she was deemed to be out of danger, and the doctor left, leaving her under the care of her father and mother, who had come from Pasadena on receipt of a telephone message.

A one-ounce bottle which had contained laudanum was found on the table beside the woman's bed. A fountain syringe was found attached to the gas jet, the end of the tube being in the woman's mouth. The indications were that on retiring Thursday night the woman had taken the laudanum. The drug was probably too weak to cause death, and, on waking up yesterday and finding she was still alive, she fastened the fountain syringe to the gas jet, turned on the gas, got into bed again and put the end of the tube into her mouth. That is the most likely theory, the neighbors say no one was astray in the house all day yesterday. If she had taken the laudanum and turned on the gas Thursday night, she would not have been alive when found.

Mr. Lloyd is expected home this morning. The immediate cause of the act is not known, as she was still unconscious last night, but she probably got to bro



THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY  
PUBLISHERS OF THE  
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Counting Room and Subscription Department, first floor.  
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Eastern Agents—Williams &amp; Lawrence 59 Tribune Bldg., New York; 87 Washington St. Chicago.

Founded Dec. 4, 1881.

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Daily Net Average for 1898.....18,091  
Daily Average for 12 months of 1897.....15,254  
Sunday Average for 12 months of 1897.....35,382  
NEARLY 600,000 COPIES A MONTH.

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## AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

BURBANK—Oliver Twist. (Matinee: Ingo-Mar.)  
ORPHEUM—Vaudeville.

## TERRITORIAL EXPANSION.

There can be no doubt that the question as to the disposition of the territory which the United States has wrested from Spain will become an important issue in the politics of this country in the near future. Such an outcome seems inevitable in the very nature of things. The issue is one of great and vital importance and there is considerable diversity of opinion on the subject among the American people. These conditions will operate to make of the question a political issue.

Up to the present time, the question of territorial expansion has not presented itself in such form as to offer distinct grounds for partisan alignment on the one side or the other. The issue is still in a tentative stage. Public opinion is much divided and it has not had an opportunity to crystallize around definite policies and well-defined purposes. Neither of the great parties has taken an out-and-out stand for or against the extension of our national boundaries. Just at the close of hostilities, in the late war, an attempt was made on the part of certain Democratic leaders to commit that party to a policy of opposition to territorial expansion. But the effort immediately raised a great tempest in the Democratic camp and it was speedily abandoned. The silence of Democratic platforms on the subject, since, has been so profound as to be really oppressive. No man—not even the redoubtable Col. W. J. Bryan himself, who is generally regarded as the great high priest of latter-day Democracy—can tell, today, exactly where that party stands on the subject.

The Republican party, on the other hand, while not absolutely and irrevocably committed to a thick-and-thin policy of territorial expansion, is to all intents and purposes leaning distinctly toward such policy. The recent speeches of President McKinley have tended strongly to confirm the Republican party in this attitude, and as events develop, in all probability the party will take decided and advanced ground in favor of extending our jurisdiction, whenever we can do so consistently, with benefit to ourselves and to the human race at large. The Republican policy will also contemplate, no doubt, the establishment of a well-defined colonial system, adapted to the needs of our new possessions.

It may be set down as a matter of course that the Democratic party will oppose any policy that may be adopted by the Republican party, as it is a part of the Democratic religion to be "agin the government." We may confidently expect, therefore, to find the Democrats in the next general campaign opposed, tooth and nail, to the policy of extending our territorial limits beyond existing boundaries. The issues will thus, in course of time, be clearly defined and closely drawn along party lines.

It is true that the question of territorial expansion does not enter directly into the election to be held on the 8th day of November next. But, in view of the almost certain party alignment on this question in the near future it is clearly an issue of the present campaign. Voters who cast their ballots for the Republican candidates will vote indirectly to sustain the administration in the policy of extending our jurisdiction over the territory which has come into our possession as a consequence of the war. To vote against the Republican candidates will be to vote against sustaining that policy. These facts should be borne in mind by progressive Democrats at the coming election. Democrats of this class will prefer to align themselves with the hosts of progress rather than to permit themselves to be crushed by the juggernaut wheels of Democratic retrogression.

The example set by Gen. Merritt, in taking to himself a fair young bride, is being quite generally followed by the soldiers about to depart for Manila. It is part of a soldier's duty to follow his leader and we are pleased to see how gallantly the Philippine commander's subordinates are keeping step to the matrimonial advance.

The American Peace Commissioners to the Spanish Peace Commissioners: "And now let's converse about the Philippines."

## CONCRETE FOR THE ASSEMBLY.

One of the best men selected by the late Republican convention for nomination to office, was N. P. Conrey, candidate for Assembly in the Seventy-fifth District—a district in which hard work will be necessary in order to overcome the enemy.

Mr. Conrey is a gentleman of the highest character and of splendid ability. He has made a record on the school board of the city of Los Angeles which warrants the people in advancing him to the position of representative in the Legislature, a position to which he will bring strength of character, sterling integrity and that manliness which counts for so much in candidates for public favor.

The nominee of the Republicans in the Seventy-fifth District has the courage of his convictions, and if sent to Sacramento as a representative from this county he will reflect credit upon his constituents by doing his whole duty without fear or favor. Mr. Conrey is not a demagogue, and on the other hand he is not a man who can be swayed from the strict line of right by any interest in the land, no matter how powerful that interest may be.

We commend this candidate to the voters of his district as one eminently worthy of their support, for he is a man among men, a gentleman, a scholar and a good citizen, who ranks among the very best in this community. Republicans should rally loyally to his support.

## MUNICIPAL WATERWORKS IN ENGLAND.

While many American cities have successfully adopted the municipal ownership of water, and others are following the example, we are still, in this respect, far behind England, where the municipal ownership of water has made immense strides during the past few years, and has become the rule, rather than the exception. As is shown by a writer in the Sacramento Bee, who has thoroughly investigated the question, the large British cities have had the wisdom to perceive of late that a good water supply is the most imperative of all local considerations. They have learned that a public supply is desirable, because no private company can find it profitable to take account of the motive that should govern the fixing of a permanent system. The costly supplies of pure water will result in a wonderful variety of indirect compensating advantages to their respective communities, and considered as public investments, are unimpeachably sound, but as private investments, they would have been ruinous for the reason that a private company could not have turned indirect benefits into cash dividends.

The tendency of late in English cities has been to obtain pure water from high sources, so that it may be introduced and distributed by gravity, thus saving pumping expense, and supplying force by hydraulic power besides furnishing a ready supply of water, under pressure, for fire purposes. In many cases English cities have gone long distances for their water. Liverpool brings its water from a point in Wales sixty-eight miles distant. Bradford goes a distance of forty miles. Cardiff purchased the works of a private water company, twenty years ago, at a cost of \$1,500,000, and has since spent \$3,000,000 more in bringing water from a distance of thirty-two miles. Bolton, a city not much larger than Los Angeles, has spent \$4,000,000 on its water system. Sheffield purchased waterworks from a private company for \$7,500,000 and is improving them. The magnitude of municipal investments in waterworks may be illustrated by the statement that the outstanding indebtedness of English and Welsh local authorities, on account of this one item, has reached \$200,000,000, and is nearly one-fifth of the aggregate of local debts. Most of this vast outlay has been incurred since 1870.

Those who pretend that the municipal ownership of waterworks is an untried and dubious plan are either woefully ignorant of the facts or else are wilfully attempting to mislead the public. A distinguished citizen and official of the United States government, the Hon. Webster Davis, Assistant Secretary of the Interior, is to give a public reception at the Chamber of Commerce this afternoon. Our people, regardless of party, should turn out to do the gentleman honor, for the affair is wholly of a non-partisan character and entirely in keeping with the way other distinguished men have been entertained by the people of Los Angeles. Mr. Davis will be met and greeted as becomes the greeting to a prominent official, and it is to be hoped that our citizens will do the honors in their usually generous and hospitable manner, as befits the occasion.

Uncle Collis says, of course, that the railroad is not in politics, but then, you know, Uncle is one of the famous jokers in this country, and his jokes are so subtle that more than half the time he does not get on to the nub of them himself. This statement of the great jester may be looked upon, however, as something that the whole people of California are on to. Where Uncle is "out of politics" it will be when he is under something like six feet of American or other soil.

The people of Kansas and the Northwest will be excused if in their Thanksgiving services they omit references to the clause in the President's proclamation which mentions "the mildness of the seasons." This clause was probably written before the President heard of those blizzards.

The railroad rumors that are in circulation in this city are of the important, if true class. If the Vanderbilt interests propose to tap this coast and thus complete a line under one management, from ocean to ocean, they will introduce into transcontinental traffic an element of competition which cannot fail to have a highly beneficial effect on local interests at this end of the line. Chauncey M. Depew's recent remarks on the outlook for commercial growth on the Pacific Coast indicate that the Vanderbilt interests are awake to the importance of getting a foothold here.

Those Spanish Peace Commissioners have put off the fatal day of talking about the Philippine question quite successfully, but in the language of the street they are at last "up against it." The final result will consist in further dispensations of grief for Spain.

Now here is familiarity for you. The Associated Press reporters are calling our distinguished red fellow-countryman, Bog-Ah-Mah-Ge-Shirk, "Old Bog." Such work as this is enough to drive any self-respecting Indian off the reservation and onto the warpath.

The Cubans appear to be dissatisfied with American methods, but American rationales continue to be universally popular with that people. We ought to be thankful that there is something about us the islanders are able to look upon with approval.

We have nothing like a strike, an Indian war, or a Dreyfus case in Los Angeles, but the rest of the world need not put on any airs over us, for we have a church fight on hand which promises to develop into something just lovely.

It is safe to say that the Philadelphia policeman who stopped the team which was running away with Vice-President Hobart, will get something more than his salary for yesterday's services—and he deserves all he will get.

The Spanish Peace Commissioners have been receiving so many shocks of late that their nerves must be in some such condition as Admiral Cervera's were the day after that famous engagement in front of Santiago.

Spain's scheme to unload the Cuban debt upon the fellow who gave her a sound drubbing is very pretty, as a play, but as usual the fellow who does the dancing is to be called upon to pay the piper.

Jerry Simpson says the President is not great, but "honest and weak." The Kansas tornado should, to be consistent, have added, "he also wears socks and is therefore a creature to be abhorred."

If the plan of enlisting Spaniards and Cubans in the United States army in Cuba is adopted, it may be necessary to sandwich a Yankee or two between every pair of the foreigners.

There is nothing the matter with this spell of weather, so far as human comfort goes, but, if it is all the same to the weather bureau, a rainstorm of ample proportions would not come amiss.

The new lion in London is Gen. Kitchener, and it is to be observed that he deserves to be a lion; which is more than can be said of some of the people over whom London goes daff.

Just now there appears to be a deep gulf between France and the possibility of a peace jubilee, but the bridges on the road to trouble for that country are in excellent repair.

Collis P. Huntington says Candidate Maguire is a "bad man." Should Mr. Maguire retort, "you're another" we know of plenty of people who would feel inclined to applaud.

The sight of a few Yankee ships like the Iowa, Brooklyn and Indiana in the Cadiz offing might act as an effective persuader in hastening the Parisian peace negotiations.

We trust there are turkeys in Manila, that Admiral Dewey may take a hand with us in offering a few choice drumsticks, second-joints and breasts of thanks next month.

A New York paper says: "Charlotte Smith is after the bachelors again." Boys, if you will take our advice, you would better make a break for the brush.

The cable dispatches from Paris indicate that the discussion of the Cuban question is closed, but they fail to tell us what is to become of all that barbed wire.

The cruiser Buffalo is going to Manila by the way of the Suez Canal. Should an enemy cross her path he will do well to look out for the Buffalo's horns.

The people of California rejoice to see Willie Hearst and John D. Spreckels in the act of nailing each other to the cross, for it is where they both belong.

The effort to prove that Admiral Schley is a coward is given a setback when the admiral points to the holes in the water where those ships went down.

The nurses who die from diseases contracted in the military camps or hospitals are no less martyrs for their country than the soldiers who die in battle.

Congressman Bailey has bought a farm in Kentucky and is going to raise horses. This is a better vocation than raising hogs in Congress.

As a condensed history of this nation for the past year, the retrospect in the President's Thanksgiving proclamation would be hard to excel.

Spain was anxious to remove her guns from Cuba, but it is believed she can be reconciled to leaving the rifle pits and trenches behind.

The country would like to hear what the National Woman's Council, in session at Omaha, has to say on the baby question.

The people of Illinois, since their experience with Tanner, would be justified in singing, "We want our Altgeld back."

France to Marchand: "Come back, old man, our little bluff in Fashoda failed to work."

Spain's creditors have every reason to believe that the late war was a dismal failure.

If this thing keeps on, almost any of us can afford to take sugar in our street-sweeper a great politician.

That sugar war is one of the sweetest things that ever happened.

**The Playhouses**

ATTRACTIONS TONIGHT: This evening will see the presentation at the Burbank of "Oliver Twist," the play in which Nance O'Neil has made her strongest hit as Nancy Sykes. McKee Rankin will play Bill Sykes.

**THE REGULAR ARMY MAN.**

He ain't no gold-lace "Belvidere,"  
Ter sparks in the sun.  
He don't parade with gay cockade  
And posies in his gun;  
He ain't no "pretty soldier boy,"  
So lovely, spry and span;  
He wears a crust of tan and dust,  
The regular army man;  
The marching, marching,  
Pipe-clay starching,  
Regular army man.

He ain't at home in Sunday-school,  
Nor yet at social tea,  
He's apt to get his pay  
He's apt to get his pay  
He ain't no temperance advocate,  
He likes to all the can,  
He's kinder rough, an' maybe tough,  
The regular army man;  
The "farin",  
Sometimes sweatin',  
Regular army man.

No "let's" call him "noble son,"  
When he goes off to war,  
But let a row start any how,  
They'll send for him, you bet.  
He'll make his little knapsack up  
In fashion's social plan;  
He gets the job to face a mob,  
The regular army man;  
The "farin",  
Made for killing,  
Regular army man.

They ain't no tears shed over him  
When he goes off to war,  
He ain't no speech nor prayerful "preach"  
From Mayor or Governor;  
He takes his little knapsack up  
And trots off in the van,  
Ter start the fight, and start it right;  
The regular army man;  
The "farin",  
Colt or Gatling,  
Regular army man.

He makes no fuss about the job,  
He don't talk big or brave,  
He knows he's in ter fight and win,  
Or help fill up a grave;  
He ain't no "woman's dardia," but  
He does the best he can,  
And he's the chap that wins the scrap,  
The regular army man;  
The "farin",  
Made for killing,  
Regular army man.

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**BIG TOBACCO COMBINE.**

Syndicate Formed to Finance the Proposed Organization.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—A news bureau says a syndicate has been organized for financing the proposed organization of a company to be called the Continental Tobacco Company, which company will acquire the following concerns: John Finzer & Co., Louisville, Ky.; P. H. Mayor & Bro. (Incorporated), Richmond, Va.; Daniel Scotten & Co., Detroit, Mich.; the P. J. Borg Company, Middletown, O.; Hardie, Weissenger Tobacco Company, Louisville, Ky., and the P. J. Lorillard Company, Jersey City, N. J.

All the properties, receipts and assets of the various companies will be taken except in the case of Lorillard Company, where all the stock to the value of \$7,000,000, is purchased, thus giving the entire control of that company, its organization being maintained, and in the case of the American Tobacco Company, the Continental Company purchases from that company the plug tobacco business and assets pertaining thereto, the American Company retiring from the business of manufacturing plug tobacco.

While some of the concerns manufacture snuff and smoking tobacco and will continue to do so, their existing business in those lines is concerned, the principal business of the concern will be the manufacture of plug tobacco. The output of plug tobacco of the different concerns acquired aggregates over one hundred million pounds per annum, and is expected that a net profit of at least a cent a pound can be realized largely by reduction in the advertising, selling and manufacturing costs. The new company will issue \$30,000,000 of preferred 7 per cent non-cumulative stock and \$30,000,000 common stock. The manufacturers accept in payment for their properties common and preferred stock to the amount of about \$46,000,000, leaving \$8,000,000 to be raised for taking certain cash payments and providing additional working capital.

**Peru Willing to Pay.**  
LIMA (Peru), Oct. 28.—The Peruvian government has agreed to pay to the vote the sum of \$40,000 to pay the claim of Victor H. MacCord, consular agent of the United States at Arequipa, Peru, in 1895, against the government for damages sustained by imprisonment during the revolutionary outbreak of the Rt. Hon. Samuel Strong, president of the Supreme Court of Canada.

**The President's Registration.**  
CLEVELAND (O.), Oct. 28.—A special from Canton, O., says: "Amidst registration has been received from President McKinley by Hon. Thomas Turner. The President swears it is impossible for him to be in Canton on any registration day."

## PREVAILING DISEASES.

SANITARY CONDITIONS AT PORTO RICO—DR. SALOMON'S REPORT.

Only Three Towns With Regular Water Supply—No Sewerage System—Soldiers to Blame for Much of Their Illness—Admirable Hospitals Excellently Managed.

[A. F. EARLY MORNING REPORT.]  
NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—Dr. Lucien F. Salomon, who for ten years was secretary of the State Board of Health of Louisiana, and is one of the most prominent practicing physicians in New Orleans, is in New York, having just returned from Porto Rico, whither he went three weeks ago on a special mission for the Louisiana State Board of Health to study conditions in the island, and especially regarding contagious and infectious diseases, with a view of framing any quarantine regulations found necessary when commercial relations with the island are established. Dr. Salomon visited Ponce, San Juan, Mayaguez and several small towns in the interior. He sailed on October 17 from New York on the transport Victor, and returned on the Manitoa.

Dr. Salomon said that while the general health conditions on the island are bad, he found no contagious or infectious diseases, except smallpox, which is always there in limited extent. When he left Ponce last Saturday there were fourteen cases of smallpox in the pesthouse outside the city, gathered from the Ponce district, but none in the city itself. There was no yellow fever on the island at the time of his visit, and previously only one authentic case among the United States troops at Ponce, the origin of which could not be traced. There was also one case reported at Mayaguez about two months ago. Dr. Salomon said, had been introduced from time to time by Spanish troops, but had never gained a foothold. The most serious epidemic was eight years ago, but there has been none since.

Prevailing diseases in the island, Dr. Salomon found, are typhoid fever in mild form, malarial fever, and continued malarial fever by the resident physicians, and tuberculosis, which is prevalent. The prevalence of the latter disease he considers due to the poverty and habits of the people, whose food is lacking in nourishment, and whose homes are unsanitary. The mortality among people from novel complaints is very large, fully 60 per cent. of the deaths in the island being in this class. The sanitary conditions of the towns is very bad, and in three towns on the island—Ponce, Mayaguez and Yauco—have a regular water supply. Ponce has a partial but wholly inadequate system. There is absolutely no sewerage system.

The health of the United States troops quartered in Porto Rico, Dr. Salomon declared, is good. Less than 10 per cent. of them being constantly ill from typhoid or enteric fever. Last Friday when he visited the general hospital at Ponce he found only three cases. Much of this illness, he declares is due to bad water and for much of it, he says, the soldiers themselves are to blame. They eat uncooked food, and anything they can get and especially large quantities of a particularly vile quality of rum manufactured on the island. He found that the barracks are, he declares, admirably suited for this purpose and excellently managed by the American surgeons. There is much sickness among the troops, and a great deal of discontent at the prospect of garrison duty.

The effect of these conditions, Dr. Salomon said, is to make the troops desire to remain. The population is not divided and only about half of it is classed as white, and they are very much mixed in color. Dr. Salomon will recommend that no quarantine be established against Porto Rico by the State of Louisiana. He considers the prospects of the United States in Porto Rico and the United States excellent. Coffee and sugar of excellent quality are grown there, and, he declares, be largely exported. Tobacco is also grown, but except in one small district near El Caney, it is of inferior quality.

**WOMAN'S TROUSERS**

Appropriated by Man Soon as He Could Tend to Business.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]  
OMAHA, Oct. 28.—Dress, particularly the short-skirted kind, was the main topic of the Women's National Council today. A report from the Committee at Dress was presented by Mrs. Frances W. Leiter of Mansfield, O. The dress bulletins had to be suspended for lack of funds.

Rev. Anna Shaw, who presided; Susan B. Anthony, Mrs. Louise Bateson Robbins, Mrs. Clara Bewick Colby of Washington, D. C., former president of the Nebraska W.C.T.U., all took part in the discussion. The reform, and some interesting points were brought out, such as man's appropriation of trousers, which had been the property of women, when man was the warrior and did not have time to attend to any business; the effect of short skirts upon the morals of young men, and the need of the latter to be disciplined by the constant object lesson of the former (which was Miss Shaw's idea), and finally the anatomical information that the true distinction of the body is just below the "stable" ribs.

Mrs. Leiter said the true art model has no dividing line, and when woman has a round form she is laced because the true human form is oval. She believed the Russian law compelling girls at school to leave off the girdles during physical exercises ought to be adopted in this country.

Mrs. J. E. Ells, chairman of the Committee on Domestic Science, which had been prepared by Mrs. Helen Campbell of Denver and Mrs. Susan Young of Salt Lake City, Utah, a daughter of Brigham Young, read a paper on the relation of capital and labor, as applied to domestic service.

**"UNION TOBACCO COMPANY."**

Not Yet Understood, but No Longer Believed a Bluff.

[A. F. EARLY MORNING REPORT.]  
NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—The Times says in regard to the new Union Tobacco Company of America, that the enterprise is general in Wall street that its promoters, as a \$10,000,000 corporation, through Seward, Guthrie and Steele, comprise all, or nearly all, of the most wealthy and experienced tobacco men hostile to the American Tobacco Company. Many who are inclined to the belief that the Union was a "bluff" corporation in the interest of stock-jobbers, have changed their opinion, while the real character of the enterprise has not yet developed. The impression remains strong that James G. and William F. Butler of St. Louis and W. H. Ellis of Baltimore will be prominent in the affairs of the union. All have been prominent in the American Tobacco Company or have been officers in it, and are now hostile to it. If what appears to have leaked out in regard to the union is correct, it will manufacture cigarettes and smoking tobacco.

In regard to the plug deal by the American Tobacco Company, while its officers will not discuss the subject, statements regarded as semi-official were that it would be carried out. On

the other hand, Wall-street dispatches were that P. J. Sorg of Cincinnati had denied that he sold or transferred his factory, and that no proposition had been made to the John Finzer & Co. Company of Louisville. It is estimated beyond doubt that the International Tobacco Company, just organized at Albany, N. Y., and capitalized at \$50,000, is not in any way connected with the American Tobacco Company, but is an independent concern, created by the combining of several small manufacturers of cigarettes and other tobaccos. Herman Wasserman, who is identified with the company, said its manufactures will be for South America and Europe.

## A BEAUTIFUL BRIDE.

The One Dr. Grossbeck is Bringing to Pasadena.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]  
CHICAGO, Oct. 28.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Dr. Charles E. Grossbeck of Pasadena was married in Chicago tonight to Miss Catherine Block, the beautiful daughter of William T. Block, the millionaire drug manufacturer and mineral-spring owner. The ceremony was celebrated at the home of the bride's parents this evening. There were no attendants, and only fifty guests were present, those being members of the family and near relatives.

A mandolin orchestra furnished music, and a small reception was held, after which refreshments were served. The bride, who is a pretty Woodlawn belle, looked charming in her bridal trappings. Mr. and Mrs. Grossbeck started for Pasadena, where they first met, and where they will reside.

## IMPORTANT DECISION.

Council Fees for Street-railway Franchises Authorized in Illinois.

[A. F. EARLY MORNING REPORT.]  
CHICAGO, Oct. 28.—The Illinois Supreme Court has decided that the City Council may insist on compensation for street railway franchises. Corporation Counsel Thornton says the city's victory in this case will be of sweeping significance in the matters of grants, because it establishes the right of compensation without any limitation. The decision was given in the appeal of the Chicago General Railway Company against a judgment of \$250,000 by the city to recover damages on the bond of the company. The ordinance granting the right to the company to operate a street car line, imposed an annual license fee of \$500 for every mile of track.

The company protested against the payment of this fee. The Supreme Court upheld the right of the city to impose such a fee, and made a broader ruling. It held that the city could insist on compensation for use of the franchise. The Chicago General Railway Company contended that the ordinance was a violation of the Federal and State constitutions, and the State Bill of Rights, in that the company was denied equal protection of the law. The city was forced to part with it without due process of law. The company maintained that the ordinance was in the nature of a class license, and no such fee had been demanded from other street railway companies in the past.

Justice Wilkins gave the opinion in the case, and on the point of the city insisting on the additional condition of a \$500 license fee, he says: "It was clearly within the power of the Council by its ordinance to make this condition if it so desired. It is now claimed the condition is unreasonable, or against public policy and therefore void. It is not. The city is within its rights in the acts of the City Council which are within its discretion and with the grant of power to it."

Corporation Counsel Thornton says: "The decision will have a tremendous bearing on the question of granting street railway franchises. It makes plain the right of the city to insist on compensation for the use of the streets."

## ILL-FATED CREW.

They Went Down With the Duty on Lake Michigan.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]  
ST. CLOUD, Minn., Oct. 28.—The steamer H. R. Doty, which was lost during the recent great storm on Lake Michigan, was owned by the Cayahoga Transit Company of this city. She carried a crew of sixteen men. Following is the crew:

CHIEF ENGINEER, FRANK SMITH, captain.  
HENRY SHARP, mate.  
W. J. HOESIE, second mate.  
THOMAS ABERNATHY, engineer.  
C. W. GIBSON, third engineer.  
GEORGE WADKIN, oiler.  
L. GOSSE, steward.  
W. J. SCOTT, cook.

CHARLES H. ELLIS, watchman.  
PETER G. PETERSON, wheelman.  
ALBERT NELSON, assistant wheelman.  
JOSEPH FITZSIMMONS, fireman.

A. HOWE.  
F. P. ARMUTH.  
C. C. CURTIS, deck hand.  
WILLIAM E. BARNES, deck hand.  
P. ADRIAN, deck hand.

These were the men on the boat October 8, when they were last off. The Doty was a wooden steamer, and built at West Bay City, Mich., in 1893. Her capacity was 1799 net tons. She was 291 feet long and 41 feet beam. Her insurance valuation was \$150,000.

**Their Majesties at Jaffa.**  
JAFFA (Palestine), Oct. 28.—The Emperor and Empress of Germany were warmly welcomed to their arrival yesterday after a hot and tiring eight-hour drive from Haifa, by the German residents here. Their Majesties will remain in Jaffa until the 31st, and will then proceed to the camp at Bab el Ward and expect to reach Jerusalem on Saturday.

**President at Washington.**  
WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—The train bearing Mr. McKinley and party on their return from the Philadelphia peace jubilee, reached here today.

**Awarded**  
Highest Honors—World's Fair.  
Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.

**DR. PRICE'S**

**CREAM**

**BAKING**

**POWDER**

**MOST PERFECT MADE.**

A pure Grain of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

In all the great Hotels, the leading Clubs and the homes, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder holds its supremacy.

**40 Years the Standard.**



# The Times

## THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Oct. 28.—[Reported by George B. Franklin, Local Forecast Official.] At 5 o'clock a.m. the thermometer registered 59.7; at 5 p.m., 59.5. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 47 deg. and 66 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 86 per cent.; 5 p.m., 73 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., calm; 5 p.m., southwest, velocity 5 miles. Maximum temperature, 74 deg.; minimum temperature, 45 deg. Barometer reduced to sea level.

## DRY BULB TEMPERATURE.

Los Angeles ..... 48 San Francisco ..... 56  
San Diego ..... 54 Portland ..... 46

**Weather Conditions.**—The pressure continues high on the North Pacific Slope and in the mountain regions, and low in Southern California. The pressure is also low in the Upper Missouri Valley, accompanied by cloudy weather and snow. The temperature has risen slightly or remained stationary in the plateau and mountain regions and in California, except in the vicinity of Point Conception, where it has fallen materially. Rain has fallen at Tacoma. Elsewhere on the Coast generally fair weather prevails. The clouds generally fair weather prevails.

## FORECASTS.

Local forecast for Los Angeles and vicinity: Fair tonight and Saturday. SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.—For Southern California: Partly cloudy Saturday; fresh west wind.

## ALL ALONG THE LINE.

Harry Clark, whether he is a bold and brutal murderer or an "innocent kid," is certainly a self-possessed young man.

All the surface of Broadway having been torn up recently, except that occupied by the slot rails, the railway company will now proceed to tear up the slot rails.

Globe, Ariz., has blossomed out with a new newspaper. It is named the Times and is Republican in politics, both of which facts are creditable to its publishers.

The war is over, for the present at least, and the man who toots a bugle and rides a horse caparisoned with bullet boards is persona non grata in the streets of Los Angeles.

Seattle is now making an effort to get the meeting of the National Educational Association. If the members of that association do not know better than to go to Seattle when they might come to Los Angeles, they are not fit to teach school.

Men may have honorable titles and still play the parts of a brute. This was shown at Visalia on Wednesday, when a doctor took offense at remarks made in the Visalia Delta, in reference to his brother, a Judge, and, seeing one of the proprietors of the Delta talking with the Judge on the street, stepped up unexpectedly and, without warning, brutally assaulted the newspaper man.

The Californian claims for Bakersfield the distinction of having an industry which is the only one of its kind in America. On Wednesday of this week a mill was started there for the preparation of fullers earth for the market. There is a vast deposit of this earth on Peck Creek, from which the supply for the new mill is obtained, but it is found nowhere else in this country. In quality this mineral is said to be superior to that found in England, where the market supply has heretofore been obtained.

One of the most remarkable cases with which the medical profession has had to do in many a day is that of Miss Alida Wilbur of San Francisco. Miss Wilbur was asphyxiated by gas on February 14 last, and has been in a trance-like condition ever since. For a long time her death was daily expected, but she is now improving, has recovered the sense of touch, eats heartily and sits up every day. Singularly, however, she is unable as yet to recognize even her own mother. She has been visited by about fifty physicians and letters suggesting methods of treatment have been received from all parts of the country.

## PROPOSED NEW CHARTER.

Board of Freeholders Plan How to Get it Passed by the People.

The Board of Freeholders held an unofficial meeting last night in the chambers of the City Council to discuss means for furthering the interests of the proposed new city charter. The members present were Maj. H. T. Lee, N. J. Newman, Judge Groff, Maj. Nolan, H. T. Hazard, J. B. Davidson, Albert H. Crutcher and Dr. Davidson. The principal question discussed was how to get the salient features of the new charter before the people in time to have them vote upon it at the next election. The same question had been discussed before, and it had been decided to prepare a synopsis of the charter, and have it published in the newspapers. The committee appointed to do this work reported that they had completed their labors and that the synopsis consisted of about seven thousand words. Maj. Lee stated that he had spoken to the publishers of the various newspapers in the city with a view to plan to print this synopsis in pamphlet form and have it mailed to voters by the County Clerk at the same time that he sends out the ballots, as required by law. It was decided, however, that it was better not to try to do this, as it might be an infringement on some election regulation to include anything else in the envelopes containing the election ballots.

It was decided that the best plan to get the synopsis of the proposed charter before the people would be to have copies of it printed and ask the newspaper publishers to circulate them through the city with their papers. A committee was appointed on ways and means to carry out this plan as follows: Kasper Kohn, Judge Groff, Octavius Morgan and Dr. Davidson. These gentlemen will raise money by subscriptions to carry out the work. Another plan discussed to further the interests of the proposed charter was to have a committee wait upon the city council committees of the various political orders and seek their endorsement of the charter. The speakers of the various organizations will be asked to discuss the charter at political meetings. A committee known as the Campaign Committee was appointed to carry out this plan as follows: A. M. Stephens, R. H. F. Varley, M. L. Graff, J. B. Millard and H. T. Hazard.

IF YOU find it hard to get a whisky that just suits your taste, try Wilson Rye. Very mellow. Woolcott, agent, 124 N. Spring.

**ADVANCE IN PASSENGER RATES.**  
On November 1 the Santa Fe will advance rates to Chicago, first class, from \$67.75 to \$69.50; second class, from \$47.75 to \$49.50, and to points east of Chicago in same proportion.

## WAS AN HONORED GUEST

C. WILSON PORTER'S ANSWER TO MRS. BANNING'S SUIT.

He Asks for a Bill of Particulars and Enters a General Denial. Services as Night Watchman and Costly Presents Offset Her Claim for Compensation.

C. Wilson Porter has made answer to Mrs. Mary Banning's complaint that he owes her \$210 for board and lodgings. He not only denies generally and specifically each and every allegation of the said complaint, but asks for a bill of particulars, setting forth in detail the number of eggs he is supposed to have eaten, the number of cups of coffee partaken of, and the amount of other beverages and viands consumed at Mrs. Banning's breakfast table, and in short a full accounting of the various unpaid amounts for accommodations he enjoyed.

Mr. Porter's answer was filed with the clerk of Justice Morrison's court by the defendant's attorneys, Flint & Barker, yesterday afternoon. The line of defense therein contained is that Mr. Porter, all the while he was enjoying Mrs. Banning's hospitality, considered himself her honored guest and remained on the most friendly relations with her up to the very time that she brought this suit. He further alleges that the value of the accommodations he was favored with at her expense is more than offset by the services he performed by protecting the female of the household with his manly presence, and the costly gifts he presented plaintiff and members of her household during the period of their friendship.

In view of these premises, Mr. Porter considers Mrs. Banning's claim for compensation as sublimely ridiculous. He prays the court to dismiss her suit, and that the value of the accommodations he was favored with at her expense is more than offset by the services he performed by protecting the female of the household with his manly presence, and the costly gifts he presented plaintiff and members of her household during the period of their friendship.

Instead of answering in his own plain, blunt language, Mr. Porter has directed his attorneys to state his defense in the dry verbiage of the law as follows: "The defendant alleges that on the 12th day of December, 1897, and for some months prior thereto, plaintiff and defendant were on terms of close friendship; that plaintiff was then a woman of mature years, maintaining a handsome establishment in the city of Los Angeles, and was reputed to be possessed of such means and of such reputed social position as that defendant felt justified in accepting from her an invitation to become her guest at her said residence; that plaintiff did then and there invite defendant to become her guest as aforesaid, and to remain at her said home, then and there to enjoy her hospitality and such food, attendance and necessities as would usually and ordinarily be furnished by a hostess of unlimited means to an honored guest; that defendant did then and there accept said invitation and become a guest of plaintiff at her said home; that plaintiff then and there invited and urged defendant to remain at her said home for an indefinite period of time; that while defendant so, as aforesaid, remained at the home of plaintiff, defendant was treated by plaintiff and her servants, and by the other members of plaintiff's household, in all respects as an honored guest; that there was nothing in the conduct of plaintiff or the said members of her household, or in her attitude toward defendant, that in any manner indicated to defendant that plaintiff's said establishment was an inn or boarding-house, or that plaintiff furnished food, attendance or necessities for hire or as a matter of business, either to her friends or others, and defendant avers that he never was informed by plaintiff, or any other person, either prior to accepting the said invitation or thereafter, while a guest at plaintiff's house, that plaintiff conducted an inn or boarding-house or furnished food, attendance or necessities for hire or profit, but such facts, if they existed, were by plaintiff concealed from defendant; that plaintiff never intimated or in any manner indicated to defendant that he was expected to pay for such food, attendance and necessities as he received at her said home, and no demand has at any time been made upon defendant by plaintiff for payment for the same.

"Defendant further avers that there never was at any time any agreement between plaintiff and defendant as to payment or compensation for said accommodations. "Defendant further avers that while said defendant was a guest at aforesaid at the home of plaintiff, plaintiff announced her intention to leave the city of Los Angeles for a short time, and invited and urged defendant to remain at her said home until her return, and upon such invitation and request, and at the request of the housekeeper, plaintiff, defendant continued after plaintiff's departure, at great personal inconvenience to himself, to remain at her said home; that plaintiff and her said housekeeper urged that defendant would be doing them an especial favor by so remaining, for the reason that, unless defendant did so remain, the servants of plaintiff, all of whom were females, would be left entirely alone. And for such reason, defendant did consent to remain until plaintiff's return, occupying a sleeping apartment at the home of plaintiff, and taking his breakfast there, but not enjoying the hospitality of plaintiff during her absence as aforesaid.

"Defendant further avers that after plaintiff returned to her said home, after her absence, as aforesaid, the friendly relations existing between plaintiff and defendant continued; that said friendly relations were such that defendant spent large sums of money in entertaining plaintiff and the members of her family, and spent large sums of money in the purchase of costly gifts, presented by defendant to plaintiff and her said family, and defendant has in such manner expended money largely in excess of the amount demanded by plaintiff.

"Defendant further says that had plaintiff in any manner indicated to him that she expected compensation for the food, attendance and necessities furnished defendant, defendant would not have accepted the said invitation, but such invitation was accepted upon the understanding that defendant was to become a guest of plaintiff, in such manner as is usual among persons of social position of plaintiff and defendant.

"Wherefore, defendant prays that plaintiff take nothing by her said action, and that he have his costs herein.

**Friday Morning Club.**  
An unusually large number of members and friends were present at the regular meeting of the Friday Morning Club yesterday morning. Robert N. Bull was the speaker of the day. The subject of his paper was "The Proposed Amendment to the Constitution of California," which was ably discussed. He showed a thorough knowledge of the subject, and imparted to his hearers the pertinent facts in question. He believed in the establishment of high schools in the country districts.

Mr. Bull's talk was altogether on the exalted plane, and he dwelt at length on each one separately. His address was highly instructive, and the enthusiastic manner in which he was greeted proved conclusively that a large proportion of the women present were interested in the most important issues of the day. An interesting discussion, in which twenty or more members participated, followed.

## The largest Hat and Furnishing Goods Store in Los Angeles.

## Have You Registered?

A row that you won't pay any man two prices for a hat just because its got some name in the crown instead of its own! Don't let anybody bleed you unless it's your doctor. We sell silver-wood hats. They're all marked "Silver-wood." We say they're all right and if one out of one thousand happens to go back on somebody, we are HERE to make it good. Our best hats are \$3.00. They're made for us by John B. Stetson and Henry Roselos, two of this country's best makers; there are no better hats shown in Los Angeles. These same makers make the same kinds of hats for other merchants. They get \$4.00 and \$5.00 for them. That doesn't look reasonable, does it? The line isn't reasonable—it's HIGH—but they get it. Why? Because you would rather pay \$1.00 or \$2.00 more and have the bill sent to the store the next month. It seems easier to pay \$5.00 two weeks from now than \$3.00 today, but it isn't. Our hats are \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00. Come in and take a look; a looker today is a buyer later on.

Open till 11 o'clock tonight.



## NEW BOOKS.

THE HOUSE OF HIDDEN TREASURES, by Maxell Gray, \$1.50  
A GREAT LOVE, by Clara Louise Burnham, \$1.25

For sale at

## PARKER'S

246 SOUTH BROADWAY.  
(Near Public Library.)

The largest, most varied and most complete stock of books west of Chicago



Eyes bother you? It's no trifling matter—you can't afford to dally with them. I'll tell you quick, scientifically what is the matter with them.

J. P. DELANY, EXPERT OPTICIAN

Graduate N. Y. Ophthalmic College.  
First Quality Crystal Lenses \$1.00.

Removal Sale 14c

For 3-lb. cans of Gold Medal Oysters; 25c every 100.

Sardines 3 1/2c and put in oil, too.

Salad Oil 19c and in quart bottles.

Pineapple Preserves 22c

Swiss Cheese, 15c lb. now.

WM. CLINE

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER,

142-144 N. Spring St.

Telephone Main 55

AT THE

## Eclipse Millinery,

337 South Spring Street.

Between Third and Fourth.

## Special Today,

Until 9:30 Tonight.

The most magnificent line of VELVET HATS ever shown in Los Angeles at the extremely low price of..... \$5.00

Particular attention is also called to a choice and select line of Ladies' Trimmings.

Trimmed Turbans

Specially reduced in price for today only. There are not enough to last over one Saturday's selling, so make sure of procuring one; they are only..... \$3.50

A. J. GOLDSCHMIDT, Prop.

Fire Arms

And Ammunition in an elaborate assortment—only the best—modern and undepreciated, "cause you.....

"BUY OF THE MAKER."

W. H. HOGUE, 128-32 S. MAIN.

Refiners and Assayers.

Bullion buyers to any amount. Mint prices for gold.

Wm. T. Smith & Co.,

Grand Floor, 114 N. Main St.

PERSONALLY....

As a matter of personal comfort, personal appearance and best health, you owe it to yourself to know all that Crown and Bridge work will do in replacing one or several missing teeth without the use of a plate, giving a light, cleanly, effective and perfectly natural artificial denture, and the most durable and pleasing results when properly constructed and applied.

If you don't know this my work will prove it to your satisfaction in results. In results—that's it.

Dr. E. Spiak

Spinks Block, Cor. Fifth and Hill Sts.

Telephone Brown 1375

By an agreement made early in the season with a number of eastern importers we are daily receiving, through them, the latest and most exclusive Paris Hats as soon as they arrive in New York.

This, in connection with the creations of our own work rooms, places us in a position to literally monopolize the market and exercise a controlling influence upon the

Trade in Los Angeles.

H. JEVNE

Our Confections...

Are prepared with the utmost care and skill. As a result we are building up a remarkable trade at this counter. The elements that enter into the composition of all our Candies are the very pick of the market. Quality is the first consideration; price, second. But at the same time our prices will be found to favorably compare with inferior grade candy.

208-210 S. Spring St. — Wilcox Building.

## Boston Dry Goods Store,

239 Broadway, Los Angeles.

## Millinery Department.

Extraordinary Offerings

Today.

Our Regular Army and Navy Walking Hats, season's price one dollar fifty.

now 50c each.

A special line Children's and Misses' Trimmed Hats, all the latest designs and newest colors,

from \$1.50 up.

A large variety Trimmed New York Hats, Paris Designs, regular price from seven to ten dollars,

today \$5.00 each.

Paris Imported Pattern Hats, the extreme novelties of the season, have been selling as high as forty dollars,

to close, \$15.00 each.

Special.

By an agreement made early in the season with a number of eastern importers we are daily receiving, through them, the latest and most exclusive Paris Hats as soon as they arrive in New York.

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208-210 S. Spring St. — Wilcox Building.

Buttons Again.

The latest edict from the court of fashion says "buttons again"—for Women's Shoes. Of course buttons are here—Not every one will want buttons at once. You can have your choice of the most desirable styles in either button or lace—but whatever is new and desirable you can depend on finding it here—You can also depend on our fair, low prices for Shoes of reliable quality.

For \$3 Ladies' Tan Vici Kid in lace. Black in lace or button, heavy extension winter sole, stylish last.

For \$4 Ladies' Tan Shoe in lace, of finely tanned willow calf, heavy sole, handsome coin toe.

For \$5 Ladies' Shoe of fine black Vici Kid, with nobby tip of patent leather.

L. W. GODIN, 137 S. Spring

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The much-discussed matter of disposing of the storm water on West Seventh street so as to prevent a concentration of the water on the property of W. C. Furrey and others in that locality, was again before the Board of Public Works at the regular meeting of that body yesterday. The matter was not in the hands of the board, as it had been referred to the City Engineer, but at the last meeting of the Council, by Mr. Furrey appeared and objected to any settlement of the matter along the lines proposed by the report of the

be made to have a license granted to that corner, and they represent, in addition to the prospective proprietor of the place, certain brewery interests whose influence in political affairs is considered great, have been working very quietly on the matter for some time and now they are about presenting the application upon the Board of Police Commissioners. The reason for their quiet work is that if they worked openly they would arouse such strong opposition that the members of the Police Commission would not dare to grant the license. According to persons who are in position to know, the

gery and J. W. Burns, several citizens of the county, the Republican county ticket also addressed the meeting.

Resolutions were adopted commending E. S. Field to the voters of the county for reelection as Supervisor of the Third District, and thanking him for his successful service in office. The candidacy of John Burns was condemned, his action in bolting the ticket being declared to be treachery to the party. The single tax system was also condemned as being destructive of every agricultural interest.

EASY to digest, very nourishing. Blatz Malz, 124 North Spring street.

man standing with some laundry told him to come in, and following him he did not see the laundry man resume his reading. When the Chinese man had finished, I told him that Mr. Hunter had left me \$2 to pay him. He said the bill was \$3.80, and wanted to know where Mr. Hunter was, and where he had read the laundry. I had guessed it would be pretty soon for it was getting on toward supper time. He appeared to act as if he intended to wait, and I left him and went away. "What time was it when he came?" "About 12 o'clock." "Where did he leave the wagon?" "At first when he came I didn't

"I suffered with ovarian trouble for seven years, and no doctor knew what was the matter with me. I had spent which would last for two days or more. I thought I would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I have taken seven bottles of it, and am entirely cured."—Mrs. JOHN FOREMAN, 2 N. Woodberry Ave., Baltimore, Md.

The above letter from Mrs. Foreman is only one of thousands.

**Notice.**

**SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED** in the office of the city clerk of the city of San Pedro, on or before the 15th day of November, 1888, up to the hour of 4 o'clock, for furnishing the city of San Pedro, ten or fifteen acres of water lands, situated within seven miles of San Pedro, and containing an abundance of pure soft water, suitable for all domestic purposes for said city. All proposals to give full and complete details in reference to location and elevation above tide water; and also at what depth an abundant supply of fresh water may be obtained.

All proposals to be accompanied by a certified check in 10 per cent. of the amount of said proposal, and made payable to the order of the president of the board of trustees of the city of San Pedro, who reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

J. D. GONNOR,  
City Clerk of San Pedro.

Dated at San Pedro, October 27, 1888.

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PUBLIC SERVICE.

(CONTINUED FROM TENTH PAGE.)

Sam Hunter, took him in and drove to where he said the wagon had been found. They then got out and looked around, and getting into the rig again we drove to Joe's house. I think George Hunter was there, and after looking about the house, Martin Aguirre went underneath the house. Joe, George and Aguirre spoke to one another in Spanish. Martin was underneath a few minutes, and when he came out he handed something to Mr. Clement. He asked me to come along, and we went inside. He saw the oil spot, and asked me about it, and I told him. He said several things to me, among others that he thought I knew something about the murder. I told him that I didn't know there had been a murder. He showed me a shirt in my room—I don't know where he found it—and asked if it was mine, and I told him that it was. He said there was blood on it, and I said I couldn't imagine how there could be blood. He sneered as he took it and gave it to Clement. I was frightened. I didn't know either Aguirre or Clement. After looking around we all got into the carriage and drove to Al Barrell's. Joe Hunter got out, and I was going to get out then, but Aguirre pulled me back and said I had better remain and go along with them. I said I didn't want to go, and was going back to Joe's. He said that I had better go along with them anyway. I was nervous and frightened.

"After you left to go to Glendale, did you ever see that Chinaman again?"

"No, sir."

"Did you ever see him again, alive or dead?"

"No, sir."

"Were you ever under the house?"

"I think I once went underneath to get some eggs, but I never saw the Chinaman."

"You know what kind of a place it is behind the chimney?"

"No, sir, I don't; I never saw the chimney."

"Do you remember what became of the two shells that you did not use?"

"I shot twice, reloaded and walked around, and not getting another shot went in the house. Before entering, however, I broke the gun and took the shells out, and I put them on the kitchen table."

"Did you ever see them after that?"

"No, sir."

"Did he ever do any work for you?"

"No, sir."

"Did you ever have any difficulty or dispute with him?"

"No, sir."

"That ended the direct examination of the defendant, and Mr. McComas began his cross-examination in a bantering vein.

"Mr. Clark," he inquired with a dubious meaning in his voice, "did you get the butter at Glendale?"

"Yes, sir," replied the defendant.

"How much did you pay for it?"

"Thirty cents."

"Who did you get it from?"

"I don't remember, but one of the men in the store served me."

"That's where you did your trading, wasn't it?"

"No, sir, it was not."

"You had been there very frequently, hadn't you?"

"Perhaps half a dozen times."

"And on returning you had to go out of your way to the river?"

"A little bit."

"You had some washing in the laundry that was brought home that day, hadn't you?"

"No, sir; I had my washing done in town."

"Didn't Mrs. Alice do your laundry?"

"She may have done some."

"Did you go through Tropico to Glendale?"

"Yes, sir."

"How far was Tropico from Joe Hunter's?"

"About one mile nearer the house."

"Then why didn't you stop at Tropico to get the butter?"

"I didn't know there was a store there."

"Or at Verdugo; that was nearer still."

"I didn't know about a store there, either."

"Well, you had been circulating around there for about three months, hadn't you?"

"Not quite three months. I went once with Miss Alice to the Verdugo post-office while she went inside to get her letters."

"How far were you from the school-house when you met Miss Peck?"

"About a quarter of a mile."

"You know her very well?"

"Yes, sir."

"She was the lady you were going to marry, wasn't she?"

"Yes, sir."

Continuing, the defendant again went over the facts previously stated regarding the trial, the shooting at Hunter's house, and about the spilling of the oil when Clark and Joe Hunter returned to the latter's house.

"Did the mother tell you whether you much that night?" resumed Mr. McComas facetiously.

"I don't remember that they did," the witness replied.

"They didn't disturb your slumbers that night?"

"No, sir."

"Now, didn't you get up at 5 o'clock in the morning and go down to Al Barrell's and ask for some whisky, saying that the mosquitoes had bothered you so much that you hadn't been able to sleep?"

"No, sir, I did not."

"You went down at 5 o'clock, though?"

"I think not; it was, I imagine, about 6 o'clock."

"You stated that you did not cut any matting?"

"Yes, sir, I did."

"And you had no razor and didn't shave?"

"No, I don't shave myself, and have not since being in California."

"And you didn't have a razor?"

"No—I didn't have a razor," with the accent strong upon the personal pronoun.

"There was a razor in your room on that Tuesday?"

"As to that, I don't know."

"Well, if you had a bureau in your room, you would know what was in it or on it, wouldn't you?"

"Others used the bureau, and I don't know what they may have had."

"Where were you when you heard Joe Hunter telephone to the Sheriff's office?"

"I was in the bar of Hoffman's saloon."

"You slept between sheets, didn't you?" inquired Mr. McComas, as he opened up a new line of investigation.

"Yes, sir."

"I suppose you noticed that your sheets were missing on Tuesday night?"

"No, sir, I didn't."

"Were you drunk?"

"No, sir."

"You had always slept between sheets, hadn't you?"

"Yes, sir."

"You slept between sheets on Monday night, did you?"

"Yes, sir."

"And on Tuesday night?"

"I slept with the sheets on that night also."

Jumping to the time when the defendant was taken by the officers in the carriage to Al Barrell's saloon, counsel tried to entangle the witness in his account of the attempt he made to leave the vehicle when Aguirre pulled him back and said he must go with them. As a matter of fact, Clark was then under arrest, although he did not know it. That the witness was permitted to leave the stand, after having been on the rack for three hours.

Then Mr. Shinn betrayed a consuming curiosity to know about the exhibits in

the case, and particularly about a missing sheet, there being only one sheet in court. Sheriff Burr said he saw two sheets taken from around Wong Sing's body. Clements said the same, but Constable Begay, who arrested the defendant and was put forward by the prosecution as an authority on the exhibits in court, said that the Chinaman had only one sheet about him.

**THE REBUTTAL TESTIMONY.**

The defense rested, and Aurelian Le Page was the first witness recalled by the prosecution in rebuttal. He stated that on Thursday he went with four men out close to Joe Hunter's house for the purpose of showing them the scene, but that he had seen the Chinaman's wagon and the defendant.

The defense protested against such testimony being admitted, and what Le Page said was ordered stricken out, and the witness was retired.

Con B. Mallory, a deputy sheriff and detective attached to the District Attorney's office, stated that he was one of the four persons who went on Thursday to make an observation from the rock referred to by Le Page. Seated on the rock, he said, he could see the door and northwest corner of Joe Hunter's house with distinctness. He went on to describe another rock lying north of the house, and pointed out, and from that point the rear portion of Hunter's house could not be seen. Witness stated that he stepped the distance because he had not a tape measure with him.

Deputy Sheriff Frank Davis also testified to having gone with Con Mallory, Le Page, Wong Fong and Deputy Sheriff Woodward on Thursday to find a certain rock. He corroborated the previous witness in stating what could be seen, but contradicted him flatly in one particular. Witness said that he saw the distance stepped and either Mallory or Woodward had a tape measure, but they didn't measure from the trail between Joe and George Hunter's houses because they had not thought it was necessary.

The boy Le Page's testimony being thus to some extent rehabilitated, Al Barrell was called, not so much to negative any open contention, but just to show that although he was not far from home when the murder was said to have been committed, he could be accounted for. The witness said that Joe Hunter reached his place about 6 o'clock on the Tuesday evening, and remained there until about 7:30. He came from the direction of the city and from East Los Angeles to his house is about two and a half miles.

On cross-examination Barrell stated that he had known Joe Hunter for six or eight years, but he did not exactly regard him as a patron or a friend. He didn't have any particular friendship for him, and didn't believe Joe Hunter had much to do with the murder. About 5 o'clock on Wednesday morning the witness stated that the defendant came to the saloon, and said he wanted some whisky; that the mosquitoes had bothered him so that he could not sleep. He remembered the time because the defendant had awakened him.

J. H. Hoffman, proprietor of the roadhouse close to Al Barrell's, was called to controvert the claim of the defendant that he was present when Joe Hunter sent a telephone message to the Sheriff's office. Mr. McComas wanted to show that Joe Hunter never did send the message himself, although a message was sent for him. This testimony was not allowed to go in, however, as not being rebuttal. The witness stated that on the Tuesday night he saw Joe Hunter at about 7 o'clock, he being at that time in witness' place of business.

At this point the prosecution rested, and the prolonged investigation was at an end, so far as the testimony was concerned. Mr. McComas proceeded at once to address the jury in the opening argument for the prosecution. It was merely a résumé of the principal facts and upon its conclusion an adjournment was taken until this morning.

**THE MARION DIVORCE.**

Judge Shaw Awards Custody of the Child to the Father.

There was an affecting scene in Department Five of the Superior Court yesterday when Judge Shaw made an order awarding the custody of the four-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Marion to the father absolutely, pending the outcome of the divorce proceedings now before the court.

"Oh, my child, my darling child, they have taken my baby away from me!" wailed the mother as she made a rush for the little boy with outstretched arms. So hysterical did she become that Judge Shaw ordered her to leave the courtroom. Amid her lamentations Deputy Sheriff Martin Aguirre led her away, while the husband, elated over his victory, went off in another direction with his little son.

In the preliminary stages of the contest between Mr. and Mrs. Marion, in which each is seeking a decree of divorce from the other, on the grounds of cruelty, the custody of the child was awarded to the father without any bar to the mother seeing the little fellow when she so desired. Marion placed the lad in custody of the sisters at the home of the Guardian Angel during the daytime while he was at his work. Mrs. Marion, profiting by this arrangement, went to the home last Wednesday and demanded the privilege of seeing the boy, alleging that she had an order of the court to be allowed to do so. The sisters told her that the child was suffering from a cold and could not be taken from the house. She was allowed to sit on the porch with the child, however, while one of the sisters hovered near. Mrs. Marion did not like this espionage, so she took the boy by the hand and started to walk down the path toward the street. Several of the sisters interfered and a collision between Mrs. Marion and the nuns resulted. The upshot was that Sister Mary Clare and Mrs. Marion were arrested for battery. Mrs. Marion got away with the child, however. She kept the boy until the little fellow was shown from her again by the Sheriff.

Both parents and their respective lawyers were in court yesterday to show which parent was better fitted to take care of the child during the pendency of the divorce proceedings. Mrs. Marion, dressed in deep mourning for a younger child which died a few months ago, was accompanied by a bevy of female friends and relatives. Mr. Marion sat apart by himself, viewing the proceedings without betraying any outward signs of emotion. The little boy, neatly attired and wearing a Clare and Neff badge, looked quite contented and happy by the side of Mrs. Settle, matron of the County Jail, who had temporary charge of him.

The judge examined to prove the fitness of both parents to prove possession of the boy. Among others put on the stand in favor of the father was family physician Dr. Martin, who before their separation, to prove that Mrs. Marion was not a tidy woman in the care of children; that her rooms during the visits of the doctor were littered with soiled linen, etc. This line of testimony did not develop much to the disadvantage of Mrs. Marion, however.

Sister Mary Clare and another nun testified as to the abduction of the boy from the home of the Guardian Angel by violent means.

Attorney Clinton Wilson made a brief argument in behalf of the father, and E. E. Bowers, Esq., spoke as briefly for the mother.

Judge Shaw then made an order awarding the custody of the child to the father absolutely, until the final settlement of the case, which he set for trial November 19.

The judge prefaced the order with the remark that Mrs. Marion had not shown that she was the best person in the world to have custody of her child. She had shown her unworthiness by abducting the boy when she had the

privilege of seeing him, and the court did not propose to take any more chances to have him abducted again if she were allowed to visit him. Therefore the court's order would absolutely forbid her to see the child while the father had custody. The judge added: "In cases of this kind, generally, it is not so much the love of either parent for the child as the hate of the parents for each other that is at the bottom of the controversy. That seems to be the trouble in this case."

After the judge had finished his roast of the contending parents and made the order he retired to his chambers. Then ensued the scene mentioned. Mrs. Marion at first seemed dazed by the order of the court and started to move away without taking farewell of her child. She had already reached the door when she turned back. The father had by this time taken possession of his offspring and was affectionately fondling the little fellow when the mother came toward him with outstretched arms and a despairing cry. The boy appeared to be afraid of her and clung to his father's knees. Judge Shaw hearing the commotion in his chamber came out and ordered the woman to leave the courtroom at once, assuring her, however, that the order was only temporary.

**AN INCIPIENT ROW.**

**Two Attorneys Wag Fingers, but No More.**

Just before court reconvened after the noon recess yesterday in Department One, there was a little passage at arms between two attorneys that for a moment promised pleasant diversion.

Attorney C. N. Wilson, who is associate counsel with Mr. McComas in the Clark murder trial, was seated in place perusing a typewritten document, when Attorney H. S. Rollins approached, and the latter, after speaking for a moment or two to Mr. Wilson, snatched the document he held in his hands. Next moment both of the legal lights were wagging their fingers in each other's faces. Mr. Wilson said Mr. Rollins dared not do such a thing outside the courtroom, and Mr. Rollins wouldn't take the dare. He gracefully made his way closely followed by Mr. Wilson, and both attorneys were on the point of passing from the finger wagging stage to one more acutely indicative of strained relations when Con Mallory, the detective of the District Attorney's department, appeared upon the scene and stopped further trouble.

It appeared that Mr. Rollins had prepared a report to be presented to the court in the case of Gardner against Stearns, and had given the copy to Mr. Wilson, who is attorney on the other side in the case simply for his personal use. But Mr. Wilson maintained that the document was not a copy, but the original, and that he merely grabbed it in order to make further amendments, a thing he had no right to do after service had been made.

**A COSTLY MISTAKE.**

**A Case After Final Decision Has to Be Retried.**

Some time ago in Department Four the plaintiff in the suit of Hartenstein against De Turk won judgment for a protracted trial in which the issues raised were of a peculiar character. The plaintiff contended that De Turk had boarded with him and paid for some years, and that in many transactions he had acted as De Turk's agent. No money payment was made by De Turk by way of compensation for the indebtedness thus incurred, but a house and lot on Pearl street had been verbally given to wipe out the score. Hartenstein then brought suit in which he contended had been built especially for him, but he never could get De Turk to give him a deed to the property. De Turk had included it with certain other properties that he had mortgaged. When Hartenstein discovered just where he actually stood he brought suit to compel De Turk to make a deed to him of the property, and won a judgment.

Since findings and judgment were entered, it has been discovered that the property in dispute was wrongly described in the complaint, and it was yesterday stipulated by counsel on either side that the findings and judgment should be set aside. Now the case will have to be reset for trial.

**PLOTSAM AND JETSAM.**

**Miscellaneous "Driftwood" Thrown into the Court.**

**UNDER THE FLAG.** William Mason, a native of Scotland, was yesterday admitted to citizenship by Judge Shaw, upon making proof as to eligibility, and taking the oath.

**A TINY MURDERER.** It seemed odd to see a tiny dot of a boy arraigned yesterday in Department Five on the charge of murder. It was Richard Machado, the lad who on September 10 shot Eddie Schmidt at San Pedro. Machado contended that he shot his companion accidentally, but there were some suspicious circumstances in the case, and the defendant was held. He will plead on the 31st.

**A NEW RAILWAY.** The Ferris and Lake View Railway Company yesterday filed incorporation papers with a capital stock of \$30,000, divided into 300 shares, of which amount \$15,000 has been subscribed. The purpose of the corporation is to construct a standard-gauge road from Ferris in a northeast direction to Lakeview, the estimated length of the road to be 10 miles. The directors named are: W. C. Nevin, G. Holterhoff, E. Chambers, H. J. Stevens and A. P. Maginnis.

**TWO INSANES EXAMINED.** George Herbert was examined for insanity yesterday before Judge Allen by Drs. Bates and Davidson. The symptoms presented by the patient were fully accounted for by the morphia habit that he had contracted, and he was discharged. Daniel Hicks, an unfortunate man who has been working as a salesman in a Broadway store, was also examined in the same department. The patient has been a victim of hallucinations, and imagines that an iron band is encircling his head. He was ordered committed to Highland.

**FROM SAN PEDRO.** J. Anderson, who was charged before the San Pedro justice with an assault with a dangerous weapon upon a companion, and had his case dismissed, was arraigned before Justice Young yesterday on the same charge. He had his bail fixed at \$1000, and the examination set for Monday.

**BOTH TURNED LOOSE.** The two men, Heaney and McIntyre, arrested by Deputy Constable Nugent on the charge of burglary, had their case dismissed in the Towns Court yesterday, on motion of Deputy District Attorney Willis. It was represented that the evidence did not sustain the charge preferred.

**SUBSTITUTION MADE.** In the suit of the Long Beach School District against Theodore East, in Department Three, George W. Welder was yesterday substituted as receiver in the place of Charles H. Carey.

**PLAIN DESERTION.** A. J. Babb was yesterday granted a decree by Judge Van Dyke, divorcing him from Minnie S. Babb, on the ground of desertion.

**FATALITIES FOR TEXANS.** ST. LOUIS, Oct. 28.—A special to the Post-Dispatch from Sherman, Tex., says that in a disastrous fire at Corsicana today William Johnson and two children were burned to death. W. M. Leonard, son of E. E. Leonard of Birmingham, Ala., was dashed to pieces by the wheel of an engine at Granger, Tex., today.

## DOING GREAT WORK.

Use of Paine's Celery Compound in the Philadelphia W.C.A.



The magnificent building at the corner of Eighteenth and Arch streets, Philadelphia, is a monument that tells what a great charity is the Women's Christian Association of the Quaker City.

The superintendent of the W. C. A. home is the accomplished woman whose portrait is printed here, Miss Katherine Kennedy. What she has done and what she is doing for the benefit of other women commands the highest respect and admiration.

In all other institutions of this kind more attention is given each year to the laws of health and right living, physically as well as morally. The health of communities is more and more frequently a subject of attention from clergymen and teachers. An ailing, nervous man or woman finds it more difficult to be hopeful and cheerful and good than a well one.

Writing to the Wells & Richardson Company, who are the proprietors of the most wonderful of all remedies for the cure of diseases that arise from the impairment of the nervous system, Paine's celery compound, Miss Kennedy, in the course of her letter, referring to the use of Paine's celery compound among the members of the W.C.A., says that "those who have been taking it feel greatly benefited, and desire to continue the use of it." So many women run down in health by overwork, or what is worse, overworry, have been restored to perfect health by Paine's celery compound, that its record in the Philadelphia home has been duplicated in every large city in the Union. Grateful testimonials of this character have been published from time to time in these columns, and it is a fact that no other remedy has ever received a hundredth of the hearty blessings that the managers of public institutions have openly accorded to Paine's celery compound.

The widespread use of Paine's celery compound in the most intelligent, careful homes, and among the most thoughtful portions of every community, has grown up by just this sort of personal guarantee, by word of mouth, from persons made strong and well to others needing exactly the kind of invigoration and toning up that Paine's celery compound gives.

In time of great mental strain, when other remedies only muddle and muddle, Paine's celery compound feeds the hard-pressed nerves.

Paine's celery compound purifies the blood of all bad humors, and cures the many ailments from this familiar cause.

A vast proportion of all diseases are preventable. Paine's celery compound, a remedy prescribed by medical men to stop the progress of disorders, due to poor blood and badly-nourished nerves.

Sold by Sale & Son Drug Company.



10 Styles 10 Dollars

Extra special for today only. Ten different styles of single and double-breasted sack suits--nobby brown mixed cheviots made by first-class makers and actually worth \$15 of any man's money--for one day at \$10. Every suit guaranteed to give satisfaction in every way.

These goods are not on display in our windows, but our salesmen will be glad to show them to you.

Our Boys' Department has been primed up with many new novelties just received during the past ten days.

**London Clothing Co.**

117, 119, 121, 123, 125 North Spring Street, S. W. Corner Franklin. HARRIS & FRANK, Proprietors.

## HERE IS NO NEED OF PAYING HIGH PRICES

For Dental work. Our modern methods enable us to do the very best of Dental work of all kinds without pain at prices within the reach of all.

Extracting with our local anesthetic	50
Cleaning Teeth	50 up
Pure Gold Fillings	\$1.00 up
All other Fillings	50 up
Solid 22 Karat Gold Crowns (reinforced)	\$2.00 up
Porcelain Crowns	\$2.50 up
Partial Rubber Plates	\$3.00 up
Gold or Porcelain Bridge Work	\$8.00 up
Full Set of Teeth on Rubber	\$5.00 up

All our work guaranteed to be the very best.

**SCHIFFMAN DENTAL CO.,**  
Rooms 20 to 26, 107 North Spring St.

**Removal Notice—Dr. T. J. P. O'Brien** The Successful Specialist. Will locate permanently on Nov. 1 at 542 S. Hill St.

DR. O'BRIEN'S splendid success in the cure of chronic and complicated diseases has forced him to seek larger quarters to meet the requirements of increasing business. With every modern facility to assist him in his work this able specialist can offer to chronic sufferers all the benefits of the latest and most successful treatment that LEGITIMATE SPECIALISM has devised for the cure of catarrh and chronic disease. Consultation and Examination Free. 316 S. Broadway until Nov. 1. Hours, 9 to 4 daily.

**Lost Strength Restored** "Quipien's" this great Vegetable Food will quickly cure all nervous diseases—Insomnia, Spasmodic, Rheumatism, Pains in Back, Stomach, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Headache, Varicose and Constipation. Cleanses the liver, kidneys and urinary organs of all impurities. Strengthens and restores small weak organs. \$1.00 a box, 6 for \$5.00. Guaranteed to cure. Send for free circular and 5000 testimonials. BAKER BROS. CO., San Francisco, Cal. For sale by O.F. & V. HAYES DRUG, CON. E. corner Fourth and Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal.

**BEFORE AND AFTER.**

**CONSUMPTION CURED.** Dr. W. Harrison Ballard, 415 1/2 S. Spring St.

SEND FOR COPYRIGHTED "TREATISE ON CONSUMPTION."

For the BEST Furniture, Carpets & Draperies go to **BARKER BROS. NEW STORE** 420-424 SOUTH SPRING STREET

**Southern California Furniture Co.** 312-314 SOUTH BROADWAY.

**H. J. WHITLEY, TRUSSES.** JEWELER, 111 North Spring Street. Elastic Hosiery and Abdominal Support. Elastic and made to measure. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

**W. W. Sweeney.** Formerly of Hill & Sweeney, 313 S. Spring St. Lady Attendant. Under Ramona Hotel.

## THE REOPENING

Of our China Store will take place today (Saturday) and we hope to accommodate the many persons who were disappointed in not being able to buy goods at the Great Auction. The Retiring Sale will go on as heretofore, but with added interest. From

## TODAY

to the end of the sale great reductions in all departments will be made. We still have most of our fall shipments of Haviland China, Cut Glass, Art Goods, Bohemian Glass, etc. Today the

**.. GIFT ..**

of a beautiful Cobalt Blue and Gold Cup and Saucer is presented with every cash purchase of 25c or more. All are invited to make a thorough examination of our stock and enjoy the new display arrangements. Store open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. today.

**Parmelee's Retiring Sale**

232-234 S. Spring St.

**DO YOU KNOW**

That we carry the best line of Mathematical Instruments, Architects' and Surveyors' Supplies? For five years we have supplied both the city and county of Los Angeles with these goods. Why cannot we supply you?

**GRIMES-STASSFORTH STATIONERY CO.,** 306 S. SPRING ST., OPPOSITE RAMONA HOTEL.

**CHEAPER THAN DIRT.** **PENRINE** **D.D. WHITNEY TRUNK FACTORY** **REPAIRING**

423 S. Spring, Los Angeles.











## City Briefs.

Hand, McNally's standard war atlas, size 14x22 inches, sixteen full-page maps, with index, given free with a prepaid three months' subscription. The Times. The sale at 40 cents each.

Free, Free today—Mrs. N. Howell will give away free with every \$2 purchase a pair of fine doll shoes. Howell Shoe Store, No. 111 South Spring street.

First Baptist Church, No. 727 South Flower street, Sunday services. Rev. Joseph Simile will preach at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. All welcome.

Rev. A. C. Smith will speak at Y.W.C.A. gospel service 4:15 p.m. Sunday. Music by C. E. Quartette of Immanuel Church.

Special—Finest cabinet photos reduced to \$1 and \$1.75 per dozen. Sunbeam, No. 226 South Main street.

For Supervisor, Third Supervisor District, John Burns, Independent candidate.

Dr. Wernigh has removed his office to Stimson block, rooms 209, 210.

There is an undelivered telegram at the Western Union Telegraph Company's office for Theodore Paulsen.

S. C. Drake has been appointed to fill the place in the office of the water company, made vacant by the death of W. J. Brodick.

The First Ward Republican Club met at Banquet hall last evening with 250 people present. E. E. Selph and J. W. Hart were the speakers.

T. L. Tally is another victim of the hitching ordinance. He hitched too long on Hill street yesterday afternoon and was arrested by Officer Murray.

A slant-eyed son of the Celestial Empire named Ah Fan, was run in by officers Lehnhausen and Sparks yesterday for disturbing the peace.

Jerry Quinlan, an expressman, was arrested yesterday on complaint of John Forbes for disturbing the peace. Quinlan will tell all about it in the Police Court today.

Frank Halbert and C. F. Parker imbibed too much South Main street liquor last night and got run in by Officer Shanahan, Halbert for being drunk and Parker for battery.

An amended complaint was filed in Justice Owens' court yesterday against T. P. Hill, charged with embezzling \$42 from the Troy Laundry, for which he is a licensed driver.

Invitations are out for a reception which will be tendered next Monday evening at the Jonathan Club to Capt. Frank C. Franks of Roosevelt's Rough Riders, and the officers of the Seventh Regiment.

Frank Criss, a member of Santa Paula company, Seventh Regiment, was stricken with typhoid fever at the home of a friend, at No. 355 South Broadway, yesterday morning. He was taken to the Sisters' hospital.

The Board of Education met in an adjourned session at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon to dispose of several minor contracts not taken up at the last meeting, and to discuss the schedule for the special teachers at the High School.

Owing to the threatening character of the weather last Sunday, the address by the Hon. Enoch Knight on "Our English Family," was postponed to the present Sunday night, October 30, at 7:30 o'clock, in the hall of the Unity, corner Third and Hill streets.

Francisco Reze and William Derrill, who were sentenced to six months' imprisonment for smuggling in Chinese, were yesterday transferred from the local County Jail to the jail at San Diego at their personal request. The prisoners are residents of San Diego.

The nine-year-old son of Rodrick McLeor, while returning from school yesterday afternoon, attempted to cross at the corner of Spring and Seventh streets in front of the car of a street car. He was knocked down, his head striking the curb. A deep cut was made in his head, and it is feared that he also sustained concussion of the brain. Dr. Montgomery attended the lad.

## RETURNED GOLD-HUNTER.

Ex-Policeman Long Back from the Cariboo Country.

Another ex-policeman has returned from a prospecting tour in British America. His name, like his journey, is Miles Long. Like most of his predecessors the returned adventurer is long on experience and short on gold. Long left Los Angeles last February in company with J. J. Shields, also a former policeman, E. C. Peck and F. E. Troupe. Their destination was the headwaters of the Finley River, hither to practically an unexplored section of country. It is in this region that the Cariboo district in the northern part of British Columbia.

They got along with few mishaps until they reached Sun and Lake near the headwaters of the Fraser River, where Long was stricken with mountain fever. Being unable to proceed further, with the rest of the party, Miles hired an Indian boatman to take him down the river 130 miles in a canoe to Quesnelle, where he was able to get medical aid.

Long was laid up six weeks with the fever. He outlived another man to take his place in the original party, while he was convalescing. The expedition, however, subsequently broke up. Peck and Troupe taking the back trail and Shields going on to Fort Graham on the Finley River, where he is expected to work his way "cross country" to the Yukon.

After recovering his health, Long secured a fresh outfit and started out on a new expedition. About eighty miles from Quesnelle he discovered what he considers good hydraulic territory. He located some claims, but being unprepared for winter, he left before cold weather came on, and returned to Los Angeles. He expects to remain here this winter, and his family and return to his claims with a few friends in the spring, when he hopes to make his stake.

Long is looking well considering his long illness and the many hardships he passed through.

At New York Hotels.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] H. Hamburg is at the St. Denis; H. C. Dickson at the Grand Union; Rev. B. W. R. Taylor at the Marlborough; W. R. Bacon at the Sinclair.

"Pure and Sure."

Cleveland's BAKING POWDER.

"Pure and Sure."

Cleveland's BAKING POWDER.

"Pure and Sure."

Cleveland's BAKING POWDER.

"Pure and Sure."

Cleveland's BAKING POWDER.

"Pure and Sure."

Cleveland's BAKING POWDER.

## ROXAL Baking Powder

Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.

## TONIGHT'S BIG MEETING.

HON. WEBSTER DAVIS TO ADDRESS REPUBLICANS.

He is Assistant Secretary of Interior and Has a National Reputation as an Orator—Reception This Afternoon at the Chamber of Commerce.

What is almost certain to be one of the largest meetings of the campaign in point of attendance and in the excellence of the speeches will be held to-night at the Chamber of Commerce.

Webster Davis, Assistant Secretary of the Interior, will address the Republicans of Los Angeles. Mr. Davis has a national reputation as an orator. He was Mayor of Kansas City prior to the election of President McKinley, and did such yeoman service for the party.

Impossible for R. N. Smith, Hon. 35-cent Charles & Sanborn Coffee, our very best that can be produced. We sole agents for the above brands and sell them either retail or wholesale. Wholesale prices given on application.

Mr. Davis will arrive here from the north at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon, and will be met at the Arcade Depot by a committee from the Chamber of Commerce. He will be escorted to the directors' room of the chamber, where an informal reception will be tendered to him. In the evening he will be escorted to the Pavilion from the hotel by the Army and Navy League. There will be no parade, however.

Thaddeus Braden, W. Lee, of the County Central Committee, will open the meeting and will introduce the chairman of the evening, Hon. E. A. McCreery. The following have been selected to act as vice-presidents for the evening:

Hon. Waldo M. York, Hon. Lucien Shaw, Hon. N. Smith, Hon. M. T. Allen, J. W. McKinley, Lewis T. Fred, W. Wood, Wilbur O. Dow, M. H. Weir, C. E. Slosson, W. H. Schureman, Leon P. Moss, Will Knippenberg, George I. Cochran, Luther G. Brown, Thomas Hughes, J. W. Long, W. P. L. Stafford, D. G. Holt, W. H. Davis, H. C. Hubbard, J. H. Kingsley, F. Steadman, O. T. Johnson, E. P. Casterline, George P. Adams, Curtis D. Warren, Warren Gillespie, W. F. Parker, Frank P. Felt, H. O. O'Connell, Ben. R. P. Johnson, Hon. H. B. Markham, Roy James McLachlan, Rev. L. P. Crawford, John Wasson, Stoddard Jess, M. H. Hassell, L. E. Mosecution, Hon. G. E. Pillsbury, D. W. Field, P. Hon. S. O. Houghton, Hon. H. T. Lee, Charles Cassatt, Robert Hale, Charles Webb, Charles L. Batches, Rev. W. Hyatt, W. A. Barker, Hon. John D. Works, Hon. H. C. Gooding, Col. L. F. Eagers, W. H. Dickinson, E. E. Selph, Byron O. Oliver, Albert Dole, Walter A. Lewis, R. H. F. Varie, W. J. Arthur, Charles von der Kullen, W. J. Threlk, Charles H. McFarland, W. E. Dunn, Henry J. Chapman, Frank Gibson, W. C. Patterson, Col. J. M. C. Marble, George L. Cole, M. L. Moore, L. A. Graft, L. A. Grant, A. W. Kinney, A. B. Chas. Lewis, E. J. Stewart, W. Burnham, Harry Siegel, Charles H. Toll, Herman Silver, L. F. Vetter, Fred L. Baker, E. L. Blanchard, Z. D. Matthews, Fred E. Anderson, R. W. Key, Will A. Knights, Hon. Will A. Harris, Wesley Clark, Gilbert E. Overton, E. P. Bryan, Col. John Norton, Hon. W. A. Cheney, W. J. Hunsaker, Dr. H. Newmark, J. J. Neimore, John W. Fowler, J. A. Jackson, James A. Alexander, Rev. S. W. Hawkins, Thomas Pascoe, J. E. Bushnell, E. Lewis, Martin Wetzel, C. E. Donnat, H. Jevne, Gen. Charles Forman, John F. Francis, D. P. Hatch, A. A. Graves, J. H. Shanklin, H. W. O'Melveny, Kaaspare Cole, J. M. Elliott, Dr. Carl Kurtz, George J. Denis, James Castruccio, Thomas E. Rowan, Richard Eagan, Col. J. B. Neville, Charles Monroe, J. J. Castille, Ernest May, Robert McGavin, W. C. Furrer, G. P. Philbs, Col. E. J. Ensign, Hon. Charles Silent, J. W. Vaughn, W. B. Cochran, Lieut. Charles J. Finner, Lieut. J. D. Fredericks, Col. W. G. Schrieber, Alex McKeigan, Lester L. Robinson, M. Q. Aguirre, John A. Hermanson, George H. Bixby, R. R. Streets, James Tibbitts, Henry Henderson, Joseph F. Chambers, Thomas Strohm, W. Z. Sherer, W. A. Woods, P. Rhodes, C. F. Griffiths, E. Horn, J. J. Morton, O. E. Roberts, M. H. Chamberlin, A. L. King, Robert P. Jones, H. M. Bins, Dr. R. Knoll, Morton E. Keith, A. Young.

A Reception Committee has been selected, consisting of Carl E. McStay, chairman; Philip Kitchin, Frank Hurd, G. A. Fitch, C. J. Kubach, W. R. Sargeant, Lewis Schwaabe, E. C. Dockstader, E. Hutchinson, W. P. Jeffries, and Robert Wankowski.

## CAVITE'S REGISTRY OFFICE.

Postoffice Can Now Accept Money for Philippine Islands.

Money can now be transferred by postal order to the Philippine Islands, the central office for all the islands being at Cavite. An order to this effect was promulgated at Washington on October 21, and reached Postmaster Matthews yesterday. The circular says that a special office for Philippine Islands matter has been established at San Francisco, to be known as Military Station No. 2, where nothing but island matter will be handled. This station has facilities for the transmission of money orders and registry business, the sale of postal supplies and the receipt and disposition of mails.

It requires but a 2-cent stamp for a letter to the Philippines to any one in the employ of the United States there, from single soldiers up. But letters to civilians in the islands cost 5 cents or more, the regular foreign postage rate.

LOS ANGELES TRANSFER CO.

Will check baggage at your residence to any point. No. 213 W. First street. Tel. M. 249.

## YOUR OPPORTUNITY.

We will send sample of Smith's Dandruff Pomade to any one troubled with dandruff, eczema and itching scalp. Address Smith Bros., Fresno, Cal.

## VERXA,

CASH GROCER.

HOUSEKEEPERS INTERESTED IN WHAT TO EAT AND WHERE TO BUY, WILL FIND OUR SPECIALTY OF Eatables and OUR LOW PRICES OF GREAT INTEREST TO THEM.

5 cents pound

FOR GOOD CLEAN EGGS—Limited sale.

10 cents pound

FINE BREAKFAST BACON—One day sale.

18 cents package

VERXA SELF RAISING BUCK-WHEAT—Pancakes made from this Buckwheat will be served free today with MONOGRAM MAPLE SYRUP.

5 cents package

One Pound BAKING SODA.

11 cents pound

FRESH MADE CHOCOLATE CREAMS.

We manufacture our own candies and can furnish fresher and better for the price than usually offered.

25 cents pound

Our line of these goods cannot be duplicated, including: Walnut Creams—Almond Chocolates—and many Strawberry Creams—Pecan Chocolates—Other French Vanilla Creams—Lemon Chocolates—Bon Bons and Chocolates.

TRY A POUND AND BE CONVINCED.

## COFFEE.

We stand at the head in the coffee business. Our 28-cent Leader Coffee, our 33-cent Hoffman House Coffee, our 35-cent Charles & Sanborn Coffee, are the very best that can be produced. We sole agents for the above brands and sell them either retail or wholesale. Wholesale prices given on application.

6 cents box

FANCY ARIZONA STRAWBERRIES

2 cents pound

FINE LARGE MUSCAT AND MISSION GRAPES.

1 cents pound

CHOICE YELLOW SWEET POTATOES.

## One cent

Cup—HOFFMAN HOUSE Java and Mocha Coffee—Includes cream and sugar.

## VERXA,

VERXA CORNER.

## Pepsin Aids Digestion

That is why hot bread and biscuits made with

## DR. FOX'S

## Health

## Baking

## Powder

Are easily digested. It is a Pepsin Cream of Tartar Baking Powder

## REV. GRAY HAS RESIGNED.

St. Paul's Church to Be Converted into a Mission.

The Rev. John Gray has resigned as pastor of St. Paul's Episcopal Church and has gone to San Francisco, where he will probably accept another charge. His resignation was the result of a determination on the part of the vestry to turn St. Paul's Church into a mission, which shall be presided over by Bishop Johnson, and shall be the central mission of the diocese. This decision was reached by the vestry as early as last June, and Rev. Gray at once tendered his resignation, but his salary was continued to him up to the first of January. The report which has been circulated that Rev. Gray's resignation was a result of any friction in the church is denied by prominent members. Bishop Johnson is now in Washington, but will soon return and take charge of the mission which is to be established in St. Paul's Church.

## MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following licenses were issued yesterday from the office of the County Clerk:

Harry Blair Goodwin, a native of Ohio, aged 30 years, and a resident of San Francisco, and Cordelia Hamilton, a native of New York, aged 22 years, and a resident of Santa Monica.

Giovanni Fazzi, a native of Italy, aged 40 years, and Valentina Traversi, a native also of Italy, aged 36 years; both residents of Los Angeles.

Gilbert Sproule, a native of California, aged 25 years, and a resident of Orange, and Kittle E. Cranston, a native also of California, aged 21 years, and a resident of Long Beach.

## DEATH RECORD.

THOMPSON—In this city, October 26, 1898, Nellie Thompson, a native of Colorado, aged 30 years.

Funeral from parlors of Orr & Hines, No. 647 South Broadway, Saturday, October 27, 1898, at 11 o'clock a.m. Interment Evergreen Cemetery.

SWEET—In this city, October 28, 1898, Elden P. Sweet, aged 28 years, a native of Iowa. Funeral services at the parlors of Hines, Brothers, Sixth and Broadway, this (Saturday) afternoon at 2:30. Friends invited to attend. Interment Evergreen Cemetery. (San Bernardino papers please copy.)

McFARLAND—In this city, October 27, 1898, Owen McFarland, a native of Ireland, aged 80 years.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. P. E. Lopez, No. 505 West Washington street, at 3 o'clock today.

SALZGEBER—In this city, October 26, 1898, Mary, beloved wife of Louis Salzgeber, a native of Switzerland, aged 42 years.

Funeral Saturday, October 27, at 10 a.m., from 1009 P. Hall, No. 2204 South Main street, under the auspices of Edelweiss Rebekah Lodge, No. 67. Sisters of other lodges and acquaintances invited. (Amador, Stockton and San Francisco papers please copy.)

## SUTCH &amp; DEERING FUNERAL PARLORS.

No. 506-508 S. Broadway. Everything new and modern. Embalming a specialty. Tel. Main 666.

## Women's Shoes.

You'll find Shoes at this price in every shoe store, but in not one of them will you find such good shoes, such slightly shoes, and such enduring shoes. Ours are usual \$4.00 shoes, that's why. All styles at one price.

## Three=fifty.

Novelty Petticoats You'll have to touch to discover the difference between them and silk. Nearsilk in fancy stripes, lined with crinoline and finished with deep-corded flounce; elegant and good for \$1.50

Ladies' fine Italian cloth petticoats in metallic effects, lined through out; corded flounce. \$2.50

Women's Soft, fine Union Suits Oneita Union suits in natural gray, with just enough cotton to prevent shrinking, flat covered seams; a splendid quality for \$1.25

Chiffon A new chiffon heading; a lot of different trims from any shown in Los Angeles; a beautiful trimming in black and white on white. 25c

Art Carpets All wool, woven in one piece, hand-colored, some designs, fast colors, fringed both ends, 6 ft. wide by 9 ft. long, pretty 18 inch border all around; easily worth \$6.00; special price \$4.50

Walking Hats Very latest styles just here from New York. New shades of felt trimmed with fish net and quills. \$1.50

Special Hosiery Exactly the same grade you pay 35c for in other stores; fine finished, fast black hosiery with balbriggan soles, well spliced and very elastic. 25c

Kid Glove Regular \$1.50—\$1.75 grades of real kid skin gloves, including Perrin's Belfort and French Pique, 2 and 3-clasp, blacks, street shades and evening tints, warranted and fitted, for \$1.25

Misses' Reefers Misses' reefers in mixed cloths, black and red, and blue and black, sailor collars trimmed with plain cloth and fancy braid; sizes 6 to 12 years; special price \$2.00

Wash-day Specials If wash-day requisites are wanted you can't beat these prices: Large galvanized wash tub, 55c; Marvel clothes wringer, \$1.25; Floor mop and handle, 30c; Sqt. galvanized pail, 15c; 3-ft. wire clothes line, 30c

Children's Eiderdown Cloaks Children's Eiderdown cloaks in assorted fancy stripes collars trimmed with braid and angara, sizes, 6 months to four years; dainty and good. \$1.50

Concert Misses' Shoes. Misses' fine, bright dongola kid button shoes, made with hand-sewed extension soles, sizes 11 to 3, regular price \$3; tonight only \$2.00

Children's Shoes. Children's dongola kid and pebble goat shoes, sizes 8 to 11, 11 1/2 sizes; tonight at \$1.00

Men's Shoes. Men's calf, lace and congress shoes made with heavy extension soles on the lastest styles of last, all sizes; \$2 values; tonight at \$1.50

Cotton Blankets. 10-4 size Cotton Blankets, make excellent beds, bound both ends, pretty colored border; a good bargain at \$1.00, tonight special at 65c

Art Muslin. 1000 yards of this pretty stuff, in mill sizes, will be placed on sale tonight, assorted colors in plain effects; regular 15c quantities, tonight 5c

Bargain Corner tonight 10c Glass Spoons, 4c 10c Glass Creamers, 4c 25c Glass Celery Stands, 15c 25c Glass Fruit Stands, 15c 7c doz. Decorated Plates, 6 for 35c 3c Black Tea Pots, 15c 2c Decorated China Cracker Jars, 15c 4c Decorated China Caspadores 35c

Hose Supporters. Ladies' fancy side elastics in the new shaded silk and solid colors, metal buckles, good shape, worth 25c a pair; tonight for 15c

Oneita Union Suits. Ladies' ribbed union suits, fleece lined, Oneita style, natural gray, 7c garments; tonight at 48c

Flannelette Gowns. Ladies' flannelette gowns, fancy stripes, good width and lengths, regular 85c garments; tonight at 65c

Children's Dresses. Children's colored dresses, fancy plaid, braided yokes and lined through out, sizes 2 to 5 years, worth 75c; tonight at 48c

Drugs tonight. 35c Witch Hazel in quart bottles, 55c; California Powdered Borax, 9c; 40c Hammer Brand Beef Extract, Jar, 19c; 15c Porous Sintering Plaster; 35c Castile Soap, Anchor Brand, 2-lb. bar, 15c; 75c 4-qt. Fountain Spring, 90c; 15c Tourist Fold-up Curling Iron, 8c; 15c Boreac Acid, perfect weight, 1 lb., 85c

Hose Wrappers. 35 dozen fancy pattern print wrappers, medium and dark colors, sizes 3 to 6; regular value 15c, only one to a customer; tonight at 39c

Silk Waist and Underskirt Novelties

You'll always find the new things at Magnin's first because we have the first call on products of our own factory. After us comes the dry goods store. The newest thing we are showing are some high French Novelties in Silk Waists and Underskirts—and they are new. They are not to be matched for elegance in town. They are very moderately priced and will go quickly, so you'd best choose quickly, if at all.

McCl. Cdr.s Promptly Filled.

I. MAGNIN & CO. MANUFACTURERS. 237 S. Spring Street. MYER SIGEL, Manager.

Osteopathy Cor Tent; and Flower Sts. We Treat All Diseases.

Bumiller & Marsh, HATTERS, FURNISHERS SHIRT MAKERS, 123 South Spring Street

Q. R. DYSPESIA. Why suffer longer? Get a trial bottle of Q. R. today at Off & Vaughn's.

LISSNER & CO. Goldsmiths, Silversmiths, Opticians. 235 South Spring Street.

Standard Square Inch Tailor System of Dress Cutting. Anyone wishing to engage in a good paying business should for particulars address 447 S. Broadway, Room 2, Up stairs.

## Clothing Sale.

Since Wednesday we have been making a record for our Men's and Boys' Clothing. Two wholesale houses came to us for help in unloading surplus stock. Every garment is of the latest Fall cut and is well made. Men's suits from \$5.00 to \$15.00; Overcoats at \$6.50 and \$7.50. Every garment averages 60 cents on the dollar.

Walking Hats Very latest styles just here from New York. New shades of felt trimmed with fish net and quills. \$1.50

Special Hosiery Exactly the same grade you pay 35c for in other stores; fine finished, fast black hosiery with balbriggan soles, well spliced and very elastic. 25c

Kid Glove Regular \$1.50—\$1.75 grades of real kid skin gloves, including Perrin's Belfort and French Pique, 2 and 3-clasp, blacks, street shades and evening tints, warranted and fitted, for \$1.25

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